

*This important information about Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC ("FBS") is provided to comply with the federal securities laws. It does not create or modify any agreement, relationship or obligation between you and FBS (or your financial professional). Please consult your Fidelity account agreement for the terms and conditions that govern your relationship with us. Effective as of June 30, 2020.*

FBS is a registered broker-dealer with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Brokerage and investment advisory services and fees differ, and it is important for you to understand these differences. Free and simple tools are available to research firms and financial professionals at [Investor.gov/CRS](https://www.investor.gov/crs), which also provides educational materials about broker-dealers, investment advisers, and investing.

### **What investment services and advice can you provide me?**

FBS offers brokerage accounts and services for personal or workplace investing, including retail, retirement (including Individual Retirement Accounts (IRAs)) and cash management services (bill pay, check-writing, etc.). These accounts generally allow you to invest in mutual funds, exchange traded funds (ETFs), stocks, bonds, college savings plans and insurance products, among others. We do not limit our offerings to Fidelity funds, specific asset classes, or products that involve third-party compensation arrangements. There is no minimum investment to open an account; there are minimums to purchase some types of investments. FBS works with its affiliated clearing broker, National Financial Services LLC, along with other affiliates to provide you with these investment services. For additional information, see [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

With an FBS brokerage account, unless we agree otherwise in writing, you are solely responsible for deciding how you want to invest, monitoring your account and placing trades. FBS, either by itself or through an affiliate, can provide you with tools and information to help you make decisions and can provide you with investment recommendations for certain investments upon request. Discretionary and non-discretionary investment advisory services are provided through our affiliated investment advisers, including Fidelity Personal and Workplace Advisors (FPWA), typically for a fee, and documents describing these advisory services can be found at [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

FBS brokerage accounts are also available to you when you work with a third-party adviser such as a registered investment adviser, retirement plan administrator, bank or family office ("intermediaries"). If you open your FBS brokerage account through an intermediary, you or your intermediary will make all decisions regarding the purchase or sale of investments; FBS generally will not provide recommendations or monitor your investment decisions, or your intermediary, for you. Some intermediaries limit the investment services and products that they offer to you from the universe of investments that FBS offers. Please contact us or your intermediary for more information on the services provided, conflicts of interest, and any fees you will pay.

### **Questions you may have:**

- **Given my financial situation, should I choose a brokerage service? Why or why not?**
- **How will you choose investments to recommend to me? What is your relevant experience, including your licenses, education and other qualifications?**
- **What do these qualifications mean?**

### **What fees will I pay?**

The fees that you will pay depend on whether you work directly with FBS or through an intermediary. If you establish a retail relationship directly with FBS, there are no commissions charged on online transactions in U.S. stocks, ETFs, options, new issue bonds and CDs. Online transactions in other securities are charged a commission. Sell orders for equities are charged an activity assessment fee and options have a per-contract fee. Transactions placed over the telephone or in a branch office are charged a commission. If you open an investment advisory account with one of our affiliates, your fees will be identified in the contract and disclosure document provided by that affiliate. If you work with FBS through an intermediary, please contact your intermediary for details on the fees that you will pay for your brokerage activities. If you have established an institutional relationship with FBS, online commissions can apply. Please speak with your FBS representative.

There is no transaction fee or sales load for the purchase or sale of Fidelity's retail mutual funds. Other mutual funds either have a transaction fee or no transaction fee, and some of these funds will have sales loads. These fees can vary depending on how long you hold the fund. Holding funds for less than 60 days can result in additional trading fees. Mutual funds, ETFs and similar investment products typically charge their own separate management fees and other expenses.

You will pay fees and costs whether you make or lose money on your investments. Fees and costs will reduce any amount of money you make on your investments over time. Please make sure you

understand what fees and costs you are paying. When commissions apply, FBS has an incentive for you to trade more often and in larger amounts. Brokerage fees and costs information for different account types, products and services are available at [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

**Question you may have: Help me understand how these fees and costs might affect my investments. If I give you \$10,000 to invest, how much will go to fees and costs, and how much will be invested for me?**

**What are your legal obligations to me when providing recommendations? How else does your firm make money and what conflicts of interest do you have?**

When FBS provides you with a recommendation, we have to act in your best interest and not put our interest ahead of yours. At the same time, the way we make money creates some conflicts with your interests. You should understand and ask us about these conflicts because they can affect the recommendations we provide to you. Here are some examples to help you understand what this means.

- FBS or its affiliates typically earn more when you invest in a product that we or one of our affiliates advise, manage or sponsor, such as a Fidelity mutual fund, ETF or managed account. This creates an incentive to recommend our investment products over those offered by another company.
- FBS earns more on some third-party funds and ETFs, including through sales loads, 12b-1 fees, maintenance fees, start-up fees and infrastructure support paid by the fund, its investment advisor or an affiliate. This creates an incentive for us to recommend these products over others.
- FBS and its affiliates earn differing levels of compensation depending on the type of account you choose and services that you select. This creates an incentive for us to recommend certain account types and services over others.
- For investments that we buy from or sell to you from our own accounts on a principal basis, we earn compensation from mark-ups, mark-downs and spreads. This creates an incentive to execute trades with our own accounts rather than on the open market.

For further details on these conflicts, see [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

**Question you might have: How might your conflicts of interest affect me, and how will you address them?**

**How do your financial professionals make money?**

Our representatives work for both FBS and our affiliated investment advisor FPWA for a salary and either an annual bonus or variable compensation. They earn more from some products and services (including certain investment advisory services) than from others. Our representatives have an incentive to recommend that you select a program or product that pays them more compensation than those that pay less. For further details, see [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

**Do you or your financial professionals have legal or disciplinary history?**

Yes. Visit [Investor.gov/CRS](https://www.investor.gov/CRS) for a free and simple search tool to research us and our financial professionals.

**Questions you may have: As a financial professional, do you have any disciplinary history? For what type of conduct?**

**Additional Information:**

For more information about our brokerage and investment advisory services, or to obtain a copy of this Form CRS, or the Form CRS for FPWA, go to [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information). If you work directly with FBS, to request up-to-date information, the latest Form CRS or a hard copy of materials that are hyperlinked above, contact 800.FIDELITY.

**Questions you may have:**

- **Who is my primary contact person? Is he or she a representative of an investment adviser or broker-dealer?**
- **Who can I talk to if I have concerns about how this person is treating me?**



*This important disclosure information about Fidelity Personal and Workplace Advisors LLC (“FPWA”) is provided to comply with the federal securities laws. It does not create or modify any agreement, relationship, or obligation between you and FPWA (or your financial professional). Please consult your Program Fundamentals and Client Agreement for the terms and conditions that govern your relationship with us. Effective as of June 30, 2020.*

FPWA is a registered investment adviser with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Investment advisory and brokerage services and fees differ, and it is important for you to understand these differences. Free and simple tools are available to research firms and financial professionals at [Investor.gov/CRS](https://www.investor.gov/crs), which also provides educational materials about broker-dealers, investment advisers, and investing.

**What investment services and advice can you provide me?**

FPWA offers investment advisory services that include “wrap fee” advisory programs, discretionary advisory programs, financial planning, and referrals to third-party investment advisers. Our wrap fee programs offer investment advice from FPWA and other investment advisers, as well as securities trades and custody services from our broker-dealer affiliates. In our wrap fee programs and our discretionary advisory programs, a subadviser we hire (which is typically an FPWA affiliate) will have discretion to buy and sell mutual funds, exchange-traded products (ETPs), and/or other securities for your account without your consent to each trade. The subadviser will monitor your account and investments periodically based on the flexibility of the program and investment strategy you have selected. You must meet an account minimum to open an advisory account in most of our programs. Current account minimums are described at [Fidelity.com/communications](https://www.fidelity.com/communications). In some of our programs, you can only invest in Fidelity mutual funds and ETPs.

We provide financial planning to clients enrolled in certain discretionary programs and, for clients at certain asset levels, on a stand-alone basis. Our financial planning services help you evaluate your ability to meet identified goals and can also provide suggestions for changes to your asset allocation. Whether and how to implement any asset allocation or other recommendation provided as part of our financial planning services is your responsibility and is distinct from our discretionary advisory services. Our financial plans are not monitored or updated after they are provided to you. In addition, we provide referral services, which include recommendations to third-party investment advisers to help you with your investment and financial needs. We do not monitor these third-party investment advisers.

For more information regarding our advisory offerings, please see [Fidelity.com/communications](https://www.fidelity.com/communications). Our affiliated broker-dealer, Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC (“FBS”), also offers brokerage accounts and services to retail investors, as described in the accompanying document. Please see [Fidelity.com/communications](https://www.fidelity.com/communications).

**Questions you may have:**

- *Given my financial situation, should I choose an investment advisory service? Why or why not?*
- *How will you choose investments to recommend to me? What is your relevant experience, including your licenses, education, and other qualifications?*
- *What do these qualifications mean?*

**What fees will I pay?**

Your fees will depend on the investment advisory program you select. See the respective program disclosure document for specific fees at [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information). Each wrap fee program charges an advisory fee, typically based on the amount of assets that you have in the program, which covers the ongoing management of your account(s), as well as brokerage, clearing, and custody services provided by FBS and other broker-dealer affiliates and can cover assistance from our representatives and access to financial planning services. Fees are typically deducted from your account in arrears on a quarterly basis. Wrap program fees include most transaction costs and fees to FBS and are generally higher than a typical asset-based advisory fee that does not include transaction costs for brokerage services. Our other discretionary advisory programs also charge asset-based fees or a subscription fee depending on the program. Typically, the more assets there are in your program account, the more you will pay in fees, and we have an incentive to encourage you to increase the assets in your account. Program fees do not include (1) underlying expenses of mutual funds and ETPs purchased for your account (though note that we credit certain revenue we receive from your mutual fund and ETP investments to your program account as explained in your Client Agreement); (2) certain charges resulting from transactions for your account executed with or through unaffiliated broker-dealers; (3) fees of investment advisers we refer you to; and (4) some incidental fees and expenses. In some wrap fee programs we charge an

extra fee if your assets are invested in individual securities through a separately managed account. We charge a fixed fee for our stand-alone financial planning, and we receive a fee from advisers to whom we refer clients.

You will pay fees and costs whether you make or lose money on your investments. Fees and costs will reduce any amount of money you make on your investments over time. Please make sure you understand what fees and costs you are paying. For additional information regarding program fees, please see [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

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### **What are your legal obligations to me when acting as my investment adviser? How else does your firm make money and what conflicts of interest do you have?**

When we act as your investment adviser, we have to act in your best interest and not put our interest ahead of yours. At the same time, the way we make money creates some conflicts with your interests. You should understand and ask us about these conflicts because they can affect the investment advice we provide you. Here are some examples to help you understand what this means.

- FPWA or its affiliates earn more fees when your assets are invested in a product that we (or our affiliates) advise, manage, or sponsor, such as a Fidelity mutual fund or ETP. We will apply a fee credit to address the incentive to invest your assets in these products over others.
- FPWA or its affiliates also earn fees when your assets are invested in some third-party funds and ETPs. We will apply a fee credit to address the incentive to invest your assets in those products over others.
- Our investment advisory programs charge different fees. This creates an incentive for us to recommend advisory programs that pay us or our affiliates higher fees over other programs.

**Questions you may have: *How might your conflicts of interest affect me, and how will you address them?***

### **How do your financial professionals make money?**

For more details on conflicts, please see [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

Our representatives work for both FPWA and our affiliated broker-dealer, FBS, for a salary and either an annual bonus or variable compensation. They earn more from some advisory programs than from other programs, or from providing brokerage services through FBS. Our representatives have an incentive to recommend that you select a program or product that pays them more compensation than those that pay less. For more details on compensation, please see [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

### **Do you or your financial professionals have legal or disciplinary history?**

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**Questions you may have: *As a financial professional, do you have any disciplinary history? For what type of conduct?***

### **Additional Information**

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- ***Who is my primary contact person? Is he or she a representative of an investment adviser or broker-dealer?***
- ***Who can I talk to if I have concerns about how this person is treating me?***



Scan for more information

# *SUPPLEMENTAL* *INFORMATION*

Please review and keep for your records.  
Do not mail with the application.

**Custodial Agreements and  
Disclosure Statements**

**Fidelity Brokerage Retirement  
Customer Account Agreement**

**Privacy Notice**

**Brokerage Commission and Fee Schedule**

**Guide to Brokerage and Investment Advisory  
Services at Fidelity Investments**

**FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep Program Disclosure**



# Fidelity IRA

## Fidelity Individual Retirement Account Under Section 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code

The Depositor whose name appears on the accompanying Application is establishing a traditional individual retirement account (under Section 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) to provide for his or her retirement and for the support of his or her beneficiaries after death. The Custodian named on the accompanying Application has given the Depositor the Disclosure Statement required under the Income Tax Regulations under Section 1.408-6. The Depositor has deposited with the Custodian an initial contribution in cash, as set forth in the accompanying Application. The Depositor and the Custodian make the following Agreement:

### Article I

Except in the case of a rollover contribution described in section 402(c), 403(a)(4), 403(b)(8), 408(d)(3), or 457(e)(16), an employer contribution to a simplified employee pension plan as described in section 408(k), or a recharacterized contribution described in section 408A(d)(6), the Custodian will accept only cash contributions up to \$5,500 per year for 2013 through 2017. For individuals who have reached the age of 50 by the end of the year, the contribution limit is increased to \$6,500 per year for 2013 through 2017. For years after 2017, these limits will be increased to reflect a cost-of-living adjustment, if any.

### Article II

The Depositor's interest in the balance in the Custodial Account is nonforfeitable.

### Article III

**1.** No part of the Custodial Account funds may be invested in life insurance contracts, nor may the assets of the Custodial Account be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund (within the meaning of section 408(a)(5)).

**2.** No part of the Custodial Account funds may be invested in collectibles (within the meaning of section 408(m)) except as otherwise permitted by section 408(m)(3), which provides an exception for certain gold, silver, and platinum coins, coins issued under the laws of any state, and certain bullion.

### Article IV

**1.** Notwithstanding any provision of this agreement to the contrary, the distribution of the Depositor's interest in the Custodial Account shall be made in accordance with the following requirements and shall otherwise comply with section 408(a)(6) and the regulations thereunder, the provisions of which are herein incorporated by reference.

**2.** The Depositor's entire interest in the Custodial Account must be, or begin to be, distributed not later than the Depositor's required beginning date, April 1 following the calendar year in which the Depositor reaches age 70½. By that date, the Depositor may elect, in a manner acceptable to the Custodian, to have the balance in the Custodial Account distributed in:

- (a) A single sum or
- (b) Payments over a period not longer than the life of the Depositor or the joint lives of the Depositor and his or her designated beneficiary.

**3.** If the Depositor dies before his or her entire interest is distributed to him or her, the remaining interest will be distributed as follows:

- (a) If the Depositor dies on or after the required beginning date and:
  - (i) the designated beneficiary is the Depositor's surviving spouse, the remaining interest will be distributed over the surviving spouse's life expectancy as determined each year until such spouse's death, or over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below if longer. Any interest remaining after the spouse's death will be distributed over such spouse's remaining life expectancy as determined in the year of the spouse's death and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year, or, if distributions are being made over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below, over such period.
  - (ii) the designated beneficiary is not the Depositor's surviving spouse, the remaining interest will be distributed over the beneficiary's remaining life expectancy as

determined in the year following the death of the Depositor and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year, or over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below if longer.

(iii) there is no designated beneficiary, the remaining interest will be distributed over the remaining life expectancy of the Depositor as determined in the year of the Depositor's death and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year.

- (b) If the Depositor dies before the required beginning date, the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with (i) below or, if elected or there is no designated beneficiary, in accordance with (ii) below:

(i) The remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with paragraphs (a)(i) and (a)(ii) above (but not over the period in paragraph (a)(iii), even

if longer), starting by the end of the calendar year following the year of the Depositor's death. If, however, the designated beneficiary is the Depositor's surviving spouse, then this distribution is not required to begin before the end of the calendar year in which the Depositor would have reached age 70½. But, in such case, if the Depositor's surviving spouse dies before distributions are required to begin, then the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with (a)(ii) above (but not over the period in paragraph (a)(iii), even if longer), over such spouse's designated beneficiary's life expectancy, or in accordance with (ii) below if there is no such designated beneficiary.

(ii) The remaining interest will be distributed by the end of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the Depositor's death.

**4.** If the Depositor dies before his or her entire interest has been distributed and if the designated beneficiary is not the Depositor's surviving spouse, no additional contributions may be accepted in the Account.

**5.** The minimum amount that must be distributed each year, beginning with the year containing the Depositor's required beginning date, is known as the "required minimum distribution" and is determined as follows:

- (a) The required minimum distribution under paragraph 2(b) for any year, beginning with the year the Depositor reaches age 70½, is the Depositor's Account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the distribution period in the uniform lifetime table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9. However, if the Depositor's designated beneficiary is his or her surviving spouse, the required minimum distribution for a year shall not be more than the Depositor's Account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the number in the joint and last survivor table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9. The required minimum distribution for a year under this paragraph (a) is determined using the Depositor's (or, if applicable, the Depositor and spouse's) attained age (or ages) in the year.
- (b) The required minimum distribution under paragraphs 3(a) and 3(b)(i) for a year, beginning with the year following the year of the Depositor's death (or the year the Depositor would have reached age 70½, if applicable under paragraph 3(b)(i)) is the Account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the life expectancy (in the single life table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9) of the individual specified in such paragraphs 3(a) and 3(b)(i).
- (c) The required minimum distribution for the year the Depositor reaches age 70½ can be made as late as April 1 of the following year. The required minimum distribution for any other year must be made by the end of such year.

**6.** The owner of two or more traditional IRAs may satisfy the minimum distribution requirements described above by taking from one traditional IRA the amount required to satisfy the requirement for another in accordance with the regulations under section 408(a)(6).

### Article V

**1.** The Depositor agrees to provide the Custodian with all information necessary to prepare any reports required by section 408(i) and Regulations sections 1.408-5 and 1.408-6.

**2.** The Custodian agrees to submit to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and Depositor the reports prescribed by the IRS.

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## Article VI

Notwithstanding any other articles which may be added or incorporated, the provisions of Articles I through III and this sentence will be controlling. Any additional articles inconsistent with section 408(a) and the related regulations will be invalid.

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## Article VII

This agreement will be amended as necessary to comply with the provisions of the Code and the related regulations. Other amendments may be made with the consent of the Depositor and the Custodian.

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## Article VIII

**1. Definitions.** The following definitions shall apply to terms used in this Agreement:

- (a) "Account" or "Custodial Account" means the custodial account established hereunder for the benefit of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary).
- (b) "Agreement" means the Fidelity IRA Custodial Agreement and Disclosure Statement, including the information and provisions set forth in any Application that goes with this Agreement, as may be amended from time to time. This Agreement, including the Account Application and any designation of Beneficiary filed with the Custodian, may be proved either by an original copy or by a reproduced copy thereof, including, without limitation, a copy reproduced by photocopying, facsimile transmission, electronic record or electronic imaging.
- (c) "Account Application" or "Application" shall mean the Application and the accompanying instructions, as may be amended from time to time, by which this Agreement is established between the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) and the Custodian. The statements contained therein shall be incorporated into this Agreement.
- (d) "Authorized Agent" means the person or persons authorized by the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian to purchase or sell Shares or Other Funding Vehicles in the Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) Account and to perform the duties and responsibilities on behalf of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) as set forth under this Agreement. The Custodian shall have no duty to question the authority of any such Authorized Agent.
- (e) "Beneficiary" shall mean the person(s) or entity (including a trust or estate, in which case the term may mean the trustee or personal representative acting in their fiduciary capacity) designated as such by the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, designated as such by a Beneficiary) (i) in a manner acceptable to and filed with the Custodian pursuant to Article VIII, Section 7 of this Agreement, or (ii) pursuant to the default provisions of Article VIII, Section 7 of this Agreement.
- (f) "Code" shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- (g) "Company" shall mean FMR LLC, a Delaware corporation, or any successor or affiliate thereof to which FMR LLC may, from time to time, delegate or assign any or all of its rights or responsibilities under this Agreement.
- (h) "Conversion Amount" shall mean all or any part of a distribution from an IRA other than a Roth IRA (including a SEP IRA, SARSEP IRA, or a SIMPLE IRA) deposited in a Roth IRA.
- (i) "Custodian" shall mean Fidelity Management Trust Company or its successor(s) or affiliates. Custodian shall include any agent of the Custodian as duly appointed by the Custodian.
- (j) "Depositor" means the person named in the Account Application establishing an Account for the purpose of making contributions to an individual retirement account as provided for under the Code. This term shall not include a Beneficiary who establishes an Account with the Custodian after the death of the Depositor.
- (k) "Investment Company Shares" or "Shares" shall mean shares of stock, trust certificates, or other evidences of interest (including fractional shares) in any corporation, partnership, trust, or other entity registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 for which Fidelity Management & Research Company, a Massachusetts corporation, or its successors or affiliates (collectively, for purposes of this Agreement "FMR") serves as investment advisor.
- (l) "Money Market Shares" shall mean any Investment Company Shares which are issued by a money market mutual fund.
- (m) "Other Funding Vehicles" shall include (i) all marketable securities traded over the counter or on a recognized securities exchange which are eligible for registration on the book entry system maintained by the Depository Guaranty Trust Company ("DTC") or its successors; (ii) if permitted by the Custodian, including interest bearing accounts, and (iii) such other non-DTC eligible assets (but not including futures contracts) which are permitted to be acquired under a custodial account pursuant to Section 408(a) of the Code and which are acceptable to the Custodian. Notwithstanding the above, the Custodian reserves the right to refuse to accept and hold any specific asset. All assets of the

Custodial Account shall be registered in the name of the Custodian or its nominee, but such assets shall generally be held in an Account for which the records are maintained on a proprietary recordkeeping system of the Company.

**2. Investment of Contributions.** Contributions to the Account may only be invested in Investment Company Shares and Other Funding Vehicles. The Custodian reserves the right to refuse to accept and hold any specific asset, including tax-free investment vehicles. Contributions shall be invested as follows:

- (a) *General.* Contributions (including transfers of assets) will be invested in accordance with the Depositor's (the Authorized Agent's or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) instructions in the Application, or as the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) directs in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, and with subsequent instructions given by the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), as the case may be to the Custodian in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian. By giving such instructions to the Custodian, such person will be deemed to have acknowledged receipt of the then-current prospectus or disclosure document for any Investment Company Shares or Other Funding Vehicles in which the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) directs the Custodian to invest assets in the Account. All charges incidental to carrying out such instructions shall be charged and collected in accordance with Article VIII, Section 18.
- (b) *Initial Contribution.* The Custodian will invest all contributions (including transfers of assets) promptly after the receipt thereof. However, the Custodian shall not be obligated to invest the Depositor's initial contribution (or the Beneficiary's initial transfer of assets) to this Custodial Account as indicated on the Application, until at least seven (7) calendar days have elapsed from the date of acceptance of the Application by or on behalf of the Custodian. The Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) shall be deemed to have received a copy of the Disclosure Statement which accompanies this Agreement unless a request for revocation is made to the Custodian within seven (7) calendar days following the acceptance of the Application by or on behalf of the Custodian as evidenced by notification to the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian.
- (c) *Incomplete, Unclear or Unacceptable Instructions.* If the Custodial Account at any time contains an amount as to which investment instructions in accordance with this Section 2 have not been received by the Custodian, or if the Custodian receives instructions as to investment selection or allocation which are, in the opinion of the Custodian, incomplete, not clear or otherwise not acceptable, the Custodian may request additional instructions from the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or the Beneficiary). Pending receipt of such instructions any amount may (i) remain uninvested pending receipt by the Custodian of clear investment instructions from the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or the Beneficiary), (ii) be invested in Money Market Shares or other core account investment vehicle, or (iii) be returned to the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) as the case may be, and any other investment may remain unchanged. The Custodian shall not be liable to anyone for any loss resulting from delay in investing such amount or in implementing such instructions. Notwithstanding the above, the Custodian may, but need not, for administrative convenience maintain a balance of up to \$100 of uninvested cash in the Custodial Account.
- (d) *Minimum Investment.* Any other provision herein to the contrary notwithstanding, the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or the Beneficiary) may not direct that any part or all of the Custodial Account be invested in Investment Company Shares or Other Funding Vehicles unless the aggregate amount to be invested is at least such amount as the Custodian shall establish from time to time.
- (e) *No Duty.* The Custodian shall not have any duty to question the directions of the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in the investment or ongoing management of the Custodial Account or to advise the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) regarding the purchase, retention, withdrawal, or sale of assets credited to the Custodial Account. The Custodian, or any of its affiliates, successors, agents or assigns, shall not be liable for any loss which results from the Depositor's (the Authorized Agent's or the Beneficiary's) exercise of control (whether by his or her action or inaction) over the Custodial Account, or any loss which results from any directions received from the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) with respect to IRA assets.

## 3. Contributions by Divorced or Separated Spouses.

All alimony and separate maintenance payments received by a divorced or separated spouse, and taxable under Section 71 of the Code, shall be considered compensation for purposes of computing the maximum annual contribution to the Custodial Account, and the limitations for contributions by a divorced or separated spouse shall be the same as for any other individual.



**4. Contribution Deadlines.** The following contribution deadlines generally apply to certain transactions within your IRA.

- (a) *Contributions.* The last day to make annual contributions (including catch-up contributions) for a particular tax year is the deadline for filing the Depositor's federal income tax return (not including extensions), or such later date as may be determined by the Department of the Treasury or the Internal Revenue Service for the taxable year for which the contribution relates; provided, however, the Depositor (or the Depositor's Authorized Agent) designates, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, the contribution as a contribution for such taxable year.
- (b) *Recharacterizations.* A contribution that constitutes a recharacterization of a prior IRA or Roth IRA contribution for a particular tax year must be made by the deadline for filing the Depositor's income tax return (including extensions) for such tax year or such later date as authorized by the IRS.

The Custodian will not be responsible under any circumstances for the timing, purpose or propriety of any contribution nor shall the Custodian incur any liability for any tax, penalty, or loss imposed on account of any contribution.

**5. Rollover Contributions.** The Custodian will accept for the Depositor's Custodial Account in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian all rollover contributions which consist of cash, and it may, but shall be under no obligation to, accept all or any part of any other property permitted as an investment under Code Section 408. The Depositor (or the Depositor's Authorized Agent) shall designate in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian each rollover contribution as such to the Custodian, and by such designation shall confirm to the Custodian that a proposed rollover contribution qualifies as a rollover contribution within the meaning of Sections 402(c), 403(a)(4), 403(b)(8), 408(d)(3), and/or 457(e)(16) of the Code. The Depositor (or the Depositor's Authorized Agent) shall provide any information the Custodian may require to properly allocate rollover contributions to the Depositor's Account(s). Submission by or on behalf of a Depositor of a rollover contribution consisting of assets other than cash or property permitted as an investment under this Article VIII shall be deemed to be the instruction of the Depositor to the Custodian that, if such rollover contribution is accepted, the Custodian will use its best efforts to sell those assets for the Depositor's Account, and to invest the proceeds of any such sale in accordance with Section 2. The Custodian shall not be liable to anyone for any loss resulting from such sale or delay in effecting such sale; or for any loss of income or appreciation with respect to the proceeds thereof after such sale and prior to investment pursuant to Section 2; or for any failure to effect such sale if such property proves not readily marketable in the ordinary course of business. All brokerage and other costs incidental to the sale or attempted sale of such property will be charged to the Custodial Account in accordance with Article VIII, Section 18. The Custodian will not be responsible for any losses the Depositor may incur as a result of the timing of any rollover from another trustee or custodian that is due to circumstances reasonably beyond the control of the Custodian. It shall be the Depositor's responsibility to ensure that any minimum distribution required by sections 408(a)(6) and 401(a)(9) of the Code and applicable regulations is made prior to giving the Custodian such rollover instructions.

**6. Reinvestment of Earnings.** In the absence of other instructions pursuant to Section 2, distributions of every nature received in respect of the assets in a Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) Custodial Account shall be reinvested as follows:

- (a) in the case of a distribution in respect of Investment Company Shares which may be received, at the election of the shareholder, in cash or in additional Shares of an Investment Company, the Custodian shall elect to receive such distribution in additional Investment Company Shares;
- (b) in the case of a cash distribution which is received in respect of Investment Company Shares, the Custodian shall reinvest such cash in additional Shares of that Investment Company;
- (c) in the case of any other distribution of any nature received in respect of assets in the Custodial Account, the distribution shall be liquidated to cash, if necessary, and shall be reinvested in accordance with the Depositor's (the Authorized Agent's, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) instructions pursuant to Section 2.

#### **7. Designation of Beneficiary.**

A Depositor may designate a Beneficiary for his or her Account as follows:

- (a) *General.* A Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may designate a Beneficiary or Beneficiaries at any time, and any such designation may be changed or revoked at any time, by a designation executed by the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in a form and manner acceptable to, and filed with, the Custodian; provided, however, that such designation, or change or revocation of a prior designation, shall not be effective unless it is received and accepted by the Custodian no later than nine months after the death of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), and provided, further, that such designation, change or revocation shall not be effective as to any assets distributed or transferred out of the Account (including a transfer to an inherited IRA or Beneficiary Distribution

Account) prior to the Custodian's receipt and acceptance of such designation, change, or revocation. Subject to Sections 9 and 10 below, the Custodian may distribute or transfer any portion of the Account immediately following the death of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) under the provisions of the designation then on file with the Custodian, and such distribution or transfer discharges the Custodian from any and all claims as to the portion of the Account so distributed or transferred. The latest such designation or change or revocation shall control except as determined by applicable law. If the Depositor had not by the date of his or her death properly designated a Beneficiary in accordance with the preceding sentence, or if no designated primary or contingent Beneficiary survives the Depositor, the Depositor's Beneficiary shall be his or her surviving spouse, but if he or she has no surviving spouse, his or her estate. If the Depositor designates more than one primary or contingent Beneficiary but does not specify the percentages to which such Beneficiary(ies) is entitled, payment will be made to the surviving Beneficiary(ies), as applicable, in equal shares. Unless otherwise designated by the Depositor in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, if a primary or contingent Beneficiary designated by the Depositor predeceases the Depositor, the Shares and Other Funding Vehicles for which that deceased Beneficiary is entitled will be divided equally among the surviving primary and contingent Beneficiary(ies), as applicable. If the Beneficiary is not a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (including a resident alien individual) at the time of the Depositor's death, the distribution options and tax treatment available to such Beneficiary may be more restrictive. Unless otherwise designated by the Depositor in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, if there are no primary Beneficiaries living at the time of the Depositor's death, payment of the Depositor's Account upon his or her death will be made to the surviving contingent Beneficiaries designated by the Depositor. If a Beneficiary does not predecease the Depositor but dies before receiving his or her entire interest in the Custodial Account, his or her remaining interest in the Custodial Account shall be paid to a Beneficiary or Beneficiaries designated by such Beneficiary(ies) as his or her successor Beneficiary in a form and manner acceptable to, and filed with, the Custodian; provided, however, that such designation must be received and accepted by the Custodian in accordance with this section. If no proper designation has been made by such Beneficiary in accordance with this section, distributions will be made to such Beneficiary's estate. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, for purposes of distributions calculated and requested pursuant to Article IV, the designated beneficiary within the meaning of Section 401(a)(9)(E) of the Code shall be the individual designated as such by the Depositor. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, unless otherwise designated by the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, by a Beneficiary) in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, when used in this Agreement or in any designation of Beneficiary received and accepted by the Custodian, the term "per stirpes" shall be construed as follows: if any primary or contingent Beneficiary, as applicable, does not survive the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), but leaves surviving descendants, any share otherwise payable to such beneficiary shall instead be paid to such beneficiary's surviving descendants by right of representation. In all cases, the Custodian shall be authorized to rely on any representation of facts made by the Depositor, the executor or administrator of the estate of the Depositor, any Beneficiary, the executor or administrator of the estate of any Beneficiary, or any other person deemed appropriate by the Custodian in determining the identity of unnamed Beneficiaries.

(b) *Minors.* If a distribution upon the death of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) is payable to a person known by the Custodian to be a minor or otherwise under a legal disability, the Custodian may, in its absolute discretion, make all, or any part of the distribution to (i) a parent of such person, (ii) the guardian, conservator, or other legal representative, wherever appointed, of such person, (iii) a custodial account established under a Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, or similar act, (iv) any person having control or custody of such person, or (v) to such person directly. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, if the Account is established for a minor under the provisions of either the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act (to the extent permitted by the Custodian), the beneficiary of such Account while so established and maintained shall be the minor's estate or as otherwise determined in accordance with the applicable state Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or Uniform Transfers to Minors Act.

(c) *QTIPs and QDOTs.* A Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may designate as Beneficiary of his or her Account a trust for the benefit of his or her surviving spouse that is intended to satisfy the conditions of Sections 2056(b)(7) or 2056A of the Code (a "Spousal Trust"). In that event, if the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) is survived by his or her spouse, the following provisions shall apply to the Account, from and after the death of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) until the death of the Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) surviving spouse: (i) all of the income of the Account

shall, at the direction of the trustee(s) of the Spousal Trust, be paid to the Spousal Trust annually or at more frequent intervals, and (ii) no person shall have the power to appoint any part of the Account to any person other than the Spousal Trust. To the extent permitted by Section 401(a)(9) of the Code, as determined by the trustee(s) of the Spousal Trust, the surviving spouse of a Depositor who has designated a Spousal Trust as his or her Beneficiary may be treated as his or her "designated beneficiary" for purposes of the distribution requirements of that Code section. The Custodian shall have no responsibility to determine whether such treatment is appropriate.

(d) **Judicial Determination.** Anything to the contrary herein notwithstanding, in the event of reasonable doubt respecting the proper course of action to be taken, the Custodian may in its sole and absolute discretion resolve such doubt by judicial determination which shall be binding on all parties claiming any interest in the Account. In such event all court costs, legal expenses, reasonable compensation of time expended by the Custodian in the performance of its duties, and other appropriate and pertinent expenses and costs shall be collected by the Custodian from the Custodial Account in accordance with Article VIII, Section 18.

(e) **No Duty.** The Custodian shall not have any duty to question the directions of a Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) as to the time(s) and amount(s) of distributions from the Custodial Account, or to advise him or her regarding the compliance of such distributions with Section 408(a)(6), Section 401(a)(9), Section 2056(b)(7) or Section 2056A of the Code.

**8. Payroll Deduction.** Subject to approval of the Custodian, a Depositor may choose to have contributions to his or her Custodial Account made through payroll deduction if the Account is maintained as part of a program or plan sponsored by the Depositor's employer, or if the employer otherwise agrees to provide such service. In order to establish payroll deduction, the Depositor must authorize his or her employer to deduct a fixed amount or percentage from each pay period's salary up to the maximum annual IRA contribution limit per year, unless such contributions are being made pursuant to a Simplified Employee Pension Plan described under Section 408(k) of the Code, in which case, contributions can be made up to the maximum annual percentage limit of the Depositor's earned compensation (subject to the contribution limits as described in Section 402(h)(2) and the compensation limits as described in Section 401(a)(17), 404(l) and 408(k) of the Code). Contributions to a Custodial Account of the Depositor's spouse may be made through payroll deduction if the employer authorizes the use of payroll deductions for such contributions, but such contributions must be made to a separate Account maintained for the benefit of the Depositor's spouse. The Custodian shall continue to receive for the Depositor's Account payroll deduction contributions until such time as the Depositor's instruction to his or her employer (with reasonable advance notice) causes such contributions to be modified or to cease.

**9. Transfers to or from the Account.** Assets held on behalf of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in another IRA may be transferred by the trustee or custodian thereof directly to the Custodian, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, to be held in the Custodial Account for the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) under this Agreement. The Custodian will not be responsible for any losses the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may incur as a result of the timing of any transfer from another trustee or custodian that are due to circumstances reasonably beyond the control of the Custodian. The Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) shall be responsible for ensuring that any transfer of another IRA by the trustee or custodian thereof directly to the Custodian is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the instrument governing the IRA of the transferor trustee or custodian, the Code and any related rules, regulations and guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service.

Assets held on behalf of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in the Account may be transferred directly to a trustee or custodian of another IRA established for the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), if so directed by the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian; provided, however, that it shall be the Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) responsibility to ensure that the transfer is permissible and any minimum distributions required by Sections 408(a)(6) and 401(a)(9) of the Code and applicable regulations is satisfied.

**10. Distributions from the Account.** Distributions from the Account will be made only upon the request of the Depositor (or, with the prior consent of the Custodian, the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) to the Custodian in such form and in such manner as is acceptable to the Custodian, and will generally be included in the gross income of the recipient to the extent required by law. Notwithstanding this Section 10 and Section 17 below, the Custodian is empowered to make distributions absent the Depositor's (the Authorized Agent or after the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) direction

if directed to do so pursuant to a court order or levy of any kind, or in the event the Custodian resigns or is removed as Custodian. In such instance, neither the Custodian nor the Company shall in any event incur any liability for acting in accordance with such court order or levy, or with the procedures for resignation or removal in Section 24 below. For distributions requested pursuant to Article IV, life expectancy shall be calculated based on information provided by the Depositor (or with the prior consent of the Custodian, the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) using any applicable distribution period from tables prescribed by the IRS in regulations or other guidance. The Custodian shall be under no duty to perform any calculations in connection with distributions requested pursuant to Article IV, unless specifically required to by the IRS. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at the direction of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), and with the consent of the Custodian, the Custodian may perform calculations in connection with such distributions. The Custodian shall not incur any liability for errors in any such calculations as a result of reliance on information provided by the Depositor (or with the prior consent of the Custodian, the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary). Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Custodian is not obligated to make any distribution, including a minimum required distribution as specified in Article IV above, absent a specific direction from the Depositor (or with the prior consent of the Custodian, the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) to do so in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, and the Custodian may rely, and shall be fully protected in so relying, upon any such direction. The Custodian will not, under any circumstances, be responsible for the timing, purpose or propriety of any distribution made hereunder, nor shall the Custodian incur any liability or responsibility for any tax or penalty imposed on account of any distribution or failure to make a required distribution. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, on or before December 31, 2003, a Beneficiary receiving distributions pursuant to Paragraph 3(b)(ii) of Article IV of this Custodial Agreement may generally begin taking distributions over the Beneficiary's remaining life expectancy in accordance with Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and related regulations.

#### **11. Conversion of Distributions from the Account.**

Generally, the Depositor may convert any or all distributions from the Account, for deposit into a Roth IRA ("Conversion Amount(s)"). However, any minimum distribution from the Account required by Sections 408(a)(6) and 401(a)(9) of the Code and applicable regulations for the year of the conversion cannot be converted to a Roth IRA. The Depositor (or the Depositor's Authorized Agent) shall designate in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian each Conversion Amount as such to the Custodian and by such designation shall confirm to the Custodian that a proposed Conversion Amount qualifies as a conversion within the meaning of Sections 408A(c)(3), 408A(d)(3) and 408A(e) of the Code, except that any conversion contribution shall not be considered a rollover contribution for purposes of Section 408(d)(3)(B) of the Code relating to the one rollover per year rule. Conversions must generally be made by December 31 of the year to which the conversion relates. Conversions made via a 60-day rollover must be deposited in a Roth IRA within 60 days.

**12. Recharacterization of Contributions.** Annual contributions or conversion contributions held on behalf of the Depositor in a Roth IRA may be transferred ("recharacterized") via a trustee-to-trustee transfer to the Custodian, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, to be held in the Custodial Account for the Depositor under this Agreement. The Custodian will not be responsible for any penalties or losses the Depositor may incur as a result of the timing of any such recharacterization from another trustee or custodian that are due to circumstances reasonably beyond the control of the Custodian.

Annual contributions held on behalf of the Depositor in the Account may be transferred ("recharacterized") via a trustee-to-trustee transfer to a trustee or custodian of a Roth IRA established for the Depositor, if so directed by the Depositor (or the Depositor's Authorized Agent) in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian. It shall be the Depositor's responsibility in all cases to ensure that the recharacterization is permissible and satisfies the requirements of Code Section 408A and any related regulations, and any other applicable guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service.

A contribution that constitutes a recharacterization of a prior contribution or conversion must be made by the deadline for filing the Depositor's income tax return for the year the contribution or conversion, as applicable, relates or such later date as authorized by the IRS.

#### **13. Actions in the Absence of Specific Instructions.**

If the Custodian receives no response to communications sent to the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) at the Depositor's (the Authorized Agent or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) last known address as shown in the records of the Custodian, or if the Custodian determines, on the basis of evidence satisfactory to it, that the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) is legally incompetent, the Custodian thereafter may make such determinations with respect to distributions, investments, and other administrative matters arising under this

Agreement as it considers reasonable, notwithstanding any prior instructions or directions given by or on behalf of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary). Any determinations so made shall be binding on all persons having or claiming any interest under the Custodial Account, and the Custodian shall not incur any obligation or liability for any such determination made in good faith, for any action taken in pursuance thereof, or for any fluctuations in the value of the Account in the event of a delay resulting from the Custodian's good faith decision to await additional information or evidence.

#### **14. Instructions, Notices, and Communications.**

All instructions, notices or communications, written or otherwise, required to be given by the Custodian to the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) shall be deemed to have been given when delivered or provided to the last known address, including an electronic address of the Depositor or the Beneficiary in the records of the Custodian. All instructions, notices, or communications, written or otherwise, required to be given by the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) to the Custodian shall be mailed, delivered or provided to the Custodian at its designated mailing address, including an electronic address if authorized by the Custodian, as specified on the Application or Account statement (or such other address as the Custodian may specify), and no such instruction, notice, or communication shall be effective until the Custodian's actual receipt thereof.

#### **15. Effect of Instructions, Notices, and Communications.**

- (a) *General.* The Custodian shall be entitled to rely conclusively upon, and shall be fully protected in any action or non-action taken in good faith in reliance upon, any instructions, notices, communications or instruments, written or otherwise, believed to have been genuine and properly executed. Any such notification may be proved by original copy or reproduced copy thereof, including, without limitation, a copy produced by photocopying, facsimile transmission, electronic record or electronic imaging. For purposes of this Agreement, the Custodian may (but is not required to) give the same effect to a telephonic instruction or an instruction received through electronic commerce as it gives to a written instruction, and the Custodian's action in doing so shall be protected to the same extent as if such telephonic or electronic commerce instructions were, in fact, a written instruction. Any such instruction may be proved by audio recorded tape, data file or electronic record maintained by the Custodian, or other means acceptable to the Custodian, as the case may be.
- (b) *Incomplete or Unclear Instructions.* If the Custodian receives instructions or other information relating to the Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) Custodial Account which are, in the opinion of the Custodian, incomplete or not clear, the Custodian may request instructions or other information from the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary). Pending receipt of any such instructions or other information, the Custodian shall not be liable to anyone for any loss resulting from any delay, action or inaction on the part of the Custodian. In all cases, the Custodian shall not have any duty to question any such instructions or information from a Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) relating to his or her Custodial Account or to otherwise advise the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) regarding any matter relating thereto.

#### **16. Tax Matters.**

- (a) *General.* The Custodian shall cause required reports and returns to be submitted to the Internal Revenue Service and to the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) including any returns relating to unrelated business taxable income generated by the Account. Such individual shall prepare any other report or return required in connection with maintaining the Account. Any taxes that result from unrelated business taxable income generated by the Account shall be remitted by the Custodian from available assets in the Account.
- (b) *Annual Report.* As required by the Internal Revenue Service, the Custodian shall deliver to the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) a report(s) of certain transactions effected in the Custodial Account and the fair market value of the assets of the Custodial Account as of the close of the prior calendar year. Unless the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) sends the Custodian written objection to a report within ninety (90) days of receipt, the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) shall be deemed to have approved of such report, and the Custodian and the Company, and their officers, employees and agents shall be forever released and discharged from all liability and accountability to anyone with respect to their acts, transactions, duties and responsibilities as shown on or reflected by such report(s). The Company shall not incur any liability in the event the Custodian does not satisfy its obligations as described herein.
- (c) *Tax Withholding.* Any distributions from the Custodial Account may be made by the Custodian net of any required tax withholding. If permitted by the Custodian, any distributions from the Custodial Account may be made net of any voluntary

tax withholding requested by the Depositor (or, if permitted by the Custodian, the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary). The Custodian shall be under no duty to withhold any excise penalty which may be due as a result of any transaction in the Custodial Account.

**17. Spendthrift Provision.** Subject to Section 10 above, any interest in the Account shall generally not be transferred or assigned by voluntary or involuntary act of the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) or by operation of law; nor shall any interest in the Account be subject to alienation, assignment, garnishment, attachment, receivership, execution or levy except as required by law. However, this Section 17 shall not in any way be construed to, and the Custodian is in no way obligated or expected to, commence or defend any legal action in connection with this Agreement or the Custodial Account. Commencement of any such legal action or proceeding or defense shall be the sole responsibility of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) unless agreed upon by the Custodian and the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), and unless the Custodian is fully indemnified for doing so to the Custodian's satisfaction. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event of a property settlement between a Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) and his or her former spouse pursuant to which the transfer of a Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) interest hereunder, or a portion thereof, is incorporated in a divorce decree or in an instrument, written or otherwise, incident to such divorce or legal separation, then the interest so decreed by a Court to be the property of such former spouse shall be transferred to a separate Custodial Account for the benefit of such former spouse, in accordance with Section 408(d)(6) of the Code and Section 10 above. In the event the Custodian is directed to distribute assets from the Custodial Account pursuant to a court order or levy, the Custodian shall do so in accordance with such order or levy and Section 10 above, and the Custodian shall not incur any liability for distributing such assets of the Account.

#### **18. Fees and Expenses.**

- (a) *General.* The fees of the Custodian for performing its duties hereunder shall be in such amount as it shall establish from time to time, as communicated on the Schedule of Fees which accompanies this Agreement, or in some other manner acceptable to the Custodian. All such fees, as well as expenses (such as, without limitation, brokerage commissions upon the investment of funds, fees for special legal services, taxes levied or assessed, or expenses in connection with the liquidation or retention of all or part of a rollover contribution), shall be collected by the Custodian from cash available in the Custodial Account, or if insufficient cash shall be available, by sale, or withdrawal of sufficient assets in the Custodial Account and application of the sales proceeds, or funds withdrawn, to pay such fees and expenses. Alternatively, but only with the consent of the Custodian, fees and expenses may be paid directly to the Custodian by the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) by separate check.
- (b) *Advisor Fees.* The Custodian shall, upon direction from the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), disburse from the Custodial Account payment to the Depositor's (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) registered investment advisor any fees for financial advisory services rendered with regard to the assets held in the Account. Any such direction must be provided in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian. The Custodian shall not incur any liability for executing such direction. The Custodian shall be entitled to rely conclusively upon, and shall be fully protected in any action or non-action taken in full faith reliance upon any such fee disbursement direction.
- (c) *Sale of Assets/Withdrawal of Funds.* Whenever it shall be necessary in accordance with this Section 18 to sell assets, or withdraw funds, in order to pay fees or expenses, the Custodian may sell, or withdraw, any or all of the assets credited to the Custodial Account at that time, and shall invest the portion of the sales proceeds/funds withdrawn remaining after collection of the applicable fees and expenses therefrom in accordance with Section 2. The Company or Custodian shall not incur any liability on account of its sale or retention of assets under such circumstances.

**19. Escrow.** With the consent of the Custodian, the Custodial Account may serve as an escrow arrangement to hold restricted distributions from defined benefit plans pursuant to applicable Income Tax Regulations. In such event, the Custodian will act in accordance with an escrow agreement acceptable to it and pursuant to which it will only act upon the direction of the trustee of the distributing plan with respect to distributions from the Account. Such agreement will remain in place until the trustee of the distributing plan releases the Custodian from such escrow agreement.

**20. Voting with Respect to Securities.** The Custodian shall deliver to the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) all prospectuses and proxies that may come into the Custodian's possession by reason of its holding of Investment Company Shares or Other Funding Vehicles in the Custodial Account. The Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may direct the Custodian as to the manner in which any Investment Company Shares or Other Funding Vehicles held in the Custodial Account shall be voted with respect to any matters as to which the Custodian as holder of record is entitled to vote, coming before any meeting of shareholders of the

corporation which issued such securities, or of holders of interest in the Investment Company or corporation which issued such Investment Company Shares or Other Funding Vehicles. All such directions shall be in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, and delivered to the Custodian or its designee within the time prescribed by it. The Custodian shall vote only those securities and Investment Company Shares with respect to which it has received timely directions from the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary); provided however, that by establishing (or having established) the Custodial Account the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) authorizes the Custodian to vote any Investment Company Shares held in the Custodial Account on the applicable record date, for which no timely instructions are received, in the same proportions as the Custodian has been instructed to vote the Investment Company Shares held in the Custodial Accounts for which it has received timely instructions, but effective solely with respect to votes before January 1, 2003, only to the extent that such vote is necessary to establish a quorum.

**21. Limitations on Custodial Liability and Indemnification.** Neither the Custodian, the Company nor any agent or affiliate thereof provides tax or legal advice. Depositors, Beneficiaries and Authorized Agents are strongly encouraged to consult with their attorney or tax adviser with regard to their specific situation. The Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) and the Custodian intend that the Custodian shall have and exercise no discretion, authority, or responsibility as to any investment in connection with the Account and the Custodian shall not be responsible in any way for the purpose, propriety or tax treatment of any contribution, or of any distribution, or any other action or nonaction taken pursuant to the Depositor's direction (or that of the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary). The Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) who directs the investment of his or her Account shall bear sole responsibility for the suitability of any directed investment and for any adverse consequences arising from such an investment, including, without limitation, the inability of the Custodian to value or to sell an illiquid investment, or the generation of unrelated business taxable income with respect to an investment.

Unless the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) sends the Custodian written objection to any statement, notice, confirmation or report within ninety (90) days of receipt from the Custodian, the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or the Beneficiary) shall be deemed to have approved of such statement, notice, confirmation or report, and the Custodian and the Company, and their officers, employees and agents shall be forever released and discharged from all liability and accountability to anyone with respect to their acts, transactions, duties and responsibilities as shown on or reflected by such statement, notice, confirmation or report(s).

To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) shall at all times fully indemnify and save harmless the Custodian, the Company and their agents, affiliates, successors and assigns and their officers, directors and employees, from any and all liability arising from the Depositor's (the Authorized Agent's or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) direction under this account and from any and all other liability whatsoever which may arise in connection with this Agreement except liability arising from gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the indemnified person. The Custodian shall not have any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions of any successor or predecessor custodian of this Account.

**22. Delegation to Agents.** The Custodian may delegate to one or more entities the performance of recordkeeping, ministerial and other services in connection with the Custodial Account, for a reasonable fee (to be paid by the Custodian and not by the Custodial Account). Any such agent's duties and responsibilities shall be confined solely to the performance of such services, and shall continue only for so long as the Custodian named in the Application or its successor serves as Custodian or otherwise deems appropriate.

Although the Custodian shall have no responsibility to give effect to a direction from anyone other than the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), the Custodian may, in its discretion, establish procedures pursuant to which the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may delegate, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, to a third party any or all of the Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) pow-

ers and duties hereunder. Any such third party to whom the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) has so delegated powers and duties shall be treated as the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) for purposes of applying the preceding sentences of this paragraph and the provisions of this Agreement.

**23. Amendment of Agreement.** The Custodian may amend this Agreement in any respect at any time (including retroactively), so that it may conform with applicable provisions of the Code, or with any other applicable law as in effect from time to time, or to make such other changes to this Agreement as the Custodian deems advisable. Any such amendment shall be effected by delivery to the Custodian and to the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) at his or her last known address, including an electronic address (as shown in the records of the Custodian) a copy of such amendment or a restatement of this Custodial Agreement. The Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) shall be deemed to consent to any such amendment(s) if he or she fails to object thereto by sending notice to the Custodian, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, within thirty (30) calendar days from the date a copy of such amendment(s) or restatement is delivered to the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) to terminate this Custodial Account and distribute the proceeds, as so directed by the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary).

**24. Resignation or Removal of Custodian.** The Company may remove the Custodian at any time, and the Custodian may resign at any time, upon thirty (30) days' notice to the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary). Upon the removal or resignation of the Custodian, the Company may, but shall not be required to, appoint a successor custodian under this Custodial Agreement; provided that any successor custodian shall satisfy the requirements of Section 408(a)(2) of the Code. Upon any such successor's acceptance of appointment, the Custodian shall transfer the assets of the Custodial Account, to such successor custodian; provided, however, that the Custodian is authorized to reserve such sum of money or property as it may deem advisable for payment of any liabilities constituting a charge on or against the assets of the Custodial Account, or on or against the Custodian or the Company. The Custodian shall not be liable for the acts or omissions of any predecessor or successor to it. Upon acceptance of such appointment, a successor custodian shall be vested with all authority, discretionary or otherwise, of the Custodian pursuant to this Agreement. If no successor custodian is appointed by the Company, the Custodial Account shall be terminated, and the assets of the Account, reduced by the amount of any unpaid fees or expenses, will be distributed to the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary).

**25. Termination of the Custodial Account.** The Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may terminate the Custodial Account at any time upon notice to the Custodian in a manner and form acceptable to the Custodian. Upon such termination, the Custodian shall transfer the assets of the Custodial Account, reduced by the amount of any unpaid fees or expenses, to the custodian or trustee of another individual retirement account (within the meaning of Section 408 of the Code) or other retirement plan designated by the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) as described in Article VIII, Section 9. The Custodian shall not be liable for losses arising from the acts, omissions, delays or other inaction of any such transferee custodian or trustee. If notice of the Depositor's (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) intention to terminate the Custodial Account is received by the Custodian and the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) has not designated a transferee custodian or trustee for the assets in the Account, then the Account, reduced by any unpaid fees or expenses, will be distributed to the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary).

**26. Governing Law. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of the Company and the Custodian under this Agreement, shall be construed, administered and enforced according to the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, except as superseded by federal law or statute.**

**27. When Effective.** This Agreement shall not become effective until acceptance of the Application by or on behalf of the Custodian at its principal office, as evidenced by a notice to the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary).



# Fidelity Roth IRA

Fidelity Roth Individual Retirement Account  
Under Section 408A of the Internal Revenue Code

The Depositor whose name appears on the accompanying Application is establishing a Roth individual retirement account (Roth IRA) under Section 408A to provide for his or her retirement and for the support of his or her beneficiaries after death. The Custodian named on the accompanying Application has given the Depositor a Disclosure Statement required under Regulations Section 1.408-6. The Depositor has deposited with the Custodian an initial contribution, as set forth in the accompanying Application. The Depositor and the Custodian make the following Agreement:

## Article I

Except in the case of a rollover contribution described in section 408A(e), a recharacterized contribution described in section 408A(d)(6), or an IRA Conversion Contribution, the Custodian will accept only cash contributions up to \$5,500 per year for 2013 through 2017. For individuals who have reached the age of 50 by the end of the year, the contribution limit is increased to \$6,500 per year for 2013 through 2017. For years after 2017, these limits will be increased to reflect a cost-of-living adjustment, if any.

## Article II

**1.** The annual contribution limit described in Article I is gradually reduced to \$0 for higher income levels. For a single Depositor or a Depositor who is treated as single, the annual contribution is phased out between adjusted gross income (AGI) of \$118,000 and \$133,000; for a married Depositor filing jointly, between AGI of \$186,000 and \$196,000; and for a married Depositor filing separately, between AGI of \$0 and \$10,000. These phase-out ranges are for 2017. For years after 2017, the phase-out ranges, except for the \$0 to \$10,000 range, will be increased to reflect a cost-of-living adjustment, if any. Adjusted gross income is defined in section 408A(c)(3).

**2.** In the case of a joint return, the AGI limits in the preceding paragraph apply to the combined AGI of the Depositor and his or her spouse.

## Article III

The Depositor's interest in the balance in the Custodial Account is nonforfeitable.

## Article IV

**1.** No part of the Custodial Account funds may be invested in life insurance contracts, nor may the assets of the Custodial Account be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund (within the meaning of section 408(a)(5)).

**2.** No part of the Custodial Account funds may be invested in collectibles (within the meaning of section 408(m)) except as otherwise permitted by section 408(m)(3), which provides an exception for certain gold, silver, and platinum coins, coins issued under the laws of any state, and certain bullion.

## Article V

**1.** If the Depositor dies before his or her entire interest is distributed to him or her and the Depositor's surviving spouse is not the designated beneficiary, the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with (a) below or, if elected or there is no designated beneficiary, in accordance with (b) below:

- The remaining interest will be distributed, starting by the end of the calendar year following the year of the Depositor's death, over the designated beneficiary's remaining life expectancy as determined in the year following the death of the Depositor.
- The remaining interest will be distributed by the end of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the Depositor's death.

**2.** The minimum amount that must be distributed each year under paragraph 1(a) above is the account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the life expectancy (in the single life table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9) of the designated beneficiary using the attained age of the beneficiary in the year following the year of the Depositor's death and subtracting 1 from the divisor for each subsequent year.

**3.** If the Depositor's surviving spouse is the designated beneficiary, such spouse will then be treated as the Depositor.

## Article VI

**1.** The Depositor agrees to provide the Custodian with all information necessary to prepare any reports required by sections 408(i) and 408A(d)(3)(E), Regulations sections 1.408-5 and 1.408-6, or other guidance published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

**2.** The Custodian agrees to submit to the IRS and Depositor the reports prescribed by the IRS.

## Article VII

Notwithstanding any other articles which may be added or incorporated, the provisions of Articles I through IV and this sentence will be controlling. Any additional articles inconsistent with section 408A, the related regulations, and other published guidance will be invalid.

## Article VIII

This agreement will be amended as necessary to comply with the provisions of the Code, the related regulations, and other published guidance. Other amendments may be made with the consent of the Depositor and the Custodian.

## Article IX

**1. Definitions.** The following definitions shall apply to terms used in this Agreement:

- "Account" or "Custodial Account" means the custodial account established hereunder for the benefit of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary).
- "Agreement" means the Fidelity Roth IRA Custodial Agreement and Disclosure Statement, including the information and provisions set forth in any Application that goes with this Agreement, as may be amended from time to time. This Agreement, including the Application and any designation of Beneficiary filed with the Custodian, may be proved either by an original copy or by a reproduced copy thereof, including, without limitation, a copy reproduced by photocopying, facsimile transmission, electronic record, or electronic imaging.
- "Account Application" or "Application" shall mean the Application and the accompanying instructions, as may be amended from time to time, by which this Agreement is established between the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) and the Custodian. The statements contained therein shall be incorporated into this Agreement.
- "Authorized Agent" means the person or persons authorized by the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian to purchase or sell Investment Company Shares or Other Funding Vehicles in the Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) Account and to perform the duties and responsibilities on behalf of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) as set forth under this Agreement. The Custodian shall have no duty to question the authority of any such Authorized Agent.
- "Beneficiary" shall mean the person(s) or entity (including a trust or estate, in which case the term may mean the trustee or personal representative acting in their fiduciary capacity) designated as such by the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, designated as such by a Beneficiary) (i) in a manner acceptable to and filed with the Custodian pursuant to Article IX, Section 8 of this Agreement, or (ii) pursuant to the default provisions of Article IX, Section 8 of this Agreement.
- "Code" shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- "Company" shall mean FMR LLC, a Delaware corporation, or any successor or affiliate thereof to which FMR LLC may, from time to time, delegate or assign any or all of its rights or responsibilities under this Agreement.
- "Conversion Amount" shall mean all or any part of a distribution from an IRA other than a Roth IRA (including a SEP IRA, SARSEP IRA, or a SIMPLE-IRA) deposited in a Roth IRA.

- (i) "Custodian" shall mean Fidelity Management Trust Company or its successor(s) or affiliates. Custodian shall include any agent of the Custodian as duly appointed by the Custodian.
- (j) "Depositor" means the person named in the Account Application establishing an account for the purpose of making contributions to a Roth IRA as provided for under the Code. This term shall not include a Beneficiary who establishes an Account with the Custodian after the death of the Depositor.
- (k) "Investment Company Shares" or "Shares" shall mean shares of stock, trust certificates, or other evidences of interest (including fractional shares) in any corporation, partnership, trust, or other entity registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 for which Fidelity Management & Research Company, a Massachusetts corporation, or its successors or affiliates, serves as investment advisor.
- (l) "Money Market Shares" shall mean any Investment Company Shares which are issued by a money market mutual fund.
- (m) "Other Funding Vehicles" shall include (i) all marketable securities traded over the counter or on a recognized securities exchange which are eligible for registration on the book entry system maintained by the Depository Guaranty Trust Company ("DTC") or its successors; (ii) if permitted by the Custodian, including interest bearing accounts of the Custodian, and (iii) such other non-DTC eligible assets (but not including futures contracts) which are permitted to be acquired under a custodial account pursuant to Section 408(a) of the Code and which are acceptable to the Custodian. Notwithstanding the above, the Custodian reserves the right to refuse to accept and hold any specific asset. All assets of the Custodial Account shall be registered in the name of the Custodian or its nominee, but such assets shall generally be held in an account for which the records are maintained on a proprietary recordkeeping system of the Company.

**2. Investment of Contributions.** Contributions to the Account may only be invested in Investment Company Shares, and Other Funding Vehicles. Notwithstanding the above, the Custodian reserves the right to refuse to accept and hold any specific asset, including tax-free investment vehicles. Contributions shall be invested as follows:

- (a) *General.* The Depositor (or the Authorized Agent) shall designate each annual Roth IRA contribution and each conversion contribution as such in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian.
- (b) *Investment of Contributions.* All contributions (including transfers of assets) to the Account shall be invested in accordance with the Depositor's (the Authorized Agent's, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) instructions in the Application or as the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) directs in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, and with subsequent instructions given by the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), as the case may be, to the Custodian in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian. By giving such instructions to the Custodian, such person will be deemed to have acknowledged receipt of the then-current prospectus, or other disclosure document, if any, for any Investment Company Shares and Other Funding Vehicles in which the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) directs the Custodian to invest assets in the Account. All charges incidental to carrying out such instructions shall be charged and collected in accordance with Article IX, Section 18.
- (c) *Initial Contribution.* The Custodian will invest all contributions (including transfers of assets) promptly after their receipt thereof. However, the Custodian shall not be obligated to invest the Depositor's initial contribution (or the Beneficiary's initial transfer of assets) to this Custodial Account as indicated on the Application, until at least seven (7) calendar days have elapsed from the date of acceptance of the Application by or on behalf of the Custodian. The Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) shall be deemed to have received a copy of the Disclosure Statement which accompanies this Agreement unless a request for revocation is made to the Custodian within seven (7) calendar days following the acceptance of the Application by or on behalf of the Custodian as evidenced by notification to the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian.
- (d) *Incomplete, Unclear or Unacceptable Instructions.* If the Custodial Account at any time contains an amount as to which investment instructions in accordance with this Section 2 have not been received by the Custodian, or if the Custodian receives instructions as to an investment selection or allocation which are, in the opinion of the Custodian, incomplete, not clear or otherwise not acceptable, the Custodian may request additional instructions from the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or the Beneficiary). Pending receipt of such instructions any amount may (i) remain uninvested pending receipt by the Custodian of clear investment instructions from the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or the Beneficiary), (ii) be invested in Money Market Shares, or other core account investment vehicle, or (iii) be returned to the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), as the case may be, and any other investment may remain unchanged. The Custodian shall not be liable to anyone for any loss resulting

from delay in investing such an amount or in implementing such instructions. Notwithstanding the above, the Custodian may, but need not, for administrative convenience, maintain a balance of up to \$100 of uninvested cash in the Custodial Account.

- (e) *Minimum Investment.* Any other provision herein to the contrary notwithstanding, the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may not direct that any part or all of the Custodial Account be invested in Investment Company Shares or Other Funding Vehicles unless the aggregate amount to be invested is at least such amount as the Custodian shall establish from time to time.
- (f) *No Duty.* The Custodian shall not have any duty to question the directions of the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or the Beneficiary) in the investment or ongoing investment of the Custodial Account or to advise the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or the Beneficiary) regarding the purchase, retention, withdrawal, or sale of assets credited to the Custodial Account. The Custodian, or any of its affiliates, successors, agents, or assigns shall not be liable for any loss which results from the Depositor's (the Authorized Agent's or the Beneficiary's) exercise of control (whether by his or her action or inaction) over the Custodial Account, or any loss which results from any directions received from the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or the Beneficiary) with respect to Roth IRA assets.

### **3. Contributions by Divorced or Separated**

**Spouses.** Alimony and separate maintenance payments received by a divorced or separated spouse, and taxable under Section 71 of the Code, shall be considered compensation for purposes of computing the maximum annual contribution to the Custodial Account, and the limitations for contributions by a divorced or separated spouse shall be the same as for any other individual.

**4. Contribution Deadlines.** The following contribution deadlines generally apply to certain transactions within your Roth IRA:

- (a) *Contributions.* The last day to make annual Roth IRA contributions (including catch up contributions) for a particular tax year is the deadline for filing the Depositor's federal income tax return (not including extensions), or such later date as may be determined by the Department of the Treasury or the Internal Revenue Service for the taxable year for which the contribution relates; provided, however, the Depositor (or the Depositor's Authorized Agent) designates, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, the contribution as a contribution for such taxable year.
- (b) *Conversions.* Conversion contributions must generally be made by December 31 of the year to which the conversion contribution relates. Conversion contributions made via a 60-day rollover must be deposited in a Roth IRA within 60 days of the distribution from an IRA, other than a Roth IRA.
- (c) *Recharacterizations.* A contribution that constitutes a recharacterization of a prior IRA or Roth IRA contribution for a particular tax year must be made by the deadline for filing the Depositor's income tax return (including extensions) for such tax year or such later date as authorized by the IRS.

The Custodian shall not be responsible under any circumstances for the timing, purpose, or propriety of any contributions, nor shall the Custodian incur any liability for any tax, penalty or loss imposed on account of any contribution.

### **5. Rollover Contributions.**

The Custodian will accept for the Depositor's Custodial Account in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, all rollover contributions, within the meaning of Sections 408A(c)(3)(B), 408A(c)(6) and 408A(e) of the Code, from other Roth IRAs which consist of cash, and it may, but shall be under no obligation to accept all or any part of any other property permitted as an investment under Code Section 408A. Rollover contributions to a Roth IRA cannot be made from employer sponsored tax qualified plans. The Depositor (or the Depositor's Authorized Agent) shall, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, designate each Roth IRA rollover contribution as such to the Custodian, and by such designation shall confirm to the Custodian that a proposed Roth IRA rollover contribution qualifies as a rollover contribution within the meaning of Section 408A(c)(3)(B), 408A(c)(6) and 408A(e) of the Code. The Depositor (or the Depositor's Authorized Agent) shall provide any information the Custodian may require to properly allocate Roth IRA rollover contributions to the Depositor's Account(s). Submission by or on behalf of a Depositor of a rollover contribution consisting of assets other than cash or property permitted as an investment under this Article IX shall be deemed to be the instruction of the Depositor to the Custodian that, if such rollover contribution is accepted, the Custodian will use its best efforts to sell those assets for the Depositor's Account, and to invest the proceeds of any such sale in accordance with Section 2. The Custodian shall not be liable to anyone for any loss resulting from such sale or delay in effecting such sale; or for any loss of income or appreciation with respect to the proceeds thereof after such sale and prior to investment pursuant to Section 2; or for any failure to effect such sale if such property proves not readily marketable in the ordinary course of business. All brokerage and other costs incidental to the sale or attempted sale of such property will be charged to the Custodial Account in accordance with Article IX, Section 18. In the case of a distribution from a Roth IRA, such distribution qualifies as a rollover contribution provided it is deposited timely to another Roth

IRA and otherwise satisfies the requirements of Section 408(d)(3) of the Code for a rollover contribution. The Custodian shall not be responsible for any losses the Depositor may incur as a result of the timing of any rollover from another trustee or custodian that is due to circumstances beyond the control of the Custodian.

### **6. Conversion Contributions.**

The Custodian will accept for the Custodial Account any or all distributions from an IRA, other than a Roth IRA [including a SEP IRA, SARSEP IRA, or a SIMPLE-IRA], which consist of cash, for deposit into a Roth IRA ("conversion contribution(s)"). The Custodian may, but shall be under no obligation to, accept all or any part of any other conversion contribution(s) as permitted under Code Section 408A. The Depositor (or the Depositor's Authorized Agent) shall designate each conversion contribution as such to the Custodian and by such designation shall confirm to the Custodian that a proposed conversion contribution qualifies as a conversion within the meaning of Sections 408A(c)(3), 408A(d)(3) and 408A(e) of the Code, except that any conversion contribution shall not be considered a rollover contribution for purposes of Section 408(d)(3)(B) of the Code relating to the one-rollover-per-year rule.

### **7. Reinvestment of Earnings.**

In the absence of instructions pursuant to Section 2, distributions of every nature which are received in respect of the assets in a Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) Custodial Account shall be reinvested as described herein:

- (a) In the case of a distribution in respect of Investment Company Shares which may be received, at the election of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), in cash or in additional Shares of such Investment Company, the Custodian shall elect to receive such distribution in additional Shares of that Investment Company.
- (b) In the case of a cash distribution which is received in respect of Investment Company Shares, the Custodian shall reinvest such cash in additional Shares of that Investment Company.
- (c) In the case of any other distribution of any nature received in respect of assets in the Custodial Account, the distribution shall be liquidated to cash, if necessary, and shall be reinvested in accordance with the Depositor's (the Authorized Agent's, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) instructions pursuant to Section 2.

### **8. Designation of Beneficiary.**

A Depositor may designate a Beneficiary for his or her Account as follows:

- (a) *General.* A Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may designate a Beneficiary or Beneficiaries at any time, and any such designation may be changed or revoked at any time, by a designation executed by the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in a form and manner acceptable to, and filed with, the Custodian; provided, however, that such designation, or change or revocation of a prior designation, shall not be effective unless it is received and accepted by the Custodian no later than nine months after the death of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), and provided, further, that such designation, change or revocation shall not be effective as to any assets distributed or transferred out of the Account (including a transfer to an inherited IRA or Beneficiary Distribution Account) prior to the Custodian's receipt and acceptance of such designation, change, or revocation. Subject to Sections 10 and 11 below, the Custodian may distribute or transfer any portion of the Account immediately following the death of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) under the provisions of the designation then on file with the Custodian, and such distribution or transfer discharges the Custodian from any and all claims as to the portion of the Account so distributed or transferred. The latest such designation or change or revocation shall control except as determined by applicable law. If the Depositor had not by the date of his or her death properly designated a Beneficiary in accordance with the preceding sentence, or if no designated Beneficiary survives the Depositor, the Depositor's Beneficiary shall be his or her surviving spouse, but if he or she has no surviving spouse, the Depositor's Beneficiary shall be his or her estate. If the Depositor designates more than one primary or contingent Beneficiary as applicable but does not specify percentages to which such Beneficiary(ies) is entitled, payment will be made to the surviving Beneficiary(ies) in equal shares. Unless otherwise designated by the Depositor in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, if a primary or contingent Beneficiary designated by the Depositor predeceases the Depositor, the Shares and Other Funding Vehicles for which that deceased Beneficiary is entitled will be divided equally among the surviving primary or contingent Beneficiary(ies), as applicable. If the Beneficiary is not a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (including a resident alien individual) at the time of the Depositor's death, the distribution options and tax treatment available to such Beneficiary may be more restrictive. Unless otherwise designated by the Depositor in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, if there are no primary Beneficiaries living at the time of the Depositor's death, payment of the Depositor's Account upon his or her death will be made to the surviving contingent Beneficiaries designated by the Depositor. If a Beneficiary does not predecease the Depositor but dies before receiving his or her entire interest in the Custodial Account, his or her remaining

interest in the Custodial Account shall be paid to a Beneficiary or Beneficiary(ies) designated by such Beneficiary as his or her successor Beneficiary(ies) in a form and manner acceptable to, and filed with, the Custodian; provided, however, that such designation must be received and accepted by the Custodian in accordance with this section. If no proper designation has been made by such Beneficiary, in accordance with this section, distributions will be made to such Beneficiary's estate. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, for purposes of distributions calculated and requested pursuant to Article V, the designated beneficiary within the meaning of Section 401(a)(9)(E) of the Code shall be the individual designated as such by the Depositor. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary unless otherwise designated by the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, by a Beneficiary) in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, when used in this Agreement or in any designation of Beneficiary received and accepted by the Custodian, the term "per stirpes" shall be construed as follows: if any primary or contingent Beneficiary, as applicable, does not survive the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), but leaves surviving descendants, any share otherwise payable to such beneficiary shall instead be paid to such beneficiary's surviving descendants by right of representation. In all cases, the Custodian shall be authorized to rely on any representation of facts made by the Depositor, the executor or administrator of the estate of the Depositor, any Beneficiary, the executor or administrator of the estate of any Beneficiary, or any other person deemed appropriate by the Custodian in determining the identity of unnamed Beneficiaries.

- (b) *Minors.* If a distribution upon the death of the Depositor (or the Beneficiary) is payable to a person known by the Custodian to be a minor or otherwise under a legal disability, the Custodian may, in its absolute discretion, make all, or any part of the distribution to (i) a parent of such person; (ii) the guardian, conservator, or other legal representative, wherever appointed, of such person; (iii) a Custodial Account established under a Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, or similar act; (iv) any person having control or custody of such person; or (v) to such person directly. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, if the Account is established for a minor under the provisions of either the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act (to the extent permitted by the Custodian), the beneficiary of such Account while so established and maintained shall be the minor's estate or as otherwise determined in accordance with the applicable state Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or Uniform Transfers to Minors Act.
- (c) *QTIPs and QDOTs.* A Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may designate as Beneficiary of his or her Account a trust for the benefit of the surviving spouse that is intended to satisfy the conditions of Sections 2056(b)(7) or 2056A of the Code (a "Spousal Trust"). In that event, if the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) is survived by his or her spouse, the following provisions shall apply to the Account, from and after the death of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) until the death of the Depositor's (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) surviving spouse: (1) all of the income of the Account shall, or at the direction of the trustee(s) of such Spousal Trust, be paid to the Spousal Trust annually or at more frequent intervals as directed by the trustee(s) of such Spousal Trust, and (2) no person shall have the power to assign any part of the Account to any person other than the Spousal Trust. To the extent permitted by Sections 408A(c)(5) and 401(a)(9) of the Code, as determined by the trustee(s) of the Spousal Trust, the surviving spouse of a Depositor who has designated a Spousal Trust as the his or her Beneficiary may be treated as his or her "designated beneficiary" for purposes of the distribution requirements of that Code section. The Custodian shall have no responsibility to determine whether such treatment is appropriate.
- (d) *Judicial Determination.* Anything to the contrary herein notwithstanding, in the event of reasonable doubt respecting the proper course of action to be taken, the Custodian may in its sole and absolute discretion resolve such doubt by judicial determination which shall be binding on all parties claiming any interest in the Account. In such event all court costs, legal expenses, reasonable compensation of time expended by the Custodian in the performance of its duties, and other appropriate and pertinent expenses and costs shall be collected by the Custodian from the Custodial Account in accordance with Article IX, Section 18.
- (e) *No Duty.* The Custodian shall not have any duty to question the directions of the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) as to the time(s) and amount(s) of distributions from the Custodial Account, or to advise him or her regarding the compliance of such distributions with Section 408(a)(6), Section 401(a)(9), Section 408A(c)(5), Section 2056(b)(7) or Section 2056A of the Code.

**9. Payroll Deduction.** Subject to approval of the Custodian, a Depositor may choose to have contributions to his or her Custodial Account made through payroll deduction, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, if the Account is maintained as part of a program or plan sponsored by the Depositor's employer or if the employer otherwise agrees to provide such service. In order to establish payroll

deduction, the Depositor must authorize his or her employer to deduct a fixed amount or percentage from each pay period's salary up to the maximum annual Roth IRA contribution limit per year. Contributions to the Custodial Account of the Depositor's spouse may be made through payroll deduction if the employer authorizes the use of payroll deductions for such contributions, but such contributions must be made to a separate Account maintained for the benefit of the Depositor's spouse. The Custodian shall continue to receive for the Depositor's Account payroll deduction contributions until such time as the Depositor's instruction to his or her Employer (with reasonable advance notice) causes such contributions to be modified or to cease.

**10. Transfers to or from the Account.** Assets held on behalf of the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in another Roth IRA may be transferred by the trustee or custodian thereof directly to the Custodian, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, to be held in the Custodial Account for the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) under this Agreement. The Custodian will not be responsible for any losses the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may incur as a result of the timing of any such transfer from another trustee or custodian that are due to circumstances reasonably beyond the control of the Custodian. The Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) shall be responsible for ensuring that any transfer of another Roth IRA by the trustee or custodian thereof directly to the Custodian is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the instrument governing the Roth IRA of the transferor trustee or custodian, the Code, and any related rules, regulations, and guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service. Assets held on behalf of the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in the Account may be transferred directly to a trustee or custodian of another Roth IRA established for the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), if so directed by the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian; provided, however, that it shall be the Depositor's (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) responsibility to ensure that the transfer is permissible and satisfies the requirements of the Code and any related rules, regulations, and any guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service, including Code Sections 408(a)(6) and 401(a)(9) and applicable regulations.

**11. Distributions from the Account.** Distributions from the Account will be made only upon the request of the Depositor (or, with the prior consent of the Custodian, the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) to the Custodian in such form and in such manner as is acceptable to the Custodian. Distributions from the Account after a five-year period shall generally not be included in the Depositor's gross income provided the distribution is made after the Depositor reaches age 59½ or is made on account of the Depositor's death, disability or constitutes a distribution for qualified first time home purchase expenses. The five year period begins January 1 of the year for which an initial Roth IRA contribution is made to a Roth IRA, or if earlier, January 1 of the year in which the first conversion contribution is made to a Roth IRA and ends on the last day of the fifth taxable year that follows (the "Five Year Period"). The Custodian shall neither be responsible for recordkeeping such Five Year Period nor for determining whether any distribution from any Roth IRA qualifies as a tax-free distribution.

Notwithstanding Article V, Paragraph 3, if the Depositor's surviving spouse is the Depositor's sole Beneficiary, the remaining interest in the Account may, at the election of the surviving spouse, be distributed by December 31 of the year containing the fifth anniversary of the Depositor's death or, be distributed over the life expectancy of the surviving spouse starting no later than December 31 of the year following the year of the Depositor's death. In addition, if the Depositor's surviving spouse is the Depositor's sole Beneficiary, the surviving spouse may elect to treat the decedent's Roth IRA as his or her own.

For distributions requested pursuant to Article V, life expectancy is calculated based on information provided by the Depositor (or the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Depositor's Beneficiary) using any applicable distribution period from tables prescribed by the IRS in regulations or other guidance. The Custodian shall be under no duty to perform any calculations in connection with distributions requested pursuant to Article V, unless specifically required to by the IRS. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at the direction of the Depositor (or, with prior consent of the Custodian, the Authorized Agent, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), the Custodian may perform calculations in connection with such distributions. The Custodian shall not incur any liability for errors in such calculations as a result of its reliance on information provided by the Depositor (or the Authorized Agent, or, the Beneficiary). Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Custodian is not obligated to make any distribution absent a specific direction from the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) to do so in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, and the Custodian may rely, and shall be fully protected in so relying upon any such direction. Notwithstanding the above and Section 17 below, the Custodian is authorized to make a distribution absent the Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) direction if instructed to do so pursuant to a levy, or a court order of any kind, or in the event the Custodian resigns or is removed

as custodian. In such instance, neither the Custodian nor the Company shall, in any event, incur any liability for acting in accordance with such levy or court order, or with the procedures for resignation or removal in Section 23 below. The Custodian will not, under any circumstances, be responsible for the timing, purpose or propriety of any distribution made hereunder nor shall the Custodian incur any liability or responsibility for any tax or penalty imposed on account of any distribution, or failure to make a distribution. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, on or before December 31, 2003, a Beneficiary receiving distributions pursuant to Paragraph 1 (b) of Article V of this Custodial Agreement may generally begin taking distributions over the Beneficiary's remaining life expectancy in accordance with Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and related regulations.

**12. Recharacterization of Roth IRA Contributions.** Annual contributions held on behalf of the Depositor in another IRA may be transferred ("recharacterized") via a trustee-to-trustee transfer to the Custodian, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, to be held in the Custodial Account for the Depositor under this Agreement. The Custodian will not be responsible for any penalties or losses the Depositor may incur as a result of the timing of any such recharacterization from another trustee or custodian that are due to circumstances reasonably beyond the control of the Custodian. Annual contributions or conversion contributions held on behalf of the Depositor in the Account may be transferred ("recharacterized") via a trustee-to-trustee transfer to a trustee or custodian of another IRA established for the Depositor, if so directed by the Depositor (or the Depositor's Authorized Agent) in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian. It shall be the Depositor's responsibility in all cases to ensure that the recharacterization is permissible and satisfies the requirements of Code Section 408A and any related rules, regulations, and guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service. A contribution that constitutes a recharacterization of a prior contribution or conversion must be made by the deadline for filing the Depositor's income tax return for the year the contribution or conversion, as applicable, relates or such later date as authorized by the IRS.

**13. Actions in the Absence of Specific Instructions.** If the Custodian receives no response to communications sent to the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) at the Depositor's (the Authorized Agent's or the Beneficiary's) last known address as shown in the records of the Custodian, or if the Custodian determines, on the basis of evidence satisfactory to it, that the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) is legally incompetent, the Custodian thereafter may make such determinations with respect to distributions, investments, and other administrative matters arising under this Agreement as it considers reasonable, notwithstanding any prior instructions or directions given by or on behalf of the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary). Any determinations so made shall be binding on all persons having or claiming any interest under the Custodial Account, and the Custodian shall not incur any obligation or liability for any such determination made in good faith, for any action taken in pursuance thereof, or for any fluctuations in the value of the Account in the event of a delay resulting from the Custodian's good faith decision to await additional information or evidence.

**14. Instructions, Notices and Communications.** All instructions, notices, or communications, written or otherwise, required to be given by the Custodian to the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) shall be deemed to have been given when delivered or provided to the last known address, including an electronic address, of the Depositor or the Beneficiary in the records of the Custodian. All instructions, notices, or communications, written or otherwise, required to be given by the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) to the Custodian shall be mailed, delivered or provided to the Custodian at its designated mailing address, including an electronic address, if authorized by the Custodian, as specified on the Application or Account statement (or such other address as the Custodian may specify), and no such instruction, notice, or communication shall be effective until the Custodian's actual receipt thereof.

**15. Effect of Instructions, Notices and Communications.**

(a) *General.* The Custodian shall be entitled to rely conclusively upon, and shall be fully protected in any action or non-action taken in good faith reliance upon, any instructions, notices, communications, or instruments, written or otherwise, believed to have been genuine and properly executed. Any such notification may be proven by original copy or reproduced copy thereof, including, without limitation, a copy produced by photocopying, facsimile transmission, electronic record, or electronic imaging. For purposes of this Agreement, the Custodian may (but is not required to) give the same effect to either a telephonic instruction or an instruction received through electronic commerce as it gives to a written instruction, and the Custodian's action in doing so shall be protected to the same extent as if such telephonic or electronic commerce instructions were, in fact, a written instruction. Any such instruction may be proved by audio recorded tape, data file or electronic record maintained by the Custodian, or other means acceptable to the Custodian, as the case may be.



- (b) *Incomplete or Unclear Instructions.* If the Custodian receives instructions or other information relating to the Depositor's (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) Custodial Account which are, in the opinion of the Custodian, incomplete or not clear, the Custodian may request other instructions or information from the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary). Pending receipt of any such other instructions or information, the Custodian shall not be liable to anyone for any loss resulting from any delay, action, or inaction on the part of the Custodian. In all cases, the Custodian shall not have any duty to question any such instructions or information from a Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) relating to his or her Custodial Account or to otherwise advise the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) regarding any matter relating thereto.

## 16. Tax Matters.

- (a) *General.* The Custodian shall cause required reports and returns to be submitted to the Internal Revenue Service and to the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) including any returns relating to unrelated business taxable income generated by the Account. Such individual shall prepare any other report or return required in connection with maintaining the Account. Any taxes that result from unrelated business taxable income generated by the Account shall be remitted by the Custodian from available assets in the Account.
- (b) *Annual Report.* As required by the Internal Revenue Service, the Custodian shall deliver to the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) a report(s) of certain transactions effected in the Custodial Account and the fair market value of the assets of the Custodial Account as of the close of the prior calendar year. Unless the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) sends the Custodian written objection to a report within ninety (90) days of receipt, the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) shall be deemed to have approved of such report, and the Custodian and the Company, and their officers, employees, and agents shall be forever released and discharged from all liability and accountability to anyone with respect to their acts, transactions, duties, and responsibilities as shown on or reflected by such report(s).
- (c) *Tax Withholding.* Any distributions from the Custodial Account may be made by the Custodian net of any required tax withholding. If permitted by the Custodian, any distributions from the Custodial Account may be made net of any voluntary tax withholding requested by the Depositor (or, if permitted by the Custodian, the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary). The Custodian shall be under no duty to withhold any excise penalty which may be due as a result of any transaction in the Custodial Account.

**17. Spendthrift Provision.** Subject to Section 11 above, any interest in the Account shall generally not be transferred or assigned by voluntary or involuntary act of the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) or by operation of law; nor shall any interest in the Account be subject to alienation, assignment, garnishment, attachment, receivership, execution, or levy, except as required by law. However, this Section 17 shall not in any way be construed to, and the Custodian is in no way obligated or expected to, commence or defend any legal action or proceeding in connection with this Agreement or the Custodial Account. Commencement of any such legal action or proceeding or defense of such legal action or proceeding shall be the sole responsibility of the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) unless otherwise agreed upon by the Custodian and Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), and unless the Custodian is fully indemnified for doing so to the Custodian's satisfaction. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event of a property settlement between a Depositor or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary and his or her former spouse pursuant to which the transfer of a Depositor's interest hereunder, or a portion thereof, is incorporated in a divorce decree or in an instrument, written or otherwise incident to such divorce or legal separation, then the interest so decreed by a court to be the property of such former spouse shall be transferred to a separate Custodial Account for the benefit of such former spouse, in accordance with the requirements of the Code. In the event the Custodian is directed to distribute assets from the Custodial Account pursuant to a levy or court order, the Custodian shall do so in accordance with such levy or order and Section 11 above, and the Custodian shall not incur any liability for distributing such assets of the Account.

## 18. Fees and Expenses.

- (a) *General.* The fees of the Custodian for performing its duties hereunder shall be in such amount as the Custodian shall establish from time to time, as communicated on the Schedule of Fees which accompanies this Agreement, or in some other manner acceptable to the Custodian. All such fees, as well as expenses (such as, without limitation, brokerage commissions upon the investment of funds, fees for special legal services, taxes levied or assessed, or expenses in connection with the liquidation or retention of all or part of a rollover contribution), shall be collected by the Custodian from cash available in the Custodial Account, or if insufficient cash shall be available, by sale or withdrawal of sufficient assets in the Custodial Account and application of the sales proceeds, or funds withdrawn, to pay such fees and expenses. Alternatively, but only with the consent of the Custodian, fees and

expenses may be paid directly to the Custodian by the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) by separate check.

- (b) *Advisor Fees.* The Custodian shall, upon direction from the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) disburse from the Custodial Account payment to the Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) registered investment advisor any fees for financial advisory services rendered with regard to the assets held in the Account. Any such direction must be provided in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian and the Custodian shall not incur any liability for executing such direction. The Custodian shall be entitled to rely conclusively upon, and shall be fully protected in any action or inaction taken in full faith reliance upon any such fee disbursement direction.
- (c) *Sale of Assets/Withdrawal of Funds.* Whenever it shall be necessary in accordance with this Section 18 to sell assets, or withdraw funds, in order to pay fees or expenses, the Custodian may sell or withdraw any or all of the assets credited to the Custodial Account at that time, and shall invest the portion of the sales proceeds, or funds withdrawn remaining after collection of the applicable fees and expenses therefrom in accordance with Section 2. The Custodian shall not incur any liability on account of its sale or retention of assets under such circumstances.

**19. Voting with Respect to Securities.** The Custodian shall deliver to the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) all prospectuses and proxies that may come into the Custodian's possession by reason of its holding of Investment Company Shares or Other Funding Vehicles in the Custodial Account. The Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may direct the Custodian as to the manner in which any Investment Company Shares or Other Funding Vehicles held in the Custodial Account shall be voted with respect to any matters as to which the Custodian as holder of record is entitled to vote, coming before any meeting of shareholders of the corporation which issued such securities, or of holders of interest in the Investment Company or corporation which issued such Investment Company Shares or Other Funding Vehicles. All such directions shall be in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, and delivered to the Custodian or its designee within the time prescribed by it. The Custodian shall vote only those securities and Investment Company Shares with respect to which it has received timely directions from the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary); provided however, that by establishing (or having established) the Custodial Account the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) authorizes the Custodian to vote any Investment Company Shares held in the Custodial Account on the applicable record date, for which no timely instructions are received, in the same proportions as the Custodian has been instructed to vote the Investment Company Shares held in the Custodial Accounts for which it has received timely instructions, but effective solely with respect to votes before January 1, 2003, only to the extent that such vote is necessary to establish a quorum.

## 20. Limitations on Custodial Liability and Indemnification.

Neither the Custodian, the Company, nor any agent or affiliate thereof provides tax or legal advice. Depositors, Beneficiaries, and Authorized Agents are strongly encouraged to consult with their attorney or tax advisor with regard to their specific situation. The Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) and the Custodian intend that the Custodian shall have and exercise no discretion, authority, or responsibility as to any investment in connection with the Account, and the Custodian shall not be responsible in any way for the purpose, propriety, or tax treatment of any contribution, or of any distribution, or any other action or non-action taken pursuant to the Depositor's direction (or that of the Authorized Agent, or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary). The Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) who directs the investment of his or her Account shall bear sole responsibility for the suitability of any directed investment and for any adverse consequences arising from such an investment, including, without limitation, the inability of the Custodian to value or to sell an illiquid investment, or the generation of unrelated business taxable income with respect to an investment. Unless the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or the Beneficiary) sends the Custodian written objection to any statement, notice, confirmation or report within ninety (90) days of receipt from the Custodian, the Depositor (the Authorized Agent or the Beneficiary) shall be deemed to have approved of such statement, notice, confirmation or report, and the Custodian and the Company, and their officers, employees and agents shall be forever released and discharged from all liability and accountability to anyone with respect to their acts, transactions, duties and responsibilities as shown on or reflected by such statement, notice, confirmation or report(s). To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) shall at all times fully indemnify and save harmless the Custodian, the Company and their agents, affiliates, successors, and assigns and their officers, directors, and employees, from any and all liability arising from the Depositor's (the Authorized Agent's, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) direction under this Account, and from any and all other liability whatsoever which may arise in connection with this Agreement, except liability arising from gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the indemnified person. The Custodian shall not have any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions of any successor or predecessor custodian of this Account.

**21. Delegation to Agents.** The Custodian may delegate, pursuant to an Agreement, to one or more entities the performance of recordkeeping, ministerial, and other services in connection with the Custodial Account, for a reasonable fee (to be paid by the Custodian and not by the Custodial Account). Any such agent's duties and responsibilities shall be confined solely to the performance of such services, and shall continue only for so long as the Custodian named in the Application (or its successor) serves as Custodian or otherwise deems appropriate. Although the Custodian shall have no responsibility to give effect to a direction from anyone other than the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary), the Custodian may, in its discretion, establish procedures pursuant to which the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may delegate, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, to a third party any or all of the Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) powers and duties hereunder. Any such third party to whom the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) has so delegated powers and duties shall be treated as the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) for purposes of applying the preceding sentences of this paragraph and the provisions of this Agreement.

**22. Amendment of Agreement.** The Custodian may amend this Agreement in any respect at any time (including retroactively), so that it may conform with applicable provisions of the Code, or with any other applicable law as in effect from time to time, or to make such other changes to this Agreement as the Custodian deems advisable. Any such amendment shall be effected by delivery to the Custodian and to the Depositor (or, following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) at his or her last known address, including an electronic address (as shown in the records of the Custodian) a copy of such amendment or a restatement of this Custodial Agreement.

The Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) shall be deemed to consent to any such amendment(s) unless he or she objects thereto by sending notice to the Custodian in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, within thirty (30) calendar days from the date a copy of such amendment(s) or restatement is delivered to the Depositor to terminate this Custodial Account and distribute the proceeds, as so directed by the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary).

**23. Resignation or Removal of Custodian.** The Company may remove the Custodian at any time, and the Custodian may resign at any time, upon thirty (30) days' notice to the Depositor (the Authorized Agent, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary). Upon the removal or resignation of the

Custodian, the Company may, but shall not be required to, appoint a successor custodian under this Custodial Agreement; provided that any successor custodian shall satisfy the requirements of Code Section 408(a)(2). Upon any such successor's acceptance of appointment, the Custodian shall transfer the assets of the Custodial Account, to such successor custodian; provided, however, that the Custodian is authorized to reserve such sum of money or property as it may deem advisable for payment of any liabilities constituting a charge on or against the assets of the Custodial Account, or on or against the Custodian or the Company. Upon acceptance of such appointment, a successor custodian shall be vested with all authority, discretionary or otherwise of the Custodian pursuant to this Agreement. The Custodian shall not be liable for the acts or omissions of any predecessor or successor to it. If no successor custodian is appointed by the Company, the Custodial Account shall be terminated, and the assets of the Account, reduced by the amount of any unpaid fees or expenses, will be distributed to the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary).

**24. Termination of the Custodial Account.** The Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) may terminate the Custodial Account at any time upon notice to the Custodian in a manner and form acceptable to the Custodian. Upon such termination, the Custodian shall transfer the assets of the Custodial Account, reduced by the amount of any unpaid fees or expenses, to the custodian or trustee of another Roth IRA designated by the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary). The Custodian shall not be liable for losses arising from the acts, omissions, delays, or other inaction of any such transferee custodian or trustee. If notice of the Depositor's (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary's) intention to terminate the Custodial Account is received by the Custodian and the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary) has not designated a transferee custodian or trustee for the assets in the Account, then the assets of the Account, reduced by any unpaid fees or expenses, will be distributed to the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary).

**25. Governing Law. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of the Company and the Custodian under the Agreement, shall be construed, administered, and enforced according to the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, except as superseded by federal law or statute.**

**26. When Effective.** This Agreement shall not become effective until the acceptance of the Application by or on behalf of the Custodian, as evidenced by a notice to the Depositor (or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary).



# Important Information Affecting The Fidelity IRA and the Roth IRA

This notice describes certain provisions relating to Traditional IRAs and Roth IRAs that are now effective (unless otherwise noted), based on recent changes in the law, cost-of-living adjustments, and guidance from the IRS. This information is intended to supplement and update the information in your Fidelity IRA Disclosure Statement and/or Fidelity Roth IRA Disclosure Statement, as applicable. Please note that certain provisions as described in this notice are subject to change. As always, you are encouraged to consult a tax advisor with respect to any tax questions, or to determine how these changes may affect your personal situation.

## Contribution Information

**Annual IRA and Roth IRA Contribution Limits.** Certain IRA provisions passed into law under the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (“EGTRRA”) were set to expire after December 31, 2010. Under the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (“PPA”), these “sunset provisions” of EGTRRA are repealed. As a result, the following increased limits on aggregate IRA and Roth IRA contributions are made permanent under current law:

Tax Years	Annual IRA Contribution Limit*	Annual IRA Catch-Up Contribution for Depositor at Least Age 50	Combined Maximum Annual IRA Contribution Limit for Depositor at Least Age 50 (including Catch-Up)
2019	\$6,000	\$1,000	\$7,000
2020	\$6,000	\$1,000	\$7,000

\*After 2009, the maximum annual IRA contribution limit will be indexed for cost-of-living in \$500 increments.

**Non-Spouse Direct Rollovers to Inherited Traditional IRAs.** Effective for distributions after December 31, 2006, an eligible non-spouse beneficiary may directly roll over a decedent’s interest in a qualified plan, 403(b) plan, or governmental 457(b) plan to an inherited IRA, also called an IRA Beneficiary Distribution Account (IRA-BDA). The distribution must be directly rolled over (via trustee-to-trustee transfer) to the IRA-BDA. Entity beneficiaries are not eligible to roll over to an inherited IRA; trust beneficiaries may only directly roll over inherited plan assets to an inherited IRA if the trust meets certain “look through” trust requirements. Current or past minimum distribution amounts required under the plan’s terms may not be rolled over.

**Designated Roth Account Rollovers to Roth IRAs.** Distributions from Roth sources in employer-sponsored plans (“designated Roth accounts”) can be rolled over into a Roth IRA via a 60-day rollover or a direct rollover. If only a portion of the distribution is rolled over, the portion that is rolled over is treated as consisting first of the amount of the distribution that is includible in gross income. Please note that assets rolled from an employer-sponsored plan to a Roth IRA cannot be rolled back to an employer-sponsored plan. Additionally, note that income limits that determine taxpayer eligibility for annual contributions to a Roth IRA do not apply to Roth IRA rollover contribution amounts.

**Qualified Rollover Contribution to a Roth IRA (“Direct Roth Conversion”).** Effective for distributions occurring after December 31, 2007, the PPA allows certain distributions of pretax assets from employer-sponsored plans (for example, 401(a), 403(b), and 457(b) governmental plans) may be eligible for rollover directly into your Roth IRA, subject to the restrictions and taxation that applies to conversions from a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA, including the applicable adjusted gross income limit for conversions prior to 2010.

Beneficiaries of pretax assets in employer-sponsored plans may also request a qualified rollover contribution to a Roth IRA or an Inherited Roth IRA, if applicable. A non-spouse beneficiary may roll over a decedent’s interest in an employer plan to an Inherited Roth IRA. The distribution must be directly rolled over (via a trustee-to-trustee transfer) to the Inherited Roth IRA. A spousal beneficiary may roll over a decedent’s interest in an employer plan to either 1) an inherited Roth IRA or 2) a Roth IRA that the beneficiary elects to treat as his/her own.

A spousal beneficiary of IRA assets may also request a qualified rollover contribution from an Inherited IRA to an Inherited Roth IRA.

Assuming that all relevant IRS requirements are satisfied, a qualified rollover contribution into a Roth IRA may later be recharacterized into a Traditional IRA.

The Fidelity IRA will also accept other amounts that may qualify as a qualified rollover contribution under the Internal Revenue Code, subject to the account owner’s representation that all requirements of the Code are met.

**Direct payment of tax refunds to IRAs.** The PPA allows taxpayers to direct that a portion of his or her federal income tax refund may be directly deposited into the taxpayer’s IRA as a contribution. In certain cases, taxpayers must complete IRS Form 8888 to direct the contribution to their IRA provider.

**The PPA amended certain sections of the Internal Revenue Code to apply cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) to certain AGI limits that impact IRA deductibility for active participants (or the spouses of active participants) in an employer-sponsored retirement plan, for the Saver’s Credit, and for eligibility to contribute to a Roth IRA. These limits and others, as adjusted by the IRS for COLA, are described below.**

## Annual IRA Contributions

**AGI Limits for Deductible Contributions to a Traditional IRA.** If you are married filing jointly, and only one spouse is considered an active participant, the spouse (including a non-wage-earning spouse) who is not an active participant in an employer-sponsored retirement plan may make a fully or partially deductible IRA contribution of up to the maximum amount allowed under current law or 100% of combined compensation, whichever is less. The deductibility of the non-active participant spouse’s contribution is phased out between the following modified AGI limits:

Year	Married Taxpayers Filing Joint Returns
2019	\$193,000–\$203,000
2020	\$196,000–\$206,000

For “active participants” in an employer-sponsored retirement plan, full deduction is phased out between the following modified AGI limits:

Year	Married Taxpayers Filing Joint Returns	Single Taxpayers
2019	\$103,000–\$123,000	\$64,000–\$74,000
2020	\$104,000–\$124,000	\$65,000–\$75,000

**AGI Limits for Roth IRA Contributions.** Eligibility to make annual Roth IRA contributions is phased out between the following modified AGI limits:

Year	Married Taxpayers Filing Joint Returns	Single Taxpayers
2019	\$193,000–\$203,000	\$122,000–\$137,000
2020	\$196,000–\$206,000	\$124,000–\$139,000

Please refer to your IRA Disclosure Statement, or IRS Publication 590-A, “Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements,” to calculate the amount of your contribution if you are subject to the above limits.

**Savers Credit for IRA Contributions.** This tax credit was originally available for contributions made for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, and before January 1, 2007, under EGTRRA. The credit was made permanent under PPA. Also, as a result of PPA, the AGI limits which determine eligibility to receive the tax credit will now be subject to COLA.

**2020 Saver's Credit**

Joint Filers		Heads of Households		All Other Filers*		Credit Rate
Over	Not Over	Over	Not Over	Over	Not Over	
\$0	\$39,000	\$0	\$29,250	\$0	\$19,500	50%
\$39,001	\$42,500	\$29,251	\$31,875	\$19,501	\$21,250	20%
\$42,501	\$65,000	\$31,876	\$48,750	\$21,251	\$32,500	10%
\$65,000		\$48,750		\$32,500		0%

\*Single filers and married taxpayers filing separately

**SEP-IRA Contributions.** If you are a participant in a SEP plan offered by your employer, your employer may make annual SEP contributions on your behalf up to the lesser of 25% of compensation or \$56,000 for 2019 and \$57,000 for 2020. The limit is indexed for COLA in \$1,000 increments in subsequent years. The maximum compensation on which contributions to SEPs and SARSEPs can be based is \$280,000 for 2019 and \$285,000 for 2020, and will be indexed for COLA in \$5,000 increments in subsequent years. Elective deferrals to SARSEPs are also subject to the limits more fully described below. Additionally, SARSEP participants who reach age 50 by December 31 of the tax year for the corresponding contribution may be able to contribute an additional catch-up contribution, if the plan allows.

Tax Years	Annual Elective Deferral Limit	SARSEP Catch-Up Contribution for Participants at Least Age 50	Maximum Annual Elective Deferral Limit for Participants at Least Age 50 (including Catch-Up)
2019	\$19,000	\$6,000	\$25,000
2020	\$19,500	\$6,500	\$26,000

**Roth Conversion Limit.** For tax years beginning after December 31, 2009, the \$100,000 AGI limit and filing status requirement to convert to a Roth IRA is eliminated.

**PPA, as well as certain other legislative changes, included provisions that affect distributions from IRAs and Roth IRAs, as described below.**

**Distributions**

**Designated Roth Account Rollovers and the 5-Taxable-Year Period of Participation.** If there is a rollover of designated Roth account assets from an employer-sponsored plan to a Roth IRA, the period that the rolled-over funds were in the employer-sponsored plan do not count toward the determination of the 5-year period in the Roth IRA. However, if an individual had established a Roth IRA in a year prior to the rollover, the 5-year period for determining qualified distributions from the Roth IRA, which began with the first contribution to that Roth IRA, would also apply to any funds subsequently rolled over from an employer-sponsored plan.

**Qualified HSA Funding Distribution.** A one-time “qualified Health Savings Account (HSA) funding distribution” may be made from an IRA (other than a SEP or SIMPLE-IRA) and contributed to the health savings account of an individual in a direct trustee-to-trustee transfer. If eligible, the amount of the distribution will not be includable in income and is limited to the statutory maximum contribution allowed for such HSA eligible individual, reduced by any other contributions made to the HSA for that year. The distribution is not subject to the 10% early withdrawal penalty if taken prior to age 59½.

**Qualified Reservist Distribution.** A “qualified reservist distribution” may be made from a qualified plan or an IRA by an individual ordered or called into active duty for a period of more than 179 days of active duty or for an indefinite period of time after September 11, 2001. The amount distributed may be recontributed to an IRA at any time during a two-year period after the end of active duty. The distribution is not subject to the 10% early withdrawal penalty if taken prior to age 59½.

**Qualified Charitable Distribution.** Under the “Protecting Americans from Tax Hikes” (PATH) Act of 2015, qualified charitable distributions (QCDs) were permanently extended. A QCD may be made from an IRA (other than an active SEP or SIMPLE IRA), and be excluded from income after the IRA owner has reached 70½ years old, if directly transferred to a qualifying charitable organization for up to a maximum of \$100,000 per taxpayer. The amount excluded from income will be reduced by an amount equal to the aggregate amount, if any, of deductible IRA contributions made to the IRA since age 70½. The entire amount must otherwise be includable in income and otherwise tax deductible as a charitable contribution. The distribution may be used to satisfy the IRA’s required minimum distribution and is not subject to withholding.

**Inherited IRA rolled over from a qualified plan by a Non-Spouse Beneficiary.** To the extent an individual who is a non-spouse beneficiary has rolled over inherited qualified plan assets from a qualified plan, 403(b) plan, or governmental 457(b) plan into an inherited IRA, the following special rules apply:

In general, the RMD rules of the deceased participant’s employer-sponsored plan for non-spouse beneficiaries also apply to the Inherited IRA. This is usually the 10-year rule for non-spouse beneficiaries. The life-expectancy rule [401(a)(9)(B)(iii)] applies only when the beneficiary is the spouse, minor child of the employee, disabled/chronically ill individual, or any other person who is not more than 10 years younger than the deceased account owner.

**For additional information on changes affecting your IRA, please review IRS Publication 590-B, or contact your investment professional. You should review these changes carefully. As always, you are encouraged to consult a tax advisor with respect to any tax questions or to determine how these changes may affect your personal situation.**

# Fidelity Roth Individual Retirement Account

The following information is generally applicable for tax years beginning after December 31, 2001 and is provided to you in accordance with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") and should be reviewed in conjunction with both the Custodial Agreement and the Application for this Roth Individual Retirement Account ("Roth IRA"). This Roth IRA is a custodial account (the "Account") created to provide for the Depositor's retirement and for the support of the Depositor, or following the death of the Depositor, the Beneficiary(ies). Interests in the Account are nonforfeitable.

The terms used in this Disclosure Statement have the meaning set forth in Article IX of the Custodial Agreement for this Roth IRA unless a different meaning is clearly required by the context. Except as otherwise noted or as clearly required by the context, "You" and "Your" refer to the Depositor for whose benefit the Roth IRA is originally established and following the death of the Depositor, "You" or "Your" refers to the Beneficiary. **Neither the Custodian, the Company nor any affiliate or agent thereof provides tax or legal advice. As a result, you are strongly encouraged to seek competent tax or legal advice for any and all matters regarding this Roth IRA, with regard to your specific situation, as such matters may result in adverse tax consequences and/or penalties.**

**Right to Revoke.** If you do not receive this Disclosure Statement at least seven (7) calendar days prior to the establishment of this Roth IRA, you may revoke this Account by mailing or delivering a request for revocation, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, within seven (7) calendar days after the establishment date of your Account. You will be deemed to have received this Disclosure Statement unless a request to receive this information is made to the Custodian at the location below within seven (7) calendar days following acceptance by the Custodian of your Roth IRA as evidenced by notification by or on behalf of the Custodian. Your revocation request must be delivered, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, to:

For mutual fund and brokerage Roth IRAs:

**Fidelity Investments**  
**Attn: Client Services**  
**P.O. Box 770001**  
**Cincinnati, OH 45277-0045**

Or

**Overnight and Certified**  
**Fidelity Investments**  
**Attn: Client Services**  
**100 Crosby Parkway KC1K-PR**  
**Covington, KY 41015**

Upon revocation, you will receive a full refund of your initial contribution (or transfer of assets as applicable), including sales commissions (if any) and/or administrative fees. If you have any questions relative to revoking the Account, please call our 24-hour, toll-free number, 1-800-544-4774.

**Types of IRAs.** *The following account types are available under the Fidelity Roth Individual Retirement Account Custodial Agreement and Disclosure Statement.*

#### Accounts for Depositors.

**Roth IRA.** If you have "compensation" and your tax filing status and "adjusted gross income" satisfy certain requirements, you may make annual non-deductible contribution(s) of up to the maximum amount allowed under current law to a Roth IRA. You may also be able to convert an existing non-Roth IRA to your Roth IRA, depending on your adjusted gross income. The income earned on the amounts contributed to a Roth IRA will not be subject to tax upon distribution, provided certain requirements are met. If you are married and filing a joint tax return with your spouse, your spouse may also make a contribution to a separate Roth IRA established for his or her exclusive benefit, even if your spouse had no compensation for that year.

#### Accounts for Beneficiaries

**Inherited Roth IRA.** If you are a beneficiary who inherits a Roth IRA from a deceased Depositor (or deceased Beneficiary), you may maintain the tax deferred status of those inherited assets in an Inherited Roth IRA. Contributions are not permitted to be made to an Inherited Roth IRA. An Inherited Roth IRA may also be referred to as a Roth Beneficiary Distribution Account (Roth IRA BDA). A beneficiary of an Inherited Roth IRA is generally required to take annual minimum distributions from the account over a 10-year period or life expectancy unless you meet the criteria of an Eligible Designated Beneficiary.

Note: For purposes of this Disclosure Statement, "**Compensation**" refers to wages, salaries, professional fees, or other amounts derived from or received for personal service actually rendered and includes the earned income of a self-employed individual, and certain alimony or separate maintenance payments includible in your gross income. In addition, certain non-tuition fellowship and stipend payments and difficulty of care payments can also be treated as Compensation. For self-employed individuals, compensation means earned income. "**Adjusted Gross Income**" ("AGI") is determined prior to adjustments for personal exemptions and itemized deductions. For purposes of determining eligibility to make a Roth IRA contribution, AGI is modified to take into account any taxable benefits under the Social Security and the Railroad Retirement Acts, and passive loss limitations under Code Section 469, except that you should disregard deductions for contributions to IRAs maintained under Section 408 of the Code for the particular tax year, Code Sections 135, 137, 911 and income otherwise resulting from the conversion of an IRA maintained under Section 408 of the Code to a Roth IRA. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2004, any amount included in income as a result of a required minimum distribution from an IRA, pursuant to Section 408(d)(6) of the Code, shall be excluded from AGI for purposes of determining an individual's eligibility to make a conversion contribution to a Roth IRA.

**Account Information.** *The following information may apply to both Depositors and Beneficiaries, except as otherwise clearly indicated.*

**Designation of Beneficiary.** You should designate a Beneficiary(ies) to receive the balance of your Account upon your death. The Beneficiary(ies) must be designated on your Account Application, or in another form and manner acceptable to the Custodian. If you are a Beneficiary and you maintain an Inherited Roth IRA, you should designate a Successor Beneficiary in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian. The assets remaining in your Account will be distributed upon your death to the Beneficiary(ies) or Successor Beneficiary(ies) named by you on record with the Custodian in accordance with the provisions of the Fidelity Roth IRA Custodial Agreement. Please refer to Article IX, Section 8 of your Custodial Agreement ("Designation of Beneficiary") for more information. If a Beneficiary you designate is not a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (including a resident alien individual) at the time of your death, distribution options from the Account and the tax treatment of such distributions may be more restrictive.

**Investment of Account.** The assets in your Account will be invested in accordance with instructions communicated from you (or your Authorized Agent, if any). You should read any publicly available information (e.g., prospectuses, annual reports, etc.) which would enable you to make an informed investment decision, and take into account your overall investment portfolio, your tolerance for risk, the time frame of your investments, and the various tax consequences of your actions. You should periodically review your investments, and make any adjustments that you feel may be necessary. If no investment instructions are received from you, or if the instructions received are, in the opinion of the Custodian, incomplete or unclear, or might result in an erroneous transaction, you may be requested to provide further instructions or other information. In the absence of such instructions or information, all or a part of your investment may 1) remain uninvested pending instructions or information from you or your Authorized Agent, if any, 2) be returned to you, or 3) may be invested in Money Market Shares. ***You could lose money by investing in a money market fund. Although the fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Fidelity Investments and its affiliates, the fund's sponsor, have no legal obligation to provide financial support to money market funds and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the fund at any time.*** Fidelity's government and U.S. Treasury money market funds will not impose a fee upon the sale of your shares, nor temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the fund's weekly liquid assets fall below 30% of its total assets because of market conditions or other factors. No part of your Account may be invested in life insurance or be commingled with other property, except in a common trust fund or common investment fund. Keep in mind that with respect to investments in regulated investment company shares (i.e., mutual funds) or other securities held in your Account, growth in the value of your Account cannot be guaranteed or projected by the Custodian.

**Contributions.** *The following information about Contributions applies to Roth IRA Depositors only. It does not apply to a Beneficiary (or Successor Beneficiary) or to an Inherited Roth.*

**Types of Contributions.**

**Annual Contributions.** You may make annual contributions to your Roth IRA anytime up to and including the due date, not including extensions, for filing your tax return for the year for which the contribution is made (generally April 15). Contributions (other than rollover, recharacterized or conversion contributions in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian) must be made in cash and not in-kind. All contributions to a Roth IRA are nondeductible.

**Catch-Up Contributions.** If you are at least age 50 by December 31 of the calendar year to which a contribution relates, you may make a “catch-up” contribution to your Roth IRA, in addition to the annual contribution. It is your responsibility to ensure that you meet the requirements for making a catch-up contribution, and for ensuring that you do not exceed the limits as applicable.

**Conversion Contributions.** You may contribute all or any part of a distribution from an IRA, other than a Roth IRA, including a SEP IRA, SARSEP IRA, or SIMPLE-IRA, to a Roth IRA (“conversion contribution”) within 60 days or by means of a trustee-to-trustee transfer, provided the amount is otherwise eligible to be rolled over. For these purposes, the one-rollover-per-year rule does not apply. You will be subject to income tax on the taxable portion of any conversion contribution, but the premature distribution penalty will not apply. Assets held in a SIMPLE-IRA may be converted to a Roth IRA only after the expiration of the two-year period beginning on the date your employer first made contributions to your SIMPLE-IRA Plan maintained by your employer and as more fully described in Section 72(t)(6) of the Code. However, distributions from tax qualified plans (for example, pension, profit-sharing and Keogh plans) may not be contributed directly to a Roth IRA. This taxable portion is the amount that would have been included in your income if you had actually taken a distribution from such IRA (the “conversion amount”). Please note that withholding taxes from a Roth IRA Conversion may make you ineligible for a Roth IRA Conversion, as amounts withheld from a Roth IRA Conversion are used in determining conversion AGI eligibility. If you are under age 59½, you will be subject to a 10% early withdrawal penalty on any amounts distributed from your IRA and not converted to a Roth IRA within 60 days.

**Sixty-Day Rollover Contributions.** If you have taken a distribution of all or part of your assets from your Roth IRA, you may make a rollover contribution of the same property into the same Roth IRA, another Roth IRA, or an individual retirement annuity established as a Roth IRA under Code Section 408A, provided the rollover contribution is made within 60 days of your receipt of the distribution. This rollover treatment does not require you to include the distribution in your ordinary income if it is reinvested within the 60-day period, and it allows you to maintain the tax-deferred status of these assets. A 60-day rollover can be made from a Roth IRA once every 12 months. All or any part of an amount distributed for a qualified first-time home purchase of a principal residence which does not materialize, can be returned or rolled over to your Roth IRA. In such instance, the 60 days is extended to 120 days, and the rollover will not count for purposes of the “once every 12 months rule” mentioned above. Under certain circumstances, the 60-day rollover requirement may be waived, if IRS requirements are met.

**Excess Contributions.** Roth IRA contributions which exceed the allowable maximum per year, impermissible rollovers, and conversion contributions in any year in which your AGI exceeds \$100,000 which remain in a Roth IRA beyond the tax-filing deadline for the year for which the contribution relates are considered excess contributions. An excise tax of 6% of the excess amount contributed will be incurred for each year in which the excess contribution remains in your Roth IRA. You may correct an excess contribution and avoid the 6% penalty tax for that year by withdrawing the excess contribution and its earnings, if any, on or before the due date, including extensions, for filing your federal tax return for the year. The amount of the excess contribution withdrawn will not be considered a premature distribution nor be taxed as ordinary income, but any earnings withdrawn will be taxed as ordinary income to you and may be subject to a 10% early withdrawal penalty if you are under age 59½. Alternatively, excess contributions may be carried forward and reported in the next year to the extent that the excess, when aggregated with any annual Roth IRA contribution for the subsequent year, does not exceed the maximum amount for that year. The 6% excise tax will be imposed on excess contributions in each year they are not returned or applied as contributions.

**Recharacterized Contributions.** You may elect, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, to transfer (“recharacterize”) via a trustee-to-trustee transfer of assets any contribution in your Roth IRA (the “Initial IRA”), to another IRA (“the Second IRA”), or vice versa. Any net income attributable to a contribution that is recharacterized must be transferred to the Second IRA. You may also elect to recharacterize an amount converted to your Roth IRA back to an IRA. The election to recharacterize any contribution and the trustee-to-trustee transfer must be completed on or before the due date (generally April 15), including extensions, for filing your federal income tax return for the year for which the contribution to the Initial IRA relates. The amount(s) that is recharacterized is treated as having been originally contributed

to the Second IRA on the same date and for the same taxable year that the amount was contributed to your Initial IRA. You may not reconvert an amount previously converted and recharacterized before the later of January 1 of the taxable year following the taxable year in which the conversion is made, or the end of the thirty (30) day period beginning on the day a recharacterization is transferred back to the Initial IRA.

**Annual Roth IRA Contribution Limits.**

**General.** You may make annual Roth IRA contributions of up to the lesser of 100% of your compensation, or the maximum amount allowed under current law. The maximum annual contribution limit for your Roth IRA is reduced by the amount of any contributions you make to any other IRAs, including Traditional IRAs, but excluding any employer contributions, such as salary deferral contributions made to a SARSEP IRA or a SIMPLE IRA, for the particular tax year. If you are at least age 50 by December 31 of the tax year to which the contribution relates, you may make an additional “catch-up” contribution. The maximum annual contribution limits for aggregate IRA and Roth IRA contributions for the following tax years are:

**AGI Limits for Contributions.** The amount of annual contributions may be limited depending on your AGI. In 2019 your eligibility to contribute to a Roth IRA

Tax Years	Annual IRA Contribution Limit	Annual IRA Catch-Up Contribution for Depositor at Least Age 50	Maximum Annual IRA Contribution Limit for Depositor at Least Age 50 (including Catch-Up)
2019 and 2020	\$6,000	\$1,000	\$7,000

is phased out for AGI of \$122,000 – \$137,000 for individuals, for AGI of \$193,000 – \$203,000 for married couples filing joint returns, and AGI of \$0 – \$10,000 for married couples filing separate returns. The maximum annual Roth IRA contribution is reduced proportionately for AGI that exceeds the applicable dollar amount. The applicable dollar amount for individuals is \$122,000, \$193,000 for married couples filing joint returns and \$0 for married individuals filing separate returns. Married individuals filing separate returns who have lived apart at all times during the past year are treated as individuals for purposes of determining AGI limits for contributions. To determine the amount of your maximum annual Roth IRA contribution, you may use the following calculation:

1. Subtract the applicable dollar amount specified above from your AGI. If the result is \$15,000 or more (\$10,000 or more for married couples filing joint returns), stop; you cannot make an annual Roth IRA contribution.
2. Subtract the figure in 1 above from \$15,000 (\$10,000 for married couples filing joint returns).
3. Divide the result from 2 above by \$15,000 (\$10,000 for married couples filing joint returns).
4. Multiply the applicable annual contribution limit amount by the fraction resulting from 3 above. This is the maximum annual Roth IRA contribution per individual.

If the annual Roth IRA contribution limit is not a multiple of \$10, then it is to be rounded up to the next highest \$10 multiple. No dollar limit shall be reduced below \$200 unless such limitation is reduced to zero. The contribution to a Roth IRA for a married individual filing a separate return is phased out when AGI is between \$0 and \$10,000.

**AGI Limits for Conversion Contributions.** Eligibility to make a conversion from an IRA, other than a Roth IRA, to a Roth IRA is phased out for individuals and married couples filing joint returns in any calendar year in which AGI exceeds \$100,000. Married couples filing separate returns, other than married individuals who live apart from his or her spouse for the entire taxable year, are not permitted to make a conversion contribution. If you have reached age 72,<sup>1</sup> your required minimum distribution under Sections 408(a)(6) and 401(a)(9) of the Code and applicable regulations must be satisfied with respect to each IRA, other than a Roth IRA, prior to making a conversion contribution for such year. The amount of any minimum distribution from an IRA other than a Roth IRA required for the year of the conversion cannot be converted to a Roth IRA.

**Tax credit for IRA contributions.** You may be able to receive a tax credit for your contribution to your Roth IRA. The maximum annual contribution amount eligible for the credit is \$2,000 per person. Eligibility for the credit, which is a percentage of the contribution amount, is determined by your AGI as indicated in the chart below, as well as other requirements.\*

\*SAVER’S AGI limits will be indexed for cost-of-living in \$500 increments

Joint Filers (AGI)	Heads of Households (AGI)	All Other Filers (AGI)	Credit Rate
\$0–\$39,000	\$0–\$29,250	\$0–\$19,500	50%
\$39,001–\$42,500	\$29,251–\$31,875	\$19,501–\$21,250	20%
\$42,501–\$65,000	\$31,876–\$48,750	\$21,251–\$32,500	10%
Over \$65,000	Over \$48,750	Over \$32,500	0%

**Distributions.** *The following information about Distributions may apply to both Depositors and Beneficiaries, except as otherwise clearly indicated.*

**General.** Distributions from the Account will only be made upon your request (or, with your prior authorization and the consent of the Custodian, the request of the Authorized Agent) in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian.

However, the Custodian may make a distribution from the Account without such instruction if directed to do so by a levy or court order, or in the event of the Custodian's resignation. Distributions from the Account are not required to begin when the Depositor turns age 72,<sup>1</sup> however minimum distribution requirements under Sections 408(a)(6) and 401(a)(9) of the Code and applicable regulations do apply to Beneficiaries after the Depositor's death. Distributions from the Account generally will not be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes for the year in which they are received provided, however, that the distribution is made after the Five-Year Period beginning January 1 of the year for which the Depositor's first annual Roth IRA contribution is made, or, if earlier, January 1 of the year in which the Depositor's first conversion contribution is made (the "Five-Year Period") AND (i) on or after the date the Depositor attains age 59½, or (ii) after the Depositor dies or becomes disabled, or (iii) it is a qualified first-time home buyer distribution (up to a lifetime maximum of \$10,000). The Depositor has one Five-Year Period for all of his or her Roth IRAs for purposes of determining qualified distributions. It is your responsibility to recordkeep the Five-Year Period and determine whether a distribution qualifies as a tax-free distribution.

If distributions do not meet the requirements for qualified distributions, they will be includible in income to the extent of any earnings on contributions. Distributions are treated as being made first from aggregate annual Roth IRA contributions and if aggregate distributions exceed aggregate annual contributions, then from amounts converted from IRAs, other than a Roth IRA, on a first-in, first-out basis, and lastly from any earnings. Distributions allocated to converted amounts are treated as coming first from the portion of the converted amount that was required to be included in the Depositor's gross income as a result of the conversion. Only when distributions from all the Depositor's Roth IRAs exceed all annual contributions and conversion contributions to his or her Roth IRA will any earnings attributable to these contributions be taxed. Such distributions that do not meet the requirements of qualified distributions will be taxed as ordinary income in the year received and may be subject to the 10% early withdrawal penalty.

**Premature Distributions to Roth IRA Depositors.** To the extent distributions are not a return of a previous Roth IRA contribution or to the extent that they are attributable to a conversion contribution and are made before the expiration of the Five-Year Period, distributions from a Roth IRA(s) made before the Depositor reaches age 59½ will be subject to a nondeductible 10% early withdrawal penalty (in addition to being taxable as ordinary income to the extent includible in income). Exceptions to this 10% early withdrawal penalty are available if the distribution is made on account of the Depositor's death or disability, or if the distribution is:

- part of a series of substantially equal periodic payments made not less frequently than annually over the Depositor's life or life expectancy or the joint life expectancies of the Depositor and the Depositor's Beneficiary, for qualified medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of the Depositor's AGI,
- to cover qualified health insurance premiums of certain unemployed individuals,
- used to acquire a first-time principal residence for the Depositor, the Depositor's spouse, the Depositor or the Depositor's spouse's children, grandchildren, or ancestors (subject to a \$10,000 lifetime limit from all the Depositor's IRAs, including any Roth IRAs),
- used to pay qualified higher education expenses for the Depositor, the Depositor's spouse, the Depositor's children, or grandchildren, or the children or grandchildren of the Depositor's spouse,
- made on account of an IRS levy, as described in Code Section 6331, or
- made for birth or adoption expenses (subject to a \$5,000 limit).

You, as Depositor, are strongly encouraged to consult with your tax advisor to see if an exception to the early withdrawal penalty applies before requesting any distribution prior to age 59½. You, as Beneficiary, are also strongly encouraged to consult a tax advisor prior to requesting any distribution after the Depositor's death.

**Distribution After Death of the Depositor.** If you are a Beneficiary and have inherited a Roth IRA from a Depositor who died after reaching age 72,<sup>1</sup> you must generally begin receiving distributions by December 31 of the year following the year of the Depositor's death. A spouse, a minor child of the account owner, an individual who is not more than 10 years younger than the account owner, or a disabled/chronically ill individual can extend payments over his or her life expectancy. Other non-spouse beneficiaries will be required to distribute the asset over a 10-year period. Special rules may also apply to beneficiaries who are not citizens of the United States.

If you, as Beneficiary, do not meet the minimum distribution requirements for the Account, you may be subject to a penalty tax of 50% of the difference between the required minimum distribution for the tax year and the amount actually received during such year. The Five-Year Period described above is not redetermined after the Depositor's death. Therefore, once a Roth IRA is held in the name of a Beneficiary in an Inherited Roth IRA, the Five-Year Period will include the period the Roth IRA was held by the Depositor, unless the Depositor's surviving spouse elects to treat the Roth IRA as his or her own, and has an earlier Five-Year Period than the Depositor did.

**Miscellaneous.** *The following information may apply to both Depositors and Beneficiaries, except as otherwise clearly indicated.*

**Other Considerations with Respect to the Account.**

**Divorce or Legal Separation.** If all or any portion of your Account is awarded to a former spouse or spouse pursuant to divorce or legal separation, such portion can be transferred to a Roth IRA in the receiving spouse's name. This transaction can be processed without any tax implications to you provided a written instrument specifically directing such transfer is executed by a court incident to the divorce or legal separation in accordance with Code Section 408(d)(6) is received and accepted by the Custodian. The Custodian may require other direction from you and the recipient of any portion of your Account.

**Fees and Expenses.** Fees and other expenses of maintaining and terminating your Account, if any, are described in the Schedule of Fees, which accompanies this Disclosure Statement (or in some other manner acceptable to the Custodian), and may be changed from time to time, as provided in the Custodial Agreement.

**Prohibited Transactions.** If any of the events prohibited by Code Section 4975 (such as any sale, exchange or leasing of any property between you and your Account, or the purchase of any securities on margin in your Account) occurs during the existence of your Account, your Account will be disqualified and the entire balance in your Account will be treated as if distributed to you as of the first day of the year in which the prohibited event occurs. If all or any part of the Account is pledged as security for a loan, then the portion so pledged will be treated as if distributed to you. Such distributions would be subject to ordinary income tax and, if you are a Depositor under age 59½ at the time, to a 10% tax penalty on premature distributions.

**Other Tax Considerations.**

**Tax Withholding.** Federal income tax will generally not be withheld from distributions you receive from the Account unless you elect to have such tax withheld or the distribution represents earnings attributable to an excess contribution(s). For the portion of a distribution representing earnings attributable to an excess contribution(s), federal income tax will automatically be withheld at a rate of 10%, unless you elect out of withholding or request withholding at a higher rate. In addition, state income tax will generally not be withheld from your Roth IRA distributions, unless you elect to have such tax withheld or the distribution represents earnings attributable to an excess contribution(s).

**No Special Tax Treatment.** No distribution to you or anyone else from your Account can qualify for capital gain treatment under the federal income tax laws. The taxable portion of the distribution is taxed to the person receiving it as ordinary income. There are no special averaging rules applicable to distributions from your Account.

**Reporting for Tax Purposes.** If you are a Depositor, contributions and distributions must be reported by you on such forms as the IRS may require. Contributions to a Roth IRA are not deductible on tax Form 1040 or 1040A for the taxable year contributed. If you are a Beneficiary, distributions must also be reported by you on such forms as the IRS may require. Taxable portions of non-qualified distributions from a Roth IRA must be reported on tax Form 1040 or 1040A for the taxable year of the distribution. Other reporting will be required by you in the event that special taxes or penalties described herein are due. You may also be responsible for filing IRS Form 8606 to calculate the amount includible in gross income due to conversions or distributions, and to account for any recharacterization of contributions or conversions. You must also file Treasury Form 5329 (or such other form(s) as the IRS may require) with the IRS for each taxable year for which the contribution limits are exceeded, or a premature distribution takes place from your Roth IRA(s).

**IRS Approval.** The form of this Roth IRA is the model government form provided by the IRS known as Form 5305-RA. For more information on Roth IRAs, please refer to IRS Publication 590 or contact the IRS.

<sup>1</sup>The change in the RMD age requirement from 70½ to 72 only applies to individuals who turn 70½ on or after January 1, 2020. Please speak with your tax advisor regarding the impact of this change on future RMDs.





# Fidelity Individual Retirement Account

The following information is generally applicable for tax years beginning after December 31, 2001, and is provided to you in accordance with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") and should be reviewed in conjunction with both the Custodial Agreement and the Application for this Individual Retirement Account ("IRA"). This IRA is a custodial account (the "Account") created to provide for the Depositor's retirement and following the death of the Depositor, the support of the Depositor's Beneficiary(ies). Interests in the Account are nonforfeitable. The terms used in this Disclosure Statement shall have the meaning set forth in Article VIII of the Custodial Agreement for this IRA unless a different meaning is clearly required by the context. Except as otherwise noted or as clearly required by the context, "You" and "Your" refer to the Depositor for whose benefit the IRA is originally established and following the death of the Depositor, "You" or "Your" shall refer to the Beneficiary. **Neither the Custodian, the Company nor any affiliate or agent thereof provides tax or legal advice. As a result, you, as Depositor or Beneficiary, are strongly encouraged to seek competent tax or legal advice with respect to any and all matters pertaining to this IRA with regard to your specific situation, as such matters may result in adverse tax consequences and/or penalties.**

**Right to Revoke.** If you do not receive this Disclosure Statement at least seven (7) calendar days prior to the establishment of this IRA, you may revoke this Account by mailing or delivering a request for revocation, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, within seven (7) calendar days after the establishment date of your Account. You will be deemed to have received this Disclosure Statement unless a request to receive this information is made to the Custodian at the location below within seven (7) calendar days following acceptance by or on behalf of the Custodian of your IRA as evidenced by notification to you. Your revocation request must be delivered, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, to:

For mutual fund and brokerage Traditional IRAs:

**Fidelity Investments**  
**Attn: Client Services**  
**P.O. Box 770001**  
**Cincinnati, OH 45277-0045**

Or

**Overnight and Certified**  
**Fidelity Investments**  
**Attn: Client Services**  
**100 Crosby Parkway – KC1K-PR**  
**Covington, KY 41015**

Upon revocation, you will receive a full refund of your initial contribution (or transfer of assets as applicable), including sales commissions (if any) and/or administrative fees. If you have any questions relative to revoking the Account, please call our 24-hour, toll-free number, 1-800-544-4774.

**Types of IRAs.** *The following account types are available under the Fidelity Individual Retirement Account Custodial Agreement and Disclosure Statement.*

#### Accounts for Depositors

**Traditional IRA and Rollover IRA.** If you have "compensation," you may make annual contributions of up to the maximum amount allowed under current law to a Traditional IRA for a taxable year. Some or all of your contribution may be deductible depending on your (and your spouse's) circumstances and "adjusted gross income." Any earnings on your contributions may grow tax deferred until distributed from your Traditional IRA. If you and your spouse file a joint federal income tax return and meet certain requirements, you may make an IRA contribution to a separate IRA established for the exclusive benefit of your spouse, even if your spouse has not received compensation during the taxable year. If you retire or change jobs, you may be eligible for a distribution from your employer's retirement plan. Eligible rollover distributions from certain plans may generally be rolled over tax-free to a Traditional IRA or Rollover IRA, and can continue to grow tax-deferred until distributed.

**SEP-IRA.** If your employer offers a Simplified Employee Pension Plan (SEP), a separate IRA may be established to receive your employer's contributions under the SEP arrangement. All SEP contributions are tax deductible to the employer, and any earnings grow tax deferred until distributed. If established prior to January 1, 1997, your employer's SEP may also allow you to make elective salary deferrals to a SARSEP-IRA.

#### Accounts for Beneficiaries

**Inherited IRA.** If you are a beneficiary who inherits from a deceased Depositor (or a deceased Beneficiary) a Traditional IRA, Rollover IRA, SEP-IRA, or SIMPLE IRA, you may maintain the tax deferred status of those inherited assets in an Inherited IRA. Contributions are not permitted to be made to an Inherited IRA. An Inherited IRA may also be referred to as a Beneficiary Distribution Account (BDA) or IRA-BDA. A beneficiary of an Inherited IRA is generally required to take annual minimum distributions from the account.

**For more information about Roth IRAs and Inherited Roth IRAs, please refer to the Fidelity Roth Individual Retirement Account Disclosure Statement.**

Note: For purposes of this Disclosure Statement, "**Compensation**" refers to wages, salaries, professional fees, or other amounts derived from or received for personal services actually rendered and includes the earned income of a self-employed individual, and certain alimony or separate maintenance payments includible in your gross income. In addition, certain non-tuition fellowship and stipend payments and difficulty of care payments can also be treated as Compensation. For self-employed individuals, compensation means earned income. "**Adjusted Gross Income**" ("AGI") is determined prior to adjustments for personal exemptions and itemized deductions. For purposes of determining the IRA deduction, AGI is modified to take into account any taxable benefits under the Social Security and the Railroad Retirement Acts, and passive loss limitations under Code Section 469, except that you should disregard Code Sections 135, 137, and 911.

**Account Information.** *The following information may apply to both Depositors and Beneficiaries, except as otherwise clearly indicated.*

**Designation of Beneficiary.** You should designate a Beneficiary(ies) to receive the balance of your Account upon your death. The Beneficiary(ies) must be designated on your Account Application, or in another form and manner acceptable to the Custodian. If you are a Beneficiary and you maintain an Inherited IRA, you should designate a Successor Beneficiary in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian. The assets remaining in your Account will be distributed upon your death to the Beneficiary(ies) or Successor Beneficiary(ies) named by you on record with the Custodian in accordance with the provisions of the Fidelity IRA Custodial Agreement. Please refer to Article VIII, Section 7 of your Custodial Agreement ("Designation of Beneficiary") for more information. If a Beneficiary you designate is not a U.S. citizen or other U.S. Person (including a resident alien individual) at the time of your death, distribution options from the Account and the tax treatment of such distributions may be more restrictive.

**Investment of Account.** The assets in your Account will be invested in accordance with instructions communicated from you (or your Authorized Agent, if any). You should read any publicly available information (e.g., prospectuses, annual reports, etc.), which would enable you to make an informed investment decision, and take into account your overall investment portfolio, your tolerance for risk, the time frame of your investments, and the various tax consequences of your actions. You should periodically review your investments, and make any adjustments that you feel may be necessary. If no investment instructions are received from you, or if the instructions received are, in the opinion of the Custodian, incomplete or unclear, or might result in an erroneous transaction, you may be requested to provide further instructions or other information. In the absence of such instructions or information, all or part of your investments may 1) remain uninvested pending instructions or information from you or your Authorized Agent, if any, 2) be returned to you, or 3) may be invested in Money Market Shares. **You could lose money by investing in a money market fund. Although the fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Fidelity Investments and its affiliates, the fund's sponsor, have no legal obligation to provide financial support to money market funds and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the fund at any time.** Fidelity's government and U.S. Treasury money market funds will not impose a fee upon the sale of your shares, nor temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the fund's weekly liquid assets fall below 30% of its total assets because of market conditions or other factors. No part of your Account may be invested in life insurance or be commingled with other property, except in a common trust fund or common investment

fund. Keep in mind that with respect to investments in regulated investment company shares (i.e., mutual funds) or other securities held in your Account, growth in the value of your Account cannot be guaranteed or projected by the Custodian.

**Contributions.** *The following information about Contributions applies to IRA Depositors only. It does not apply to a Beneficiary (or Successor Beneficiary) or to an Inherited IRA or IRA BDA.*

**Types of Contributions.**

**Annual Contributions.** You may make annual contributions to an IRA anytime up to and including the due date, not including extensions, for filing your tax return for the year for which the contribution is made (generally April 15). You may continue to make annual contributions to your spouse's IRA for a given tax year. Contributions (other than rollover contributions or recharacterized contributions described below) must be made in "cash" and not "in-kind."

**Catch-Up Contributions.** If you are at least age 50 by December 31 of the calendar year to which a contribution relates, you may make a "catch-up" contribution to your IRA in addition to the annual contribution. If you are a participant in a SARSEP-IRA and are at least age 50 by December 31 of the calendar year to which a contribution relates, your employer may also allow you to make catch-up contributions via salary reduction contributions, subject to the limits more fully explained below. It is your responsibility to ensure that you meet the requirements for making a catch up contribution, and for ensuring that you do not exceed the limits as applicable.

**Eligible Rollover Contributions.** Certain distributions from employer-sponsored plans (for example, 401(a), 403(b) and 457 governmental plans) may be eligible for rollover into your IRA. Eligible rollover distributions may be made in cash or, if permitted by the Custodian, in-kind. Strict limitations apply to rollovers, and you should seek competent tax advice regarding these restrictions. To avoid mandatory federal income tax withholding of 20% of a distribution from an employer plan, and to preserve the tax-deferred status of an eligible distribution, you can roll over your eligible distribution directly to an IRA. If you choose to have the distribution made payable to you, you will be subject to mandatory federal income tax withholding at the rate of 20%. You may still reinvest up to 100% of the total amount of your distribution that is eligible for rollover in a Rollover IRA by replacing the 20% which was withheld for taxes with other assets you own within 60 days of your receipt of the distribution. Distributions from your SIMPLE IRA after the two-year period beginning when your employer first contributes to your SIMPLE IRA may also be rolled over to the Account.

**Sixty-Day Rollover Contributions.** If you have taken a distribution of all or part of your assets from your IRA, you may make a rollover contribution of the same property into the same IRA, another IRA, an Individual Retirement Annuity, or another eligible retirement plan provided the rollover contribution is made within 60 days of your receipt of the distribution. This rollover treatment does not require you to include the distribution in your ordinary income if it is reinvested within the 60-day period, and it allows you to maintain the tax-deferred status of these assets. A 60-day rollover can be made from an IRA once every 12 months. All or any part of an amount distributed for a qualified first-time home purchase of a principal residence which does not materialize, can be returned or rolled over to an IRA. In such instance, the 60 days is extended to 120 days, and the rollover will not count for purposes of the "once every 12 months rule" mentioned above. Under certain circumstances, the 60-day rollover requirement may be waived, if IRS requirements are met.

**Simplified Employee Pension Plan Contributions.** Your employer may contribute to your SEP-IRA up to the maximum amount allowed under current law. If your employer established a salary reduction SEP plan prior to January 1, 1997, and your SEP-IRA is used as part of this salary reduction SEP, you may elect to reduce your annual compensation up to the maximum amount allowed by law (subject to any plan limits) and have your employer contribute that amount to your SEP-IRA. In addition to the amount contributed by your employer to your SEP-IRA, you may make an annual contribution to the Account.

**Excess Contributions.** Contributions (including an improper rollover or a salary reduction contribution made by your employer on your behalf) which exceed the allowable maximum per year are considered excess contributions. An excise tax of 6% of the excess amount contributed will be incurred for each year in which the excess contribution remains in your IRA. You may correct an excess contribution and avoid the 6% penalty tax for that year by withdrawing the excess contribution and its earnings, if any, on or before the due date, including extensions, for filing your tax return for the year in which you made the excess contribution. If you correct an excess contribution by having it returned to you by your tax filing deadline, including extensions, it will not be considered a premature distribution nor (except in the case of a salary reduction contribution) taxed as ordinary income; however, any earnings withdrawn will be taxed as ordinary income to you and may be subject to a 10% early withdrawal penalty if you are under age 59½. Alternatively, excess contributions (other than salary reduction contributions) in one year may be carried forward and reported in the next year to the extent that the excess, when aggregated with your IRA contribution(s) (if any) for the subsequent year, does not exceed the maximum amount for that year. The 6% excise tax is imposed on excess contributions for each year they remain in the account and are not able to be applied as current year contributions.

**Recharacterized Contributions.** You may elect, in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian, to transfer ("recharacterize") via a trustee-to-trustee transfer of assets any contribution in your IRA (the "Initial IRA"), to another IRA ("the Second IRA"), or vice versa. Any net income attributable to a contribution that is recharacterized must be transferred to the Second IRA. You may also elect to recharacterize an amount converted to a Roth IRA back to your IRA. The election to recharacterize any contribution and the trustee-to-trustee transfer must be completed on or before the due date (generally April 15), including extensions, for filing your federal income tax return for the year for which the contribution to the Initial IRA relates. The amount(s) that is recharacterized is treated as having been originally contributed to the Second IRA on the same date and for the same taxable year that the amount was contributed to your Initial IRA. You may not reconvert an amount previously converted and recharacterized before the later of January 1 of the taxable year following the taxable year in which the conversion is made, or the end of the thirty (30) day period beginning on the day a recharacterization is transferred back to the Initial IRA. You, as Depositor, are strongly encouraged to consult a tax advisor before initiating any reconversion(s) or recharacterization(s).

**Annual IRA Contributions Limits.**

**General.** You may make annual IRA contributions of up to the lesser of 100% of your compensation, or the maximum amount allowed under current law. The maximum annual contribution limit for your IRA is reduced by the amount of any contributions you make to any other IRAs, including Roth IRAs, but excluding any employer contributions, such as salary deferral contributions made to a SARSEP-IRA or a SIMPLE IRA, for the particular tax year. If you are at least age 50 by December 31 of the tax year to which the contribution relates, you may make an additional "catch-up" contribution. The maximum annual contribution limits for aggregate IRA and Roth IRA contributions for the following tax years are:

Tax Years	Annual IRA Contribution Limit	Annual IRA Catch-Up Contribution for Depositor at Least Age 50	Maximum Annual IRA Contribution Limit for Depositor at Least Age 50 (including Catch-Up)
2019 and 2020	\$6,000	\$1,000	\$7,000

**Deductibility of Annual IRA Contributions.**

**Married Taxpayers.** If you are married and file a joint tax return with your spouse, and neither of you is considered an active participant in an employer-sponsored retirement plan, you and your spouse may each make a fully deductible IRA contribution in any amount up to 100% of your combined compensation, or the maximum amount allowed under current law, whichever is less. If you are married filing jointly with AGI of \$103,000 in 2019 or less for the year for which the contribution relates, and only one of you is considered an active participant, the spouse (including a non-wage earning spouse) who is not an active participant in an employer-sponsored retirement plan may make a fully deductible IRA contribution of up to the maximum amount allowed under current law or 100% of combined compensation, whichever is less. For married couples where one person is considered an active participant, this deduction is phased out for joint AGI between \$103,000–\$123,000. For married couples filing jointly where both are considered active participants, the phase-out ranges for deducting an IRA contribution are provided in the chart below. A married couple that live together at any time during the year but file their income taxes separately, and have more than \$10,000 in compensation for the year, are not eligible for a deductible IRA contribution if either spouse is considered an active participant. No more than the maximum allowed under current law may be contributed to either spouse's IRA for any taxable year.

**Single Taxpayers.** If you are not married and are not an active participant in an employer-sponsored retirement plan, you may make a fully deductible IRA contribution in any amount up to 100% of your compensation for the year or the maximum allowed under current law, whichever is less. The phase-out ranges for deducting an IRA contribution for single taxpayers who are considered active participants are provided in the chart below.

**Active Participant.** Generally, you are considered an active participant in a defined contribution plan if an employer contribution or forfeiture was credited to your account under the plan during the year. You are considered an active participant in a SEP or SIMPLE plan if an employer contribution, including a salary reduction contribution, was made to your account for a tax year. You are considered an active participant in a defined benefit plan if you are eligible to participate in the plan, even though you may elect not to participate. You are also treated as an active participant for a year during which you make a voluntary or mandatory contribution to any type of plan, even though your employer makes no contribution to the plan. An "employer-sponsored retirement plan" includes any of the following types of retirement plans: a qualified pension, profit-sharing, or stock bonus plan established in accordance with Code Sections 401(a) or 401(k); a Simplified Employee Pension Plan (SEP) (Code Section 408(k)); a Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees (SIMPLE) established in accordance with Code Section 408(p) or Code Section 401(k); a deferred compensation plan maintained by a governmental unit or agency; tax-sheltered annuities and custodial accounts (Code Section 403(b) and 403(b)(7)); or a qualified annuity plan under Code Section 403(a). You should check with your employer for your status as an active participant.

**AGI Limits on Deductible Contributions.** If you (or your spouse, if you are filing a joint tax return) are not eligible for a fully deductible IRA contribution, you may be eligible for a partially deductible IRA contribution if your adjusted gross income does not exceed certain deductibility limits, which are discussed below. For “active participants” in an employer-sponsored retirement plan, full deduction is phased-out between the following AGI limits:

Year Married	Filing Jointly	Individuals
2019	\$103,000–\$123,000	\$64,000–\$74,000
2020	\$104,000–\$124,000	\$65,000–\$75,000

For married couples filing joint returns and individuals, the applicable dollar limit for a given year is the lowest number presented in the ranges above, as applicable. The applicable dollar limit for married individuals filing separate returns is \$0. If your adjusted gross income exceeds the applicable dollar limit by not more than \$10,000 (\$20,000 for the 2007 tax year and beyond for married couples filing a joint return), you may make a deductible IRA contribution (but the deductible amount will be less than the maximum amount you can contribute). To determine the amount of your deductible contribution, use the following calculation:

1. Subtract the applicable dollar limit from your adjusted gross income. If the result is \$10,000 (\$20,000 for married couples filing a joint return for the 2007 tax year and beyond) or more, stop; you can only make a nondeductible contribution.
2. Subtract the above figure from \$10,000 (\$20,000 for married couples filing a joint return for the 2007 tax year and beyond).
3. Divide the result from 2 above by \$10,000 (\$20,000 for married couples filing a joint return for the 2007 tax year and beyond).
4. Multiply the maximum contribution allowed under current law by the fraction resulting from 3 above. This is your maximum deductible contribution limit.

If the deduction limit is not a multiple of \$10, then it is to be rounded up to the next highest \$10 multiple. There is a \$200 minimum floor on the deduction limit if your adjusted gross income does not exceed the annual limits in the chart above for individuals or married couples filing jointly.

Adjusted gross income for married couples filing a joint tax return is calculated by aggregating the compensation of both spouses. The deduction limitations on IRA contributions, as determined above, then apply to each spouse.

**Nondeductible IRA Contributions.** Even if your income exceeds the limits described above, you may still make a nondeductible IRA contribution up to the lesser of the maximum amount allowed under current law or 100% of your compensation to a Traditional IRA (or, if eligible, to a Roth IRA). There are no income limits for making a nondeductible contribution to a Traditional IRA. You are required to designate on your tax return the extent to which your IRA contribution is nondeductible. Therefore, your designation must be made by the due date (including extensions) for filing your tax return for the year for which the contribution is made.

**Tax credit for IRA contributions.** You may be able to receive a tax credit for your contribution to your IRA. The maximum annual contribution amount eligible for the credit is \$2,000 per person. Eligibility for the credit, which is a percentage of the contribution amount, is determined by your AGI as indicated in the chart below, as well as other requirements.\*

\*SAVER'S AGI limits will be indexed for cost-of-living in \$500 increments.

#### For 2020

Joint Filers (AGI)	Heads of Households (AGI)	All Other Filers (AGI)	Credit Rate
\$0–\$39,000	\$0–\$29,250	\$0–\$19,500	50%
\$39,001–\$42,500	\$29,251–\$31,875	\$19,501–\$21,250	20%
\$42,501–\$65,000	\$31,876–\$48,750	\$21,251–\$32,500	10%
Over \$65,000	Over \$48,750	Over \$32,500	0%

#### SEP-IRA Contributions.

**General.** If you are a participant in a SEP plan offered by your employer, your employer may make annual SEP contributions on your behalf up to the lesser of 25% of compensation, or \$56,000 in 2019 and \$57,000 in 2020, per participant. The limit is indexed for cost-of-living adjustments in \$1,000 increments. The maximum compensation on which contributions to SEPs and SARSEPs can be based is \$280,000 in 2019 and \$285,000 in 2020, indexed for cost-of-living adjustments in \$5,000 increments.

Elective deferrals to SARSEPs are also subject to the limits more fully described below. Additionally, SARSEP participants who reach age 50 by December 31 of the tax year for the corresponding contribution may be able to contribute an additional catch-up contribution, if the plan allows.

Tax Years	Annual Elective Deferral Limit	SARSEP Catch-Up Contribution for Participants at Least Age 50	Maximum Annual Elective Deferral Limit for Participants at Least Age 50 (including Catch-Up)
2019	\$19,000	\$6,000	\$25,000
2020	\$19,500	\$6,500	\$26,000

The \$19,500 limit is indexed for inflation in \$500 increments.

#### **Distributions.** The following information about Distributions may apply to both Depositors and Beneficiaries, except as otherwise clearly indicated.

**General.** Distributions from the Account will only be made upon your request (or, with your prior authorization and the consent of the Custodian, the request of the Authorized Agent) in a form and manner acceptable to the Custodian. However, the Custodian may make a distribution from the Account without such instruction if directed to do so by a levy or court order, or in the event of the Custodian's resignation. Distributions can be made at any time, but must meet certain minimum distribution requirements, as more fully explained below. Distributions from the Account will generally be included in the recipient's gross income for federal income tax purposes for the year in which the distribution is made.

**Premature Distributions to IRA Depositors.** To the extent they are included in income, distributions from the Account made before you, as Depositor, reach age 59½ will be subject to a nondeductible 10% early withdrawal penalty (in addition to being taxable as ordinary income) unless the distribution is an exempt withdrawal of an excess contribution, or the distribution is rolled over to another employer-sponsored retirement plan, or the distribution is made on account of your death or disability, or if the distribution is:

- part of a series of substantially equal periodic payments made not less frequently than annually over a Depositor's life or life expectancy or the joint life expectancies of you, as Depositor, and your Beneficiary,
- for qualified medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of the Depositor's AGI,
- to cover qualified health insurance premiums of certain unemployed individuals,
- used to acquire a first-time principal residence for you, as Depositor, your spouse, your or your spouse's children, grandchildren or ancestors (subject to a \$10,000 lifetime limit from all the Depositor's IRAs),
- used to pay qualified higher education expenses for you, as Depositor, your spouse, your children, or your grandchildren or any children or grandchildren of your spouse,
- made on account of an IRS levy, as described in Code Section 6331, or
- made for birth and adoption expenses less than \$5,000.

You, as Depositor, are strongly encouraged to consult with your tax advisor to see if an exception to the early withdrawal penalty applies before requesting any distribution prior to age 59½. You, as Beneficiary, are also strongly encouraged to consult a tax advisor prior to requesting any distribution.

**Conversion of Distributions from the Account.** If you are a Depositor and your AGI (single or joint), subject to certain modifications, is \$100,000 or less for a taxable year, you may convert any or all distributions from the Account into a Roth IRA (“Conversion Amount(s)”). Conversions can be made by means of a 60-day rollover or a trustee-to-trustee transfer. However, any minimum distribution from the Account required by Code Sections 408(a)(6) and 401(a)(9) for the year of the conversion cannot be converted to a Roth IRA. You will be subject to income tax on the taxable portion of any Conversion Amount. The Conversion Amount will not be subject to the premature distribution penalty. Please note that withholding taxes from a Roth IRA Conversion may make you ineligible for a Roth IRA Conversion, as amounts withheld from a Roth IRA Conversion are used in determining conversion AGI eligibility. If you are under age 59½, you will be subject to a 10% early withdrawal penalty on any amounts distributed from your IRA and not converted to a Roth IRA within 60 days.

**Distribution of Nondeductible or After-tax Contributions.** To the extent that a distribution constitutes a return of nondeductible or after-tax contributions, it will not be included in income. The amount of any distribution excludable from income is the portion that bears the same ratio to the total distribution that aggregate nondeductible contributions bear to the balance at the end of the year (calculated after adding back distributions made during the year) of the Account. For this purpose, all of a Depositor's IRAs, or a Beneficiary's IRA BDAs inherited from the same Depositor (Roth IRAs and Roth BDAs excluded) are treated as a single IRA. The aggregate amount of distributions excludable from income for all years is not to exceed the aggregate nondeductible contributions for all calendar years.

**Required minimum Distributions (RMDs).** It is your responsibility to ensure that required distributions are timely and are in amounts which satisfy the IRS requirements under Code Section 408(a)(6) and 401(a)(9) and the related IRS regulations. Once distributions are required to begin, they must not be less than the amount each year which would exhaust the value of the Account over the required distribution period, which is generally determined according to the applicable life expectancy tables specified by the Internal Revenue Service. You may be subject to a 50% excise tax on the amount by which the distribution you actually received in any year falls short of the minimum distribution required for the year.

**Lifetime RMDs for IRA Depositors.** If you are a Depositor, you must begin receiving distributions of the assets in the Account by April 1 of the year following the year in which you reach age 72.<sup>1</sup> This is called your "Required Beginning Date" ("RBD"). Required minimum distributions must continue to be made by December 31 of each subsequent year, including the year in which you, as Depositor, are required to take your first required minimum distribution. If you, as Depositor, maintain more than one IRA (Roth IRAs excluded), you may take from any of your IRAs the aggregate amount to be withdrawn. Please refer to Article IV of your Custodial Agreement ("Distributions From Your Account") for additional information on required minimum distributions.

**Distributions after the Death of the Depositor.** If you are a Beneficiary and have inherited an IRA from a Depositor who died after reaching RBD, you must generally begin receiving distributions by December 31 of the year following the year of the Depositor's death. A spouse, a minor child of the account owner, an individual who is not more than 10 years younger than the account owner, or a disabled/chronically ill individual can extend payments over his or her life expectancy. Other non-spouse beneficiaries will be required to distribute the asset over a 10-year period. Special rules may also apply to beneficiaries who are not citizens of the United States. Please refer to Article IV of your Custodial Agreement ("Distributions From Your Account") for additional information on death distribution requirements.

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**Miscellaneous.** *The following information may apply to both Depositors and Beneficiaries, except as otherwise clearly indicated.*

**Other Considerations with Respect to the Account.**

**Divorce or Legal Separation.** If all or any portion of your Account is awarded to a former spouse pursuant to divorce or legal separation, such portion can be transferred to an IRA in the receiving spouse's name. This transaction can be processed without any tax implications to you provided a written instrument specifically directing such transfer is executed by a court incident to the divorce or legal separation in accordance with Section 408(d)(6) of the Code is received and accepted by the Custodian. The Custodian may require other direction from you and the recipient of any portion of your Account.

**Fees and Expenses.** Fees and other expenses of maintaining and terminating your Fidelity IRA, if any, are described in the Schedule of Fees which accompany this Disclosure Statement (or in some other manner acceptable to the Custodian) and may be changed from time to time, as provided in the Custodial Agreement.

**Prohibited Transactions.** If any of the events prohibited by Section 4975 of the Code (such as any sale, exchange or leasing of any property between you and your IRA) occurs during the existence of your IRA, your Account will be disqualified and the entire balance in your Account will be treated as if distributed to you as of the first day of the year in which the prohibited event occurs. This "distribution" would be subject to ordinary income tax and, if you, as Depositor are under age 59½ at the time, to a nondeductible 10% penalty tax on premature distributions. If any part of your IRA is pledged as security for a loan, then the portion so pledged will be treated as if distributed to you, and will be taxable to you as ordinary income and subject to a nondeductible 10% penalty during the year in which you make such a pledge. The purchase of any securities on margin within your Fidelity IRA will result in a prohibited transaction.

**Other Tax Considerations.**

**Tax Withholding.** Federal income tax will be withheld from distributions you receive from an IRA unless you elect not to have such tax withheld. However, if IRA distributions are to be delivered outside of the United States, this withholding tax is mandatory and you may not elect otherwise unless you certify to the Custodian that you are a U.S. Citizen or other U.S. Person (including a resident alien individual). This tax withholding will also be mandatory if you have not provided a valid residential address within the United States. (A post office box is not deemed to be a valid residential address.) Federal income tax will be withheld at the rate of 10%, unless a higher rate is elected by you, or if non-resident alien withholding applies. In addition, state income tax may be withheld from your IRA distributions, if applicable, depending on the state of residence indicated in your legal address of record for the Account.

**Reporting for Tax Purposes.** If you are a Depositor, you will be required to designate your contribution as deductible or nondeductible. IRS Form 8606 may be required to be attached to your IRS Form 1040 or IRS Form 1040A for each year for which a nondeductible IRA contribution or after-tax rollover is made, and thereafter, for each year in which a distribution is taken from the Account. You must also file Form 5329 (or such other forms as the IRS may require) with the IRS for each taxable year in which the contribution limits are exceeded, a premature distribution takes place, an IRA contribution is recharacterized or less than the required minimum amount is distributed from your IRA, as applicable. You are also required to report to the IRS the amount of all distributions you received from your IRA. Other reporting may be required in the event that special taxes or penalties are due.

**No Special Tax Treatment.** No distribution to you or anyone else from your Account can qualify for capital gain treatment under the federal income tax laws. It is taxed to the person receiving the distribution as ordinary income. There are no special averaging rules applicable to distributions from your Account.

**IRS Approval.** The form of this Individual Retirement Account is the model government form provided by the IRS known as Form 5305-A. For more information on IRAs, please refer to IRS Publication 590 or contact the IRS.

<sup>1</sup>The change in the RMD age requirement from 70½ to 72 only applies to individuals who turn 70½ on or after January 1, 2020. Please speak with your tax advisor regarding the impact of this change on future RMDs.

# About This Agreement

## Things to Know Before Using Your Account

The information in this box is only a summary. Please read the agreement for more complete information.

### Using your brokerage retirement account involves risks, for which you assume full responsibility.

As the account owner, you are fully responsible for monitoring your account and for all investment decisions and instructions concerning your account. Unless we have contractually agreed otherwise, we have no responsibility for monitoring your account or your investment decisions, even if your decisions were based on our recommendations.

Placing orders during times when markets are volatile can be risky.

Before you start using your account or any account feature, it's essential that you understand the terms, conditions, and policies that apply. You should also understand your relationship with Fidelity, as described herein and in the FBS Form CRS, as well as the conflicts of interest that exist as described in the Products, Services, and Conflicts of Interest disclosure document, available online at [Fidelity.com/Reg-BI-Disclosure](https://www.fidelity.com/Reg-BI-Disclosure).

A joint owner or any one of multiple trustees can place any order in a joint account or trust account (including removing all of the assets) without the approval of the other owner(s) or trustee(s) and without any obligation on Fidelity's part to question the action.

### There are certain situations in which it is essential that you get in touch with us.

You need to tell us immediately if any of the following occur:

- You notice anything incorrect or suspicious concerning your orders, account activity, or statements.
- Your financial circumstances or goals change.
- You become subject to laws or regulations concerning corporate insiders, the reporting of certain investments, or employment in the securities industry.

### The terms of this agreement apply only to certain Fidelity retirement accounts.

This account agreement applies to Fidelity IRAs (including traditional, rollover, and SEP IRAs), Fidelity Roth IRAs, Fidelity SIMPLE-IRAs, and Fidelity Retirement Plan accounts [Profit Sharing, Money Purchase, and Self-Employed 401(k) plans].

### Disputes between you and Fidelity are settled by arbitration.

As with most brokerage accounts, the parties agree to waive their rights to sue in court, and agree to abide by the findings of an arbitration panel established in accordance with an industry self-regulatory organization.

## How to Contact Us

For matters concerning your account, including questions, changes, and notifications of errors, contact us:

### By Phone

800-544-6666

### Online

[Fidelity.com](https://www.fidelity.com)

### In Writing

Fidelity Investments  
Client Services  
P.O. Box 770001  
Cincinnati, OH 45277-0045

## Who's Who in This Agreement

In this document, "Fidelity," "us," and "we" include Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC ("FBS") and National Financial Services LLC ("NFS") and their employees, agents, and representatives as the context may require. "You" and "account owner" refer to the owner indicated on the account application.

## Fidelity's Commitments to You

Under this agreement, Fidelity has certain rights and responsibilities. When we accept your account application, we are agreeing to serve as your broker and to maintain an account for you. We agree, subject to our acceptance of an authorized order, to buy, sell, or otherwise dispose of, or acquire, securities for you according to your instructions. We also agree to provide various services and features, as described on the following pages.

## Your Commitments to Fidelity

Many of these commitments are spelled out more completely on the following pages, but, in general, when you sign the account application, you agree:

- to accept full responsibility for the content and accuracy of all authorized instructions placed on your account, and for all results and consequences of these instructions, including all investment decisions, trading orders, tax consequences, and all instructions placed by you or any other person you authorize
- to pay all fees, charges, and expenses incurred on your account, in accordance with the provisions of this agreement and the fee schedule in effect at the time (a current schedule is provided with this agreement); for services we perform at your request that are not covered in our current fee schedule, you agree to pay the applicable fee
- to maintain enough assets in your account to satisfy all obligations as they become due, and to understand that we may take whatever steps we consider necessary to resolve unpaid debts or other obligations
- to use the account and its features according to this agreement and for your own personal purposes only
- if you use any of our electronic services, or provide us with your email address, to have your personal financial information transmitted electronically, and to receive your initial notice of our privacy policy electronically
- to keep secure your account number, username, and password, and any devices, such as mobile phones or pagers, you use in connection with your account
- to let us monitor and/or record any phone conversations with you
- to let us create a digital representation of your voice, a "voiceprint," that may be used for verifying your identity when you contact Fidelity
- to let us verify the information you provide and obtain credit reports and other credit-related information about you at any time, such as payment and employment information, and to permit any third-party financial services provider to do likewise
- to resolve disputes concerning your relationship with us (other than class actions) through arbitration rather than in a court of law
- if applying for, or using, any optional features or services (including online or other electronic services), to understand and accept the terms associated with them
- to protect Fidelity against losses arising from your use of market data and other information provided by third parties
- to understand that, whenever you invest in, or exchange into, any mutual fund (including any fund serving as your core position), you are responsible for reading that fund's prospectus, including its description of the fund, the fund's fees and charges, and the operation of the fund
- to notify us in writing anytime there is a material change in your financial circumstances or investment objectives
- to be bound by the current and future terms of this agreement, from the time you first use your account or sign your application, whichever happens first
- that if you have authorized someone to act on your behalf in your account, any and all disclosures, required or otherwise, may be provided solely to you or the individual acting on your behalf as part of the scope of his or her authority

# Account Features

Certain features and services are standard with your Fidelity retirement account. Others are optional, and may be added either when you open your account or later. Note that some features and fees vary depending on the nature of your relationship with Fidelity.

Industry regulations require that Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC (FBS) and its clearing firm, National Financial Services LLC (NFS), allocate between them certain functions regarding the administration of your account. The following is a summary of the allocation of those functions performed by FBS and NFS.

FBS is responsible for:

- Obtaining and verifying account information and documentation.
- Opening, approving and monitoring trading and other activity in your account.
- Acceptance of orders and other instructions from you regarding your account, and for promptly and accurately transmitting those orders and instructions to NFS.
- Determining the suitability of investment recommendations and advice, and that those persons placing instructions for your account are authorized to do so. NFS will not give you advice about your investments and will not evaluate the suitability of investments made by you, your investment representative or any other party.
- Operating and supervising your account and its own activities in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including compliance with federal, industry and NFS margin rules pertaining to your margin account and for advising you of margin requirements.
- Maintaining the required books and records for the services it performs.
- Investigating and responding to any questions or complaints you have about your account(s), confirmations, your periodic statement or any other matter related to your account(s). FBS will notify NFS with respect to matters involving services performed by NFS.

NFS is responsible, at the direction of FBS, for:

- The clearance and settlement of securities transactions.
- The execution of securities transactions, in the event NFS accepts orders from FBS.
- Preparing and sending transaction confirmations and periodic statements of your account (unless FBS has undertaken to do so).
- Acting as custodian for funds and securities received by NFS on your behalf.
- Following the instructions of FBS with respect to transactions and the receipt and delivery of funds and securities for your account.
- Extending margin credit for purchasing or carrying securities on margin.
- Maintaining the required books and records for the services it performs.

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## Standard Features

### Securities Trading

This account is a brokerage account that allows the trading and holding of many securities that are publicly traded in the United States, such as most securities in these categories:

- stocks, including common and preferred
- bonds, including corporate, municipal, and government
- convertible securities
- mutual funds, including Fidelity funds, non-Fidelity funds, and closed-end funds such as exchange-traded funds (ETFs)
- options, although retirement accounts are only eligible for writing covered calls, buying calls/puts, and buying long straddles/strangles/combinations with respect to index and equity options in all cases
- options spreads may be permitted in IRA accounts provided certain conditions are met; please contact your Fidelity Representative for more information
- certificates of deposit (CDs)
- unit investment trusts (UITs)

In addition, the account can be used to trade certain foreign securities (either directly or as depositary receipts) and certain precious metals.

Participation in shareholder voting and/or dividend payments in non-U.S. securities is subject to the rules and regulations of the non-U.S. market in which the security was issued and may require the disclosure of your personal information, including, but not limited to, name, address, and country of citizenship and/or residence.

Fidelity may make non-personal historical trading data available to institutional clients on an aggregate basis for analysis purposes (such as trending).

Some investments that **cannot** be traded through your Fidelity retirement account are futures and commodities.

When you place a trade, you may have a choice of order types, including market orders, limit orders, stop orders, and stop-limit orders. To find out how these different types of orders work, and for other helpful information, go to [Fidelity.com/brokerage](https://www.fidelity.com/brokerage).

### Core Account

Your Fidelity retirement account includes a core account that holds assets awaiting investment or withdrawal. Any amount in your core account will be held in the core position specified (including by default) or selected by you on your Fidelity retirement account application.

As detailed below, the options for your core position may include a money market mutual fund, a bank sweep (sometimes referred to herein as the "FDIC Insured Deposit Sweep" or "Bank Sweep") or a free credit balance. Fidelity reserves the right to make changes to the available options and/or the options available to you for your core position.

For purposes of this Core Account section of this Agreement, the free credit balance will be referred to as the "Interest Bearing Option." Please note that this is different from the Intra-day Free Credit Balance described in the Credits to Your Account section of this Agreement. Like any free credit balance, the Interest Bearing Option represents an amount payable to you on demand by Fidelity. Subject to applicable law, Fidelity may use this free credit balance in connection with its business. Fidelity may, but is not required to, pay you interest on this free credit balance, provided that the accrued interest for a given day is at least half a cent. Interest, if paid, will be based upon a schedule set by Fidelity, which may change from time to time at Fidelity's sole discretion.

More details about the money market mutual fund can be found in the money market mutual fund's prospectus, which will be made available to you when applicable.

If the Bank Sweep is the core position for your Fidelity retirement account, cash contributed to or received in the account is held in the core account (the "Cash Balance"). On the next business day after receipt (not including bank holidays or days on which the New York Stock Exchange is closed, such as Good Friday), Cash Balances are automatically "swept into" an FDIC-insured interest-bearing account (a "Program Deposit Account") at one or more participating banks (each, a "Program Bank"), where the Cash Balance becomes eligible for FDIC insurance. Once your Cash Balance has been swept into a Program Bank, it is referred to as your "Program Deposit." Your Program Deposit is also automatically withdrawn from ("swept out of") a Program Deposit Account back into your Fidelity retirement account, as necessary. Your Program Deposit will earn interest, provided that the accrued interest for a given day is at least half a cent. More details about the Bank Sweep can be found in the FDIC Insured Deposit Sweep Program Disclosure, which is attached hereto, incorporated herein, and forms a part of this Agreement.

Newly established Fidelity IRAs (including traditional, rollover, and SEP IRAs), and newly established Fidelity Roth IRAs and Fidelity SIMPLE-IRAs, will utilize the default core position indicated on the account application. During the account opening process, you may have the option of affirmatively electing a different core position, provided it is available. Note that inherited IRAs and any IRAs, Roth IRAs, or SIMPLE-IRAs that utilize Fidelity's Portfolio Advisory Services will not have the ability to use the Bank Sweep.

Once the Fidelity IRA, Fidelity Roth IRA, or Fidelity SIMPLE-IRA is established, you can switch the core position between the Bank Sweep and a then available Fidelity money market mutual fund core position option without restriction. Information about the rates of return on these different core position options can be found at [www.fidelity.com/ira](https://www.fidelity.com/ira).

## If You Reside Outside the United States

If we determine that you reside outside the United States in any country other than Canada (as described in the Residing Outside the United States section of this Agreement), either at the time you open your Fidelity retirement account or at any point in time after you open your Fidelity retirement account (e.g., as a result of a subsequent move), your core account will not operate as described above. Instead, during such time as we believe you reside outside the United States, the following will apply:

### 1. New Fidelity Accounts.

The core position specified (including by default) or selected by you on your Fidelity retirement account application will not be changed, but the process of sweeping the Intra-day Free Credit Balance to your core account (as described in the Credits to Your Account section of this Agreement) will be suspended. As a result, all uninvested cash in your Fidelity retirement account will be held in the Intra-day Free Credit Balance. You will also be unable to make any change to the option you selected or were defaulted into for your core position during the account opening process, including making any changes to the Program Bank List assigned to your Fidelity retirement account, in the event the Bank Sweep is your core position.

### 2. Existing Fidelity Accounts.

The process of sweeping the Intra-day Free Credit Balance to your core account will be suspended. This will not affect any existing holdings of a Fidelity money market fund, or your Program Deposit at a Program Bank. You will be able to liquidate that position should you elect to do so, but you will generally be unable to add to it for so long as we believe you reside outside the United States, except for the deposit of accrued interest in the case of the Bank Sweep or the reinvestment of dividends on money market mutual fund positions. As a result, all new deposits to your Fidelity retirement account or settlement proceeds from transactions in your account will be held in the Intra-day Free Credit Balance. You will also be unable to make any change to your core position election, including making any changes to the Program Bank List assigned to your Fidelity retirement account, in the event the Bank Sweep is your core position.

Should we determine you no longer reside outside the United States, if your Fidelity retirement account was subject to a suspension, this suspension will be lifted, the Intra-day Free Credit Balance will be swept to your core account and held in the core position, and, going forward, your Fidelity retirement account will operate as otherwise described herein.

For Fidelity Retirement Plan accounts (including Profit Sharing, Money Purchase, and Self-Employed 401(k) plan accounts), the core position is generally Fidelity® Government Cash Reserves or any other core position that Fidelity might make available for this purpose.

If you establish or maintain a Fidelity IRA (including traditional, rollover, and SEP IRAs), a Fidelity Roth IRA, or a Fidelity SIMPLE-IRA and you wish to transfer to or otherwise utilize Fidelity's Portfolio Advisory Services, as a condition of enrolling in Fidelity's Portfolio Advisory Services, your core position in the Portfolio Advisory Services account will be a then available Fidelity money market mutual fund (generally Fidelity Government Cash Reserves or any other core position Fidelity might make available for this purpose). As a result, any balance in the Bank Sweep or other core position will be liquidated prior to such a transfer or utilization.

If you maintain a Fidelity IRA (including traditional, rollover, and SEP IRA), a Fidelity Roth IRA, or a Fidelity SIMPLE-IRA and you wish to establish a relationship with an independent third-party investment adviser that utilizes Fidelity or its affiliates for clearing and custody services and technology support, your core position will be a then available money market mutual fund or other core position Fidelity might make available for this purpose. As a result, any balance in the Bank Sweep or other core position must be liquidated in connection with the establishment of such relationship.

The Bank Sweep is not available in inherited IRAs (including inherited Roth IRAs). Therefore, in connection with the establishment of an inherited IRA, prior to transferring the assets to the inherited IRA, any balance maintained by the deceased IRA depositor in the Bank Sweep will be liquidated.

If your Fidelity IRA, Fidelity Roth IRA, or Fidelity SIMPLE-IRA was established by your employer in accordance with the terms of your workplace savings plan and your employer elected as the core position a then available Fidelity money market mutual fund (generally Fidelity Government Cash Reserves or any other core position Fidelity might make available for this purpose), at the time that you activate your employer-established IRA, you will not be

able to select the Bank Sweep. Your only available core position at that time will be a then available Fidelity money market mutual fund (generally Fidelity Government Cash Reserves or any other core position Fidelity might make available for this purpose). However, after you activate your IRA, you may switch the core position between the Bank Sweep and any then available Fidelity money market mutual fund option without restriction.

## Statements

We will send an account statement to the address of record:

- every calendar quarter, at a minimum
- for any month when you have trading or cash management activity

Your account statements will show all activity in your account for the stated period, including securities transactions, cash balances, credits and debits, and all fees paid directly from your account.

We will also send a confirmation for every securities transaction in your account. The only exceptions are automatic investments, automatic withdrawals, dividend reinvestments, and transactions that involve only your core position or the Intra-day Free Credit Balance; for these activities, your regular account statement serves in place of a confirmation.

To receive your account statements and confirmations faster, you can arrange to have them delivered electronically instead of through the mail. This option is free, and you can switch to or from it at any time upon request.

If you live with immediate family members who also have eligible Fidelity accounts, you can "household" those accounts to potentially qualify for enhanced services and features. You may elect to have accounts householded by completing the information requested at <https://www.fidelity.com/customer-service/how-to-relationship-householding>. You may also elect to have your statements combined or householded by completing the information requested at <https://www.fidelity.com/customer-service/how-to-combine-statements>. By electing to participate in householding, you agree that Fidelity may provide the employers of any householded account holders with account statements, trade confirmations, or other documents as required by applicable regulations.

In addition, by signing the account application, you consent to have only one copy of Fidelity mutual fund shareholder documents, such as prospectuses and shareholder reports ("Documents"), delivered to you and any other investors sharing your address. Your Documents will be householded indefinitely; however, you may revoke this consent at any time by contacting Fidelity. Additional details regarding your consent are provided in the account application.

## Account Protection

The securities in your account are protected in accordance with the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for up to \$500,000 (including up to \$250,000 for uninvested cash). We also provide additional coverage above these limits. Neither coverage protects against a decline in the value of your securities, nor does either coverage extend to certain securities that are considered ineligible for coverage.

For more details on the SIPC, or to request an SIPC brochure, visit [www.sipc.org](http://www.sipc.org) or call 202-371-8300.

Please note that if you utilize the Bank Sweep, except as otherwise described in the Core Account section of this Agreement, any balance you maintain in your account is swept to an FDIC-insured position at a bank with which Fidelity has established a relationship (a "Program Bank"). Until funds are swept to the Program Bank, they are covered by SIPC. Once funds are swept to a Program Bank, they are no longer covered by SIPC, but they are eligible for FDIC insurance subject to FDIC insurance coverage limits. For more information about the Bank Sweep, please refer to the FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep Program Disclosures document, which is attached hereto, incorporated herein, and forms a part of this Agreement.

## Optional Features

You can set up these services using your account application. To add them to an existing account, contact Fidelity. Some of these features are covered by their own customer agreements, which are incorporated into this agreement by reference (are legally considered part of this agreement) and will be provided to you as applicable. Note that some services are not available for certain types of accounts.

## Checkwriting

Checkwriting is available on certain retirement accounts. Note that cancelled checks are not returned to you, although check imaging may be available.

## Electronic Funds Transfer

You may transfer cash in and out of your account using electronic funds transfer (EFT), which works like an electronic check. You can also arrange for your brokerage account to receive periodic payments from other accounts, or transfers from other sources, such as Automatic Investments.

## Dividend Reinvestment

In addition to reinvestment of mutual fund dividends, reinvestment of dividends from eligible equities and closed-end funds is an option for most retirement accounts. You can choose to have the service apply to all eligible securities in your account, or only to certain ones. You can request this feature by phone, online, or in writing (for all securities or for individual ones) once you have established your account.

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## Fidelity MyVoice<sup>SM</sup>

Fidelity MyVoice is a free security service. When you call Fidelity, you'll no longer have to enter PINs or passwords because Fidelity MyVoice helps you interact with us securely and more conveniently. Through natural conversation, MyVoice will detect and verify your voiceprint in the first few moments of the call. A voiceprint is a combination of your physical and behavioral voice patterns. Like a fingerprint, it's unique to you.

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## Mobile Phone Number Security Check

In order to protect your account, we may review any changes made to your mobile phone number to ensure that a newly entered number is not associated with any known fraudulent activity. You authorize your mobile provider to disclose information about your mobile phone account, such as subscriber status, payment method (whether your account is prepaid or is subject to monthly billing), and device details, if available, to support identity verification and fraud avoidance, and for other security purposes for the duration of your business relationship with us. This information may also be shared with certain third-party companies whose services we utilize for security to support your transactions with us, and for identity verification and fraud avoidance purposes.

If you provide us with a mobile phone number, you agree and consent that we may contact you at that mobile number with telephone calls that may utilize an autodialer or via text messages for the purposes of servicing of your account(s) or investigating and preventing fraud. We will not use autodialed calls or texts to contact you for marketing purposes unless we receive your prior express written consent. You do not have to agree to receive autodialed calls or texts to your mobile phone number in order to use the products and services offered by Fidelity. You can decline to receive autodialed calls and texts to your mobile phone by contacting us at 800-343-3548 or through Fidelity.com. Standard telephone minute and text charges may apply.

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## Accessing Your Account

There are a variety of ways you can place orders, access your account, get market and investment information, or contact Fidelity. Online choices include Fidelity.com, Fidelity Active Trader Pro<sup>®</sup>, alerts and wireless trading services, and other interactive services for computers or hand-held devices. Some of these services are offered by Fidelity directly; others are offered by outside providers.

Telephone choices include Fidelity Automated Service Telephone (FAST<sup>®</sup>) as well as Fidelity's telephone representatives. Both services are generally available 24 hours a day, seven days a week. You can also speak with a Fidelity Representative in person, during business hours, at any of our Fidelity Investor Centers around the country. Please note that our telephone lines may be recorded, and, by signing the account application, you are consenting to such recording. If you do not wish to be recorded, you should contact Fidelity via another means.

# Account Policies

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## Account Registration

### Custodial Accounts

For accounts opened by a parent, guardian, or custodian for the benefit of a minor: By opening this type of account, you agree that all account assets will be used only for the minor's benefit. Note that the IRA Custodian or Plan Trustee may restrict the use of this type of account.

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## Account Usage

### First Use of a Core Account

If a money market mutual fund is your core position, making your first investment into that fund is your acknowledgment that you have received and read a prospectus or profile prospectus for that fund.

### Retirement Account Funding for Canadian Residents

If you have provided Fidelity with an address and/or tax information that indicates that you are a resident of Canada, you warrant and represent to Fidelity that any cash or assets used to fund this account constitute proceeds from an existing IRA or retirement plan account previously established in the United States for your benefit.

### Prohibited Uses and Actions

You are strictly prohibited from using your account in conjunction with any business as a broker-dealer, trader, agent, or adviser in any type of security, commodity, future, or contract, or in any business or organization connected with individuals performing these functions. You are also prohibited from publicizing or sharing with anyone any information you obtain through your account (such as securities quotes). In addition, be aware that we may freeze your account or suspend certain privileges, features, or services at any time without notice.

### Limits on Mutual Fund Trades

Because excessive trading in mutual fund shares can be detrimental to a fund and its shareholders, we may block account owners or accounts that engage in excessive trading from making further transactions in fund shares. A block on trading fund shares may be temporary or permanent, and may apply only to certain mutual funds or all mutual funds, including Fidelity funds.

The decision to impose a block may originate with a mutual fund company or may be made by Fidelity at the brokerage account level, if Fidelity believes such a block is warranted. To see what a given fund company's definition of "excessive trading" is, check the fund's prospectus.

In addition, we may restrict or limit any transaction in any mutual fund or other investment company that we or an affiliate manages or advises if we believe the transaction could adversely affect the investment company or its shareholders.

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## How Transactions Are Settled

### Credits to Your Account

During normal business hours ("Intra-day"), activity in your account such as deposits and the receipt of settlement proceeds are credited to your account and may be held as a free credit balance (the "Intra-day Free Credit Balance").

If you utilize a Fidelity money market fund as your core position, the Intra-day Free Credit Balance, if any, generated by such activity occurring prior to the market close each business day (or 4:00 PM ET on business days when the market is closed and the Fedwire Funds Service is operating) is automatically swept into your core account, where it is handled as described in the Core Account section of this Agreement, except as otherwise noted therein. If you utilize an option other than a Fidelity money



market fund as your core position, the Intra-day Free Credit Balance, if any, generated by such activity occurring prior to Fidelity's nightly processing cycle is automatically swept into your core account, where it is handled as described in the Core Account section of this Agreement, except as otherwise noted therein.

Activity in your account such as deposits and the receipt of settlement proceeds may also occur after the cut-offs described above, or on days the market is not open and the Fedwire Funds Service is not operating (collectively "After-hours"). Those amounts are credited to your account and may be held as a free credit balance (the "After-hours Free Credit Balance"), in which case it will be included in the next sweep into your core account.

If you utilize a Fidelity money market mutual fund as your core position, there will be an additional automatic sweep into your core account early in the morning prior to the start of business on each business day. This sweep will include your After-hours Free Credit Balance along with credit amounts attributed to certain actual or anticipated transactions that would otherwise generate an Intra-day Free Credit Balance on such business day.

Like any free credit balance, the Intra-day and After-hours Free Credit Balances represent amounts payable to you on demand by Fidelity. Subject to applicable law, Fidelity may use these free credit balances in connection with its business. Fidelity may, but is not required to, pay you interest on free credit balances held in your account overnight; provided that the accrued interest for a given day is at least half a cent. Interest, if paid, will be based upon a schedule set by Fidelity, which may change from time to time at Fidelity's sole discretion.

Interest paid on free credit balances will be labeled "Credit Interest" in the Investment Activity section of your account statement. Interest is calculated on a periodic basis and credited to your account on the next business day after the end of the period. This period typically runs from approximately the 20th day of one month to the 20th day of the next month, provided, however, that the beginning and ending periods each year run, respectively, from the 1st of the year to approximately the 20th of January, and approximately the 20th of December to the end of the year. Interest is calculated by multiplying your average overnight free credit balance during the period by the applicable interest rate, provided, however, that if more than one interest rate is applicable during the period, this calculation will be modified to account for the number of days each period during which each interest rate is applicable.

Each check or Automated Clearing House (ACH) deposit is promptly credited to your account. However, the money may not be available to use until up to six business days later, and we may decline to honor any debit that is applied against the money before the deposited check or ACH has cleared. If a deposited check or ACH does not clear, the deposit will be removed from your account, and you are responsible for returning any interest you received on it. Note that we can only accept checks denominated in U.S. dollars and drawn on a U.S. bank account (including a U.S. branch of a foreign bank). We cannot accept third-party checks. In addition, if we have reason to believe that assets were incorrectly credited to your account, we may restrict such assets and/or return such assets to the account from which they were transferred.

## Debits to Your Account

Deferred debit card charges are debited monthly. All other debit items (including checks, debit card transactions, bill payments, securities purchases, electronic transfers of money, levies, court orders or other legal process payments) are paid daily to the extent that sufficient funds are available. Note that debits to resolve securities transactions (including margin calls) will be given priority over other debits, such as checks or debit card transactions.

As an account owner, you are responsible for satisfying all debits on your account, including any debit balance outstanding after all assets have been removed from an account, any margin interest (at prevailing margin rates) that has accrued on that debit and any costs (such as legal fees) that we incur in collecting the debit. You are also responsible for ensuring that checks issued to you representing distributions from your account are promptly presented for payment. If a check issued to you from your account remains uncashed and outstanding for at least six months, you authorize and instruct Fidelity, in its sole discretion, to cancel the check and return the underlying proceeds to you by depositing the proceeds into your account.

To help ensure the proper discharge of debits, it is our policy (unless we agree to do otherwise) to do the following when settling debits against your account. Activity in your account such as wire disbursements and bill payments are debited from your account.

If you utilize a Fidelity money market fund as your core position and there are debits in your account generated by such activity occurring prior to the market close each business day (or 4:00 PM ET on business days when the market is closed and the Fedwire Funds Service is operating) these debits will be settled using the following sources, in this order:

- any Intra-day Free Credit Balances
- the core account
- any shares of a Fidelity money market mutual fund held in the account that maintains a stable (i.e., \$1.00/share) net asset value and is not subject to a liquidity fee or similar fee or assessment
- if you have a margin account, any margin surplus available, which will increase your margin balance

If you utilize an option other than a Fidelity money market fund as your core position and there are debits in your account generated by such activity occurring prior to Fidelity's nightly processing cycle these debits will be settled using the following sources, in this order:

- any Intra-day Free Credit Balances
- the core account
- any shares of a Fidelity money market mutual fund held in the account that maintains a stable (i.e., \$1.00/share) net asset value and is not subject to a liquidity fee or similar fee or assessment
- if you have a margin account, any margin surplus available, which will increase your margin balance

If you utilize a Fidelity money market mutual fund as your core position, there will be an additional sweep early in the morning prior to the start of business on each business day, and certain unsettled debits in your account along with debits associated with certain actual or anticipated transactions that would otherwise generate a debit in your account during the business day will be settled using the core account.

In addition to the foregoing, we may turn to the following sources:

- any shares of a Fidelity money market fund held in another non-retirement account with the same registration (which you authorize us to sell for this purpose when you sign the application)
- any securities in any other account at Fidelity in which you have an interest

If you want to opt out of the foregoing, please contact Fidelity for more information.

In the event that your account does not contain sufficient cash, Fidelity may liquidate securities to satisfy a court order, levy, or any other legal process payment. Money market fund shares used to pay debits are redeemed at the share price in effect at the time. For disclosures concerning money market funds, see "Money Market Fund Investments."

## Resolving Unpaid Obligations or Other Obligations

If certain of the sources listed above in "Debits to Your Account" (which are defined as your "available balance" for purposes of this agreement) are not enough to satisfy a given debit, we reserve the right to take action as we see fit, including declining to honor the debit, which may result in fees (such as a returned check fee) or other consequences for you.

Note that at any time, we may reduce your available balance to cover obligations that have occurred but not yet been debited including but not limited to withholding taxes that should have been deducted from your account.

It is important to understand that we do have additional choices for resolving unsatisfied obligations. Like many other securities brokers, we reserve the right to sell or otherwise use assets in an account to discharge any obligations the account owner(s) may have to us (including unmatured and contingent obligations), and to do so without further notice or demand. For example, if you have bought securities but not paid for them, we may sell them ourselves and use the proceeds to settle the purchase.

Although Fidelity may use other methods when it determines they may be more appropriate, Fidelity reserves the right to use the provisions described in this section at any time, except when they would conflict

with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) or the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, both as amended.

## Transaction Settlement Deadlines

Generally, you need to pay for all transactions or deliver all securities by 2 p.m. Eastern time on the settlement date. We reserve the right to cancel or liquidate, at your risk, any transaction not settled in a timely way.

## Non-Transferable Securities

In the event that any securities in your account become non-transferable, NFS may remove them from your account without prior notice. Non-transferable securities are those where transfer agent services have not been available for six or more years. A lack of transfer agent services may be due to a number of reasons, including that the issuer of such securities may no longer be in business and may even be insolvent. NFS may remove non-transferable securities from your account pursuant to a Securities and Exchange Commission approved program that permits our custodian for these securities to no longer maintain the physical certificates representing the positions in these securities. Please note the following:

- There are no known markets for these securities
- We are unable to deliver certificates to you representing these positions
- These transactions will not appear on Form 1099 or any other tax-reporting form
- If the position is held in a retirement account, we will not report the removal of the position as a taxable distribution and any reinstatement of the position will not be reported as a contribution
- If transfer agent services become available sometime in the future, NFS will use its best efforts to have the position reinstated in your account
- Positions removed from your account will appear on your next available account statement following such removal as an "Expired" transaction

By opening and maintaining an account with us, you consent to our actions as we have described them above, and you waive any claims against us arising out of such actions. You also understand that we do not provide tax advice concerning your account or any securities that may be the subject of removal from or reinstatement into your account, and you agree to consult with your own tax advisor concerning any tax implications that may arise as a result of any of these circumstances.

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## Policies on Optional Features

### EFT Transactions

EFT transactions are normally completed within three to seven business days of your request. An EFT transfer may be for between \$10 and \$99,999. The two accounts involved in an EFT transaction must have at least one owner's name in common (and that name must match exactly). To send and receive EFT transactions, your bank must be a member of the Automated Clearing House (ACH) system.

For EFT transactions, you hereby grant us limited power of attorney for purposes of redeeming any shares in your accounts (with the right to make any necessary substitutions), and direct us to accept any orders to make payments to an authorized bank account and to fulfill these orders through the redemption of shares in your account. You agree that the above appointments and authorizations will continue until we receive written notice of any change at the address listed following "Things to Know Before Using Your Account," although we may cease to act as agents to the above appointments on 30 days' written notice to your account's address of record. You further understand that Fidelity may notify you electronically or by phone when the EFT feature is set up or EFT transactions are initiated on your account.

If you have arranged to have direct deposits made to your account, at least once every 60 days from the same person or company, you can call Fidelity at 800-343-3548 to find out whether or not the deposit has been made.

### Dividend Reinvestment Program

With this feature, all dividends paid by eligible securities that you designate for reinvestment are automatically reinvested in additional shares of the same security. (For purposes of the Dividend Reinvestment Program,

"dividends" means cash dividends and capital gain distributions, late ex-dividend payments, and special dividend payments, but not cash-in-lieu payments.) In designating any eligible security for reinvestment, you authorize us to purchase shares of that security for your account.

To be eligible for this feature, a security must satisfy all of the following:

- be a closed-end fund, common stock, or foreign security (generally American depository receipts [ADRs])
- be margin-eligible (as defined by NFS)
- be held in street name by NFS (or at a securities depository on its behalf)
- not be held as a short position

Dividends are reinvested on shares that satisfy all of the following:

- the security is eligible
- you own the shares on the dividend record date
- you own the shares on the dividend payable date (even if you sell them that day)
- your position in the security has been settled on or before the dividend record date
- the shares are designated for reinvestment as of 9 p.m. Eastern time on the dividend record date

Shares purchased through the Dividend Reinvestment Program will generally be placed in your account as of the dividend payable date. Note, however, that the stock price at which your reinvestment occurs is not necessarily the same as the price that is in effect on the dividend payable date. This is because we generally buy the shares of domestic companies two business days before the dividend payable date, at the market price(s) in effect at the time, in order to help ensure that we have shares on hand to place in your account on the dividend payable date. Other factors may require the purchase of the shares on a different business day, which may be before, on, or after the dividend payable date, e.g., dividends of foreign companies. Also, shares of securities which have an irregular ex-dividend date are purchased on the ex-dividend date and placed in your account on the second business day following the ex-dividend date. Therefore, you may end up receiving more or fewer shares than if your dividend had been reinvested on the dividend payable date itself, particularly if there are significant changes in the market price of a security just before its dividend payable date. If several purchase transactions are necessary to reinvest your and other customers' dividends in a particular security, the price per share will be the weighted average price per share for all shares purchased. If sufficient shares are unavailable in the market to satisfy all customers' requirements for dividend reinvestment for a security, the dividend will not be reinvested. The reinvestment of dividends may be delayed in certain circumstances. NFS reserves the right to suspend or completely remove securities from participation in dividend reinvestment and credit such dividends in cash at any time without notice.

Automatic reinvestments often involve purchase of fractional shares, calculated to three decimal places. Partial shares pay prorated dividends and can be sold if you sell your entire share position, and will be liquidated automatically in transfers and certain other situations, but otherwise typically cannot be sold.

Although for dividend reinvestments your regular account statement takes the place of a trade confirmation, you can generally obtain status information the day after the reinvestment date by contacting Fidelity.

If you transfer or reregister your account within Fidelity (for example, by changing from a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA), you need to redesignate any securities whose dividends you want reinvested.

### DTC's Dividend Reinvestment Program

For certain securities, dividend reinvestment may occur through DTC's (Depository Trust Company) dividend reinvestment program (DRP). This plan may be utilized if an issuer offers reinvestment at a discount. Eligibility for a security to be enrolled in the DRP or the Fidelity dividend reinvestment program is determined by Fidelity and may change without notice. A DRP transaction will post to your account when the shares are made available to Fidelity by DTC. Such transactions are generally posted within 15 days after pay date.

Note that dividend reinvestment does not ensure a profit on your investments and does not protect against loss in declining markets. If you sell your dividend-generating shares before the posting date, the dividend will not be reinvested.

## Optional Dividends

At times, certain issuers that pay dividends may offer shareholders an opportunity to elect to receive stock or cash, or a combination of both. This is known as an "Optional Dividend." The issuer will assign a default if no instruction is received. For example, the default option could be cash, stock, or a combination of both. You have the opportunity up until the applicable deadline to make an election to receive the payment of your choice. Please be advised, if you do not make an election prior to the deadline, your account will be assigned a default election based on the dividend reinvestment program instructions you established with respect to your account. **This default election will be utilized in lieu of the issuer's default option being applied to your account.**

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## Fractional Share Trading

Fidelity's fractional share trading functionality allows you to buy and sell fractional share quantities and dollar amounts of certain securities ("Fractional Trading"). Fractional Trading presents unique risks and has certain limitations that you should understand before placing your first trade.

### Trading

Orders to buy or sell may be entered using either a fractional share quantity (e.g., 2.525 shares) or a dollar value (e.g., \$250.00). Share quantities can be specified to three decimal places (.001). Dollar-value orders will be converted into share quantities for execution, again, to three decimal places. In all cases, when converting dollar-value orders into share quantities, the share quantities will be rounded down.

For a variety of reasons, including but not limited to this conversion convention, the actual amount of an executed dollar-value trade may be different from the requested amount. The actual amount of an executed order to buy or sell a dollar value of a security may also be lower than the amount requested due to the deduction of certain fees (e.g., the Additional Assessment) or taxes.

Orders received in good form by FBS will be accepted and transmitted to NFS for execution. You may attempt to cancel an order, but there is no ability to request that an order be "cancelled and replaced" (i.e., you cannot modify an order once it has been submitted). Instead, you will need to cancel your order and then submit a new one.

Fractional Trading supports market and limit orders only for fractional share quantities of a security that are good for that day's trading session, or in the case of an order entered outside of market hours, that are good until the close of the next trading session. Because of this, your ability to buy or sell a security using Fractional Trading may be more restricted than if you were to buy or sell traditional whole share quantities of the same security.

In the event of a trading halt of a security, Fractional Trading of that security will also be halted, and your order will be held until trading resumes. However, your order is good only for that day's trading session, or in the case of an order entered outside of market hours, good until the close of the next trading session. If trading does not resume or your order is not executed by the close of that day's Fractional Trading window, it will be cancelled.

You can generally trade exchange-listed National Market System ("NMS") stocks using the Fractional Trading functionality. However, certain NMS stocks may not be made available for Fractional Trading, and Fidelity reserves the right to modify the list of eligible NMS stocks at any time without notice to you. Any modification to the list of eligible NMS stocks available for Fractional Trading will not affect any fractional share interests previously acquired by you. Additionally, you may not be able to place trades through some of Fidelity's order entry platforms (e.g., Fractional Trading may be available via mobile device but not through the live representative channel).

## Trade Execution

FBS will act as your agent and NFS will act in either a principal or a mixed capacity (i.e., both as agent and principal) when executing your order. The whole share component of any order will be executed by NFS as agent at the price NFS receives in the market. The fractional share component of any order will be executed by NFS as principal against its principal account. When a fractional share interest is allocated to your account, NFS will maintain custody of the whole share in which you have the fractional interest. Any fractional share interest in the whole share not allocated to your account may be allocated to other customers or to NFS as principal.

All orders with a fractional share component will be marked "Not Held," which gives Fidelity the time and price discretion to execute the order without being held to the security's current quote. In connection therewith, each time you submit an order to buy or sell a fractional share quantity or dollar amount of a particular security, you authorize NFS to "work the order." If you do not wish your order to be handled on a Not Held basis, you should not engage in Fractional Trading.

In the case of a sale of the fractional component of any order, that sale will be executed at the then current National Best Bid or Offer ("NBBO"). Please note that this price may be higher or lower than the price at the time you place your order. In the case of a purchase of the fractional component of any order, if NFS has sufficient principal inventory, that purchase will also be executed at the then current NBBO. However, if NFS does not have sufficient principal inventory, that purchase will be executed at the price received in the market. For orders placed prior to market open, Fidelity may wait for the primary exchange to open before commencing trading in a particular security. When trading as principal for its own account, NFS may make a profit or incur a loss on each trade.

Additionally, NFS may be required to correct or adjust trades that (for a variety of reasons) have been executed in amounts that either exceed or fall short of the amounts requested. These trade corrections and adjustments could arise in connection with either or both of the agency and principal components of the executed orders. Regardless, these trade corrections and adjustments will be executed by NFS in a principal capacity, and when trading as principal for its own account, NFS may make a profit or incur a loss.

## Shareholder Rights

Fractional share interests in an NMS security generally have different rights from full share interests of the same NMS security. Please read the following information carefully to understand your rights regarding your fractional share interests.

Fractional share positions cannot be transferred or certificated. The Automated Customer Account Transfer System does not support fractional share positions. If you want to transfer your account or specific share positions to another broker, you must sell your fractional positions and transfer the cash proceeds.

You hereby direct NFS, and NFS hereby agrees, not to vote or take any discretionary or voluntary action with respect to any fractional share position. Furthermore, you acknowledge that you cannot vote or take any discretionary or voluntary action with respect to any fractional share position. Accordingly, while NFS may notify you of issuer meetings, NFS will not solicit proxies in connection with fractional share positions, and you cannot vote proxies for fractional share positions. Fractional shareholders will not be able to provide instruction in connection with voluntary corporate actions (e.g., tenders), except for optional dividends; and NFS will not vote proxies for any fractional shares it holds as principal and will not affirmatively participate in any voluntary corporate actions.

In the case of a dividend paid on, or a redemption of, an NMS security, the dividend or redemption proceeds will be passed along to you in proportion to your ownership interest, inclusive of fractional share interests. NFS will only support payments that are equal to or greater than \$.01 per share. Amounts smaller than that, or nondivisible amounts (based on the .001 rounding convention described above), will be handled in accordance with the process described in the section titled "Undistributable Interests" below.

Holders of fractional share positions may participate in dividend reinvestment programs ("DRIPS") to the same extent as if they owned a full share (adjusted for their fractional share interest in the dividend). In the event that the amount is too small to be reinvested (based on the .001 rounding convention described above), but large enough to be distributed as

cash (i.e., at least \$0.01), it will be paid to you. Smaller amounts will be handled in accordance with the process described in the section titled "Undistributable Interests" below.

For mandatory reorganizations, such as mergers and acquisitions, or other involuntary corporate actions, such as stock splits or stock dividends, typically NFS will distribute interests in proportion to your ownership interest, inclusive of fractional share interests. NFS will distribute interests in fractional amounts to three decimal places. Amounts smaller than that, or nondivisible amounts, will be handled in accordance with the process described in the section titled "Undistributable Interests" below. The foregoing notwithstanding, these situations are in all cases subject to the terms contained in the materials prepared by the issuer describing the corporate action, as well as NFS's applicable policies and procedures, which may result in a different outcome from what is described herein.

Because of the unpredictable nature of corporate actions, there may be situations that arise that are not described previously. Generally, these situations will be handled in accordance with the concepts applicable to dividends and reorganizations. Interests will be divided and distributed where possible in proportion to your ownership interest, and anything that cannot be divided will be handled in accordance with the process described in the section titled "Undistributable Interests" below. The foregoing notwithstanding, these situations are in all cases subject to the terms contained in the materials prepared by the issuer describing the corporate action, as well as NFS's applicable policies and procedures, which may result in a different outcome from what is described above.

### Undistributable Interests

NFS will only support payments that are equal to or greater than \$.01 per share. Amounts smaller than that, or nondivisible amounts (based on the .001 rounding convention described above), will not be distributed. Instead, it is generally but not always the case that when the aggregate value to be distributed is less than or equal to \$1.00, it will be retained by NFS, and when it exceeds \$1.00, it will be escheated.

### Tax Treatment

NFS and you agree to treat you as the owner of all fractional share interests allocated to your account, to file all tax returns in accordance with such treatment, and to take no action inconsistent with such treatment.

### Additional Considerations

Fractional share positions may be illiquid. NFS does not guarantee that there will be a market for fractional share positions and makes no representations or warranties about its ability or willingness to continue to trade as principal in fractional share quantities.

If your account is closed, your fractional shares may be liquidated and the proceeds distributed to you as cash.

The fractional share component of certain orders may not be eligible for "Price Improvement." Also, Price Improvement will operate differently, and in some situations less advantageously, in connection with Fractional Trading from the way it would if you were trading in whole share quantities. Additionally, because in certain situations Price Improvement on the fractional share component of an order will affect the execution price rather than the share quantity of an order, the effect of the improvement on a dollar-value order in those situations will be to increase or decrease the value of the order outside of what was requested.

If your account has been approved for margin, notwithstanding the terms of the Customer Agreement, Fidelity will not lend (hypothecate) your fractional share positions.

If you hold fractional share positions in your account (these positions come about for a variety of reasons, such as DRIPs or corporate actions), it has been Fidelity's practice to automatically sell these holdings when you place an order to sell your entire whole share position ("Auto-liquidate"). The first time you place an order to buy or sell a security using the Fractional Trading functionality, we will turn off the Auto-liquidate feature in your account so that going forward, those positions will be handled like any other fractional share position acquired using Fractional Trading (i.e., you will need to affirmatively sell those fractional share positions if you wish to sell your entire position in that security).

## Precious Metals

In general, precious metals and other collectibles within the meaning of Section 408(m) of the Internal Revenue Code may not generally be purchased in an IRA or other retirement account except as otherwise permitted under ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code, as applicable, and to the extent permitted by Fidelity. To the extent that collectibles, including precious metals, are held in an underlying trust or other investment vehicle such as an exchange traded fund, it is your responsibility to determine whether or not such an investment is appropriate for an IRA or retirement plan account and whether the acquisition of such investment may result in a taxable distribution from such account under Section 408(m).

Precious metals are not covered by SIPC account protection, but are insured by the depository at market value if stored through us. When trading precious metals, note that because they can experience sudden and rapid price changes, they are risky as investments, and we cannot guarantee you an advantageous price when you trade them.

If you store precious metals through us, storage fees will apply.

### Trading in Volatile Markets — Understand the Risks

Volatile markets can present higher trading risks. Ways to manage some of these risks include:

- **Consider placing limit orders instead of market orders** In certain market conditions or with certain types of volatile securities, price changes may be significant and rapid during regular or after-hours trading. In these cases, placing a market order could result in a transaction that exceeds your available funds, meaning that Fidelity would have the right to sell other assets in your account. This is especially a risk in accounts that you cannot easily add money to, such as retirement accounts.
- **Be aware that quotes, order executions, and execution reports could be delayed** During periods of heavy trading or volatility, quotes that are provided as "real time" may be stale—even if they appear not to be—and you may not receive every quote update. Security prices can change dramatically during such delays, and order execution may be delayed or unavailable.
- **If you attempt to cancel an order, understand that there is no guarantee that an open order can be canceled, in whole or in part** If you wish to replace an order you have attempted to cancel, be sure your original order is actually canceled. Don't rely on a receipt for your cancellation order; that order may have arrived too late for us to act on.
- **Use other ways to access Fidelity during peak volume times** Phone or computer capacity limitations could mean delays in getting information or placing orders. If you are having problems with one method, try another.

The chances of encountering these risks are higher for individuals using day-trading strategies. In part for this reason, Fidelity does not promote day-trading strategies.

For more information on trading risks and how to manage them, visit [Fidelity.com](https://www.fidelity.com) or contact Fidelity.

## Closing Your Account

We can close your account, or terminate any optional feature, at any time, for any reason, and without prior notice. You can close your account, or terminate any optional feature, by notifying us in writing or calling us on a recorded line. We may automatically close accounts with zero balances.

Regardless of how or when your account is closed, you will remain responsible for all charges, debit items, or other transactions you initiated or authorized, whether arising before or after termination. Note that a final disbursement of assets may be delayed until any remaining issues have been resolved.

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## Monitoring Your Account and Notifying Us of Errors

As an account owner, you are responsible for monitoring your account. This includes making sure that you are receiving transaction confirmations, account statements, and any other expected communications. It also includes reviewing these documents to see that information about your account is accurate and contains nothing suspicious. Please note that, unless we have otherwise contractually agreed to do so, we do not have an ongoing responsibility to monitor an investment strategy, account type, or securities bought, sold, or held in your account, even in cases where we have made a recommendation.

Note that so long as we send communications to you at the physical or electronic address of record given on the application, or to any other address given to us by an authorized person, the communications are legally presumed to have been delivered, whether you actually received them or not. In addition, confirmations and statements are legally presumed to be accurate unless you specifically tell us otherwise.

If you have not received a communication you expected, or if you have a question or believe you have found an error in any communication from us, telephone us immediately, then follow up with written confirmation (see contact information following "Things to Know Before Using Your Account").

You agree to notify us immediately if:

- you placed an order electronically but did not receive a reference number for it (an electronic order is not considered received until we have issued an acknowledgment)
- you received confirmation of an order you did not place, or any similar conflicting report
- there is any other type of discrepancy or suspicious or unexplained occurrence relating to your account
- your password or access device is lost or stolen, or you believe someone has been using it without authorization

If any of these conditions occurs and you fail to notify us immediately, neither we nor any other Fidelity affiliate will be liable for any consequences. If you do immediately notify us, our liability is limited as described in this agreement.

With any feature or service that is governed by a separate agreement (such as an options trading agreement), note that different policies concerning error resolution and liability may apply, as described in the separate agreement.

If, through any error, you have received property that is not rightfully yours, you agree to notify us and to immediately return the property and any earnings it may have yielded.

If we identify an error in connection with property you have received from or through us or a Fidelity affiliate and determine it is not rightfully yours, you agree that we may take action to correct the error, which may include returning such property to the rightful owner.

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## Complying with Applicable Laws and Regulations

In keeping with federal and state laws, and with securities industry regulations, you agree to notify us in writing if any of the following occur (with all terms in quotes defined as being within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933):

- if you are, or later become, an employee or other "associated person" of a stock exchange, a member firm of an exchange or the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), a municipal securities dealer, or Fidelity or any Fidelity "affiliate"
- if you are, or later become, an "affiliate" or "control person" with respect to any security held in your account
- if any transactions in your account regarding securities whose resale, transfer, delivery, or negotiation must be reported under state or federal laws

You also agree:

- if you are, or later become, an "associated person" of a member firm of an exchange or FINRA, that you have obtained consent of the "employer member," and you authorize Fidelity upon request

by an employer member to transmit copies of confirmations and statements, or the transactional data contained therein, with respect to all of your accounts, including all accounts subject to FINRA rules and unit investment trusts, municipal fund securities, and qualified programs pursuant to Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

- to ensure that your account transactions comply with all applicable laws and regulations, understanding that any transaction subject to special conditions may be delayed until those conditions are met
- to comply with all policies and procedures concerning "restricted" and "control" securities that we may require
- to comply with any insider trading policies that may apply to you as an employee or "affiliate" of the issuer of a security

If you or another individual associated with your account resides outside the US, Fidelity may at any time in its sole discretion terminate that relationship, or modify your rights to access any or all account features, products, or services. By opening or maintaining an account with Fidelity, you acknowledge that Fidelity does not solicit offers to buy or sell securities, or any other product or service, to any person in any jurisdiction where such offer, solicitation, purchase, or sale would be unlawful under the laws of such jurisdiction.

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## Limits to Our Responsibility

Although we strive to ensure the quality and reliability of our services, including electronic services (such as online, wireless, and automated telephone services), neither we nor any third party whose services we arrange for are responsible for the availability, accuracy, timeliness, completeness, or security of any service related to your account.

You therefore agree that we are not responsible for any losses you incur (meaning claims, damages, actions, demands, investment losses, or other losses, as well as any costs, charges, attorneys' fees, or other fees and expenses) as a result of any of the following:

- cancellation of an accepted trade in which Fidelity reasonably determines, in its sole discretion, that there was a data, clerical or other similar error in the handling or processing of the trade, including but not limited to a situation where a third party caused such error
- the acceptance and processing of any order placed on your account, whether received electronically or through other means, as long as the order reasonably appears to be authentic
- cancellation of an accepted/executed trade when dealers and/or contra-parties notify Fidelity that they are unable to deliver the bonds because the order was filled in error
- investment decisions or instructions placed on your account, or other such actions attributable to you or any authorized person
- occurrences related to governments or markets, such as restrictions, suspensions of trading, or high market volatility or trading volumes
- uncontrollable circumstances in the world at large, such as wars, earthquakes, power outages, or unusual weather conditions
- occurrences related to computers and communications, such as a network or systems failure, a message interception, or an instance of unauthorized access or breach of security
- with respect to electronically provided market data or other information provided by third parties, any flaw in the timing, transmission, receipt, or substance (such as any inaccuracy, error, delay, omission, or sequence error, any nonperformance, or any interruption of information), regardless of who or what has caused it to occur
- the storage and use of information about you and your account(s) by our systems and transmission of this information between you and us; these activities occur entirely at your risk
- the usage of information received by you or us through any electronic services
- telephone requests for redemptions, so long as we transmit the proceeds to you or the bank account number identified
- difficulties receiving information or accessing your account that are due to the equipment you use, including difficulties resulting from technical incompatibilities, malfunctions, inherent limitations, or interruptions in service
- any checks or other debits to your account that are not honored because the account has insufficient funds

If any service failure is determined to be our responsibility, we will be liable only for whatever benefit you would have realized up to the time by which you should have notified us, as specified earlier in "Monitoring Your Account and Notifying Us of Errors." Fidelity reserves the right to restrict your account from withdrawals and/or trades if there is a reasonable suspicion of fraud, diminished capacity, or inappropriate activity. Fidelity also reserves the right to restrict your account from withdrawals and/or trades if Fidelity is put on reasonable notice that the ownership of some or all of the assets in the account is in dispute.

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## Indemnification

You agree to indemnify us from, and hold us harmless for, any losses (as defined in "Limits to Our Responsibility") resulting from your actions or failures to act, whether intentional or not, including losses resulting from actions taken by third parties.

If you use any third-party services or devices in connection with your account (such as Internet service or wireless devices), all service agreements and payments for these are your responsibility. Rates and terms are set by the service providers and are not Fidelity's responsibility.

Note that beyond taking reasonable steps to verify the authenticity of instructions, we have no obligation to inquire into the purpose, wisdom, or propriety of any instruction we receive.

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## Terms Concerning This Agreement

### Applicability

This agreement is the only agreement between you and us concerning its subject matter, and covers all accounts that you, at whatever time, open, reopen, or have opened with us. In addition, if you have already entered into any agreements concerning services or features that relate to this account (such as the usage agreement for Fidelity.com), or if you do so in the future, this agreement incorporates by reference the terms, conditions, and policies of those agreements. In the case of any conflict between this agreement and an agreement for a particular service or feature, the service or feature agreement will prevail.

### Governing Laws and Policies

**This agreement and its enforcement are governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, except with respect to its conflicts-of-law provisions.**

All transactions through Fidelity are subject to the rules and customs of the marketplace where they are executed, as well as to applicable state and federal laws. In addition, the services below are subject to the following laws and policies:

- Securities trades: any Fidelity trading policies and limitations that are in effect at the time
- Online services: the license or usage terms posted online
- Checkwriting: the applicable provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code and the terms governing the service

### Modification and Enforcement

We may amend or terminate this agreement at any time. This may include changing, dropping, or adding fees and policies; changing features and services or the entities that provide them (such as the bank that provides checkwriting); and limiting the usage or availability of any feature or service, within the limits of applicable laws and regulations. Although it is our policy to send notice to account owners of any material changes, we are not obligated to do so in most cases. Apart from changes originating in these ways, no provision of this agreement can be amended or waived except in writing by an authorized representative of Fidelity.

Fidelity may transfer its interests in this account or agreement to any of its successors and assigns, whether by merger, consolidation, or otherwise. You may not transfer your interests in your account or agreement (including de facto transferal by giving a nonowner access to the account using a password) except with the prior written approval of Fidelity, or through inheritance, divorce, or similar circumstance, as allowed by law, in which case any rights and obligations in existence at the time will accrue to, and be binding on, your heirs, executors, administrators, successors, or assigns.

We may enforce this agreement against any and all account owners. In addition, any securities exchanges or associations that provide information to you through your account may enforce the terms of this agreement directly against you. Although we may not always enforce certain provisions of this agreement, we retain our full right to do so at any time.

If any provision of this agreement is found to be in conflict with applicable laws, rules, or regulations, either present or future, that provision will be enforced to the maximum extent allowable, or made to conform, as the case may be. However, the remainder of this agreement will remain fully in effect.

Fidelity may use the electronically stored copy of your (or your agent's) signature, any written instructions or authorization, the account application and this agreement as the true, complete, valid, authentic, and enforceable record, admissible in judicial, administrative, or arbitration proceedings to the same extent as if the documents and records were originally generated and maintained in printed form. You agree to not contest the admissibility or enforceability of the electronically stored copies of such documents in any proceeding between you and Fidelity.

## Disclosures

### Consumer Reporting Agencies

We may report information about your account to credit bureaus. Late payments, missed payments, or other defaults on your account may be reflected in your credit report.

We may also provide information about you and your account as well as the activity in your account to one or more consumer reporting agencies. If you believe that information Fidelity has provided about you or your account or the activity in your account is not accurate, you may notify us at:

Fidelity Investments  
Attn: Customer Data Disputes  
P.O. Box 770001  
Cincinnati, OH 45277-0045

In order for us to investigate any dispute that you may submit to us with respect to information that we have provided, please provide us with the following information:

- (1) Your name, address, and account number;
- (2) An identification of the specific information that you believe is not accurate; and
- (3) An explanation of the basis for your dispute.

### Service Providers

Retirement brokerage services are provided by NFS, an affiliate of FBS. Bonds may be traded through NFS (which may choose to act as principal or agent) or through external dealers. Services available through this account are the property of Fidelity or the third parties from which Fidelity has obtained rights. Market data provided by national securities exchanges or associations remain the property of those entities.

### Routing of Orders

FBS routes most customer orders to its affiliated broker-dealer, NFS, which in turn sends orders to various exchanges or market centers for execution. In deciding where to send an order, NFS looks at a number of factors, such as size of order, trading characteristics of the security, favorable execution prices (including the opportunity for price improvement), access to reliable market data, availability of efficient automated transaction processing, and execution cost. Some market centers may execute orders at prices superior to publicly quoted market prices. Although you can instruct us to send an order to a particular marketplace, our order-routing policies are designed to result in transaction processing that is favorable for you. NFS reserves the right to wait for the primary exchange to open before commencing trading in a particular security.

### Conflicts of Interest and Compensation

Fidelity and its affiliates receive fees for providing certain products and services. Below is a partial list of affiliates, and the services they are paid for:

- Fidelity Management & Research Company—fee for serving as an investment adviser to the Fidelity funds.

- FBS, NFS, or their affiliates may receive compensation in connection with the purchase and/or ongoing maintenance of positions in certain mutual funds in your account. FBS, NFS, or their affiliates may also receive compensation for such things as systems development necessary to establish a fund on their systems, a fund's attendance at events for FBS' clients, and/or representatives and opportunities for the fund to promote its products and services. This compensation may take the form of sales loads and 12b-1 fees described in the prospectus; marketing, engagement, and analytics program participation fees; maintenance fees; start-up fees; and infrastructure support paid by the fund, its investment advisor, or an affiliate.
- FBS and/or NFS receives remuneration, compensation, or other consideration (such as financial credits or reciprocal business) for directing orders in certain securities to particular broker/dealers or market centers for execution. Information about the source(s) and amount(s) of compensation as well as other remuneration received by FBS and/or NFS and other affiliates is also more fully described in the FBS Form CRS and the Products, Services, and Conflicts of Interest disclosure document, available online at [Fidelity.com/Reg-BI-Disclosure](https://www.fidelity.com/Reg-BI-Disclosure) and information about the foregoing is also available upon written request.

## Warranty Disclaimer

**Neither we nor any third party makes any representations or warranties express or implied, including, without limitation, any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose in respect of any services provided in connection with this account, or any information programs or products obtained from, through, or in connection with these services. In no event will we or any third party be liable for direct, indirect, incidental, or consequential damages resulting from any defect in or use of these services.**

## Money Market Fund Investments

***You could lose money by investing in a money market fund. Although the fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Fidelity Investments and its affiliates, the fund's sponsor, have no legal obligation to provide financial support to money market funds and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the fund at any time.***

Fidelity's government and U.S. Treasury money market funds will not impose a fee upon the sale of your shares, nor temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the fund's weekly liquid assets fall below 30% of its total assets because of market conditions or other factors.

## Texas House Bill 1454 "Designated Representative"

For Texas residents (or those using a Texas address as a legal address), under Texas House Bill 1454 Act No. 350, you, as an account owner of shares of a mutual fund, may designate a representative for the purpose of receiving a due diligence notice; however, you are not required to designate a representative. If you add a designated representative, you acknowledge that:

- Fidelity is required to mail written notice to the representative, in addition to mailing the notice to the owner, upon presumption of abandonment of the account.
- The designated representative does not have any rights to the mutual fund shares and may not access the shares.

The process by which you select a designated representative is done through a written form, which may be accessed online or requested by phone.

## Wisconsin Marital Property Act

Married Wisconsin residents should be aware that no provision of any marital property agreement, unilateral agreement, or court decree under Wisconsin's Marital Property Act will adversely affect a creditor's interest unless, prior to the time credit is granted, the creditor is furnished a copy of, or given complete information about, that agreement or decree.

## Residing Outside the United States

If we determine that you reside outside the United States, you will be subject to certain limitations. While we generally make this determination by looking at the address information on our books and records (including the addresses maintained by the account owner and certain individuals with control over the account), we reserve the right to consider other information when making this determination and/or subjecting you to these limitations.

Generally speaking, regardless of where you reside, you will be subject to certain limitations. These include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) we will provide you with only ministerial or administrative services, which means that, among other things, our representatives will not engage in discussions with you about such topics as asset allocation, income planning, or portfolio composition; and (ii) you will not be permitted to purchase additional shares of any U.S. mutual fund (except pursuant to a dividend reinvestment program or in other limited circumstances), which among other things will affect the operation of your core account (please refer to the Core Account section of this Agreement for further details).

In addition to the foregoing, depending on where you reside, you may be subject to additional restrictions (for example, margin lending or options trading may not be permitted) up to and including restrictions that will prevent you from making additional deposits or purchasing additional securities positions (i.e., you will be prohibited from doing anything in your account other than selling your existing holdings and withdrawing the proceeds).

Notwithstanding the above, special rules govern your relationship with us if you live in Canada. Because of this, and because every situation is unique, you should contact Fidelity if you have questions about how you may be affected.

If you notify us that you do not reside outside the U.S., these limitations may be lifted.

## Unclaimed Property

Your account balance and certain uncashed checks issued from your account may be transferred to a state unclaimed property administrator if no activity occurs in the account or the check remains outstanding within the time period specified by the applicable state law.

## Redemption Features/Callable Securities Lottery

Certain debt securities may have redemption features in addition to those disclosed on the trade confirmation including, for example, special mandatory redemption features such as sinking funds provisions. It is the customer's obligation to review all disclosure documents the customer may receive, and to understand the risks of calls or early redemptions, which may affect yield. Issuers may, from time to time, publish notices of offers to redeem callable securities within limited time, price, and tender parameters. NFS is not obligated to notify customers of such published calls. Information about whether a municipal security is callable can be accessed via the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") website ([www.emma.msrb.org](http://www.emma.msrb.org)).

When street name or bearer securities held for you are subject to a partial call or partial redemption by the issuer, NFS may or may not receive an allocation of called/redeemed securities by the issuer, transfer agent, and/or depository. If NFS is allocated a portion of the called/redeemed securities, NFS utilizes an impartial lottery allocation system, in accordance with applicable rules, that randomly selects the securities within customer

accounts that will be called/redeemed. NFS's allocations are not made on a pro rata basis and it is possible for you to receive a full or partial allocation, or no allocation. You have the right to withdraw uncalled fully paid securities at any time prior to the cutoff date and time established by the issuer, transfer agent, and/or depository with respect to the partial call, and also to withdraw excess margin securities, provided your account is not subject to restriction under the Federal Reserve's Regulation T or such withdrawal will not cause an undermargined condition. If you have bought or sold a security, and prior to the settlement of your trade, the issuer initiates a call of the security, NFS reserves the right to cancel your trade. Customers are responsible for covering any outstanding short positions, as well as any other resulting costs in their account, that result from the lottery. For more information and an example of the impartial lottery process, please go to: [http://personal.fidelity.com/products/fixedincome/FL\\_Common\\_Risk.shtml](http://personal.fidelity.com/products/fixedincome/FL_Common_Risk.shtml).

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## MSRB Investor Brochure

Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC is registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB). An investor brochure may be obtained at [msrb.org](http://msrb.org) that describes the protections that may be provided by the MSRB and how to file a complaint with an appropriate regulatory authority.

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## FINRA BrokerCheck

As part of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) BrokerCheck program, you have access to the FINRA BrokerCheck hotline at 800-289-9999 and the FINRA website at [finra.org](http://finra.org). You can call or email your inquiries and request a brochure that includes information detailing the BrokerCheck program.



## Resolving Disputes — Arbitration

This agreement contains a predispute arbitration clause. Under this clause, which you agree to when you sign your account application, you and Fidelity agree as follows:

- A. All parties to this agreement are giving up the right to sue each other in court, including the right to a trial by jury, except as provided by the rules of the arbitration forum in which a claim is filed.
- B. Arbitration awards are generally final and binding; a party's ability to have a court reverse or modify an arbitration award is very limited.
- C. The ability of the parties to obtain documents, witness statements, and other discovery is generally more limited in arbitration than in court proceedings.
- D. The arbitrators do not have to explain the reason(s) for their award unless, in an eligible case, a joint request for an explained decision has been submitted by all parties to the panel at least 20 days prior to the first scheduled hearing date.
- E. The panel of arbitrators may include a minority of arbitrators who were or are affiliated with the securities industry.
- F. The rules of some arbitration forums may impose time limits for bringing a claim in

arbitration. In some cases, a claim that is ineligible for arbitration may be brought in court.

- G. The rules of the arbitration forum in which the claim is filed, and any amendments thereto, shall be incorporated into this agreement.

**All controversies that may arise between you and us concerning any subject matter, issue, or circumstance whatsoever (including, but not limited to, controversies concerning any account, order, distribution, rollover, advice interaction, or transaction, or the continuation, performance, interpretation, or breach of this or any other agreement between you and us, whether entered into or arising before, on, or after the date this account is opened) shall be determined by arbitration through the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) or any United States securities self-regulatory organization or United States securities exchange of which the person, entity, or entities against whom the claim is made is a member, as you may designate. If you commence arbitration through a United States self-regulatory organization or United States securities exchange and the rules of that organization or exchange fail to be applied for any reason, then you shall commence arbitration with any**

**other United States securities self-regulatory organization or United States securities exchange of which the person, entity, or entities against whom the claim is made is a member. If you do not notify us in writing of your designation within five (5) days after such failure or after you receive from us a written demand for arbitration, then you authorize us to make such designation on your behalf. The commencement of arbitration through a particular self-regulatory organization or securities exchange is not integral to the underlying agreement to arbitrate. You understand that judgment upon any arbitration award may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction.**

**No person shall bring a putative or certified class action to arbitration, nor seek to enforce any predispute arbitration agreement against any person who has initiated in court a putative class action; or who is a member of a putative class action who has not opted out of the class with respect to any claims encompassed by the putative class action until: (i) the class certification is denied; (ii) the class is decertified; or (iii) the customer is excluded from the class by the court. Such forbearance to enforce an agreement to arbitrate shall not constitute a waiver of any rights under this agreement except to the extent stated herein.**



# PRODUCTS, SERVICES, AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

*This important disclosure information about Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC ("FBS") is provided to comply with the federal securities laws. It does not create or modify any agreement, relationship, or obligation between you and FBS (or your financial intermediary). Please consult your account agreement with us and other related documentation for the terms and conditions that govern your relationship with us. This information does not amend or supersede any of your existing agreements with us.*

### Introduction

This document provides retail customers (referred to as "you" or "your") with important information regarding your relationship with FBS (referred to as "we," "us," or "our"), a broker-dealer registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), and Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). Within this document, you will find information regarding the products and services FBS offers, including their material limitations and risks. In addition, this document describes the conflicts of interest that arise in FBS' business, including those conflicts that arise from compensation received by FBS, its affiliates, and its registered representatives ("Representatives"), and how we address those conflicts.

FBS offers brokerage accounts and services for personal investing, including retail, retirement (such as Individual Retirement Accounts ["IRAs"]) and cash management services (credit and debit cards, checkwriting, etc.). These accounts generally allow you to invest in mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, stocks, bonds, options, college savings plans, insurance products, and more. FBS brokerage accounts also may be available to you through a workplace retirement plan serviced by Fidelity Workplace Services, and the available investment options and services are determined by your plan's sponsor. FBS works with its affiliated clearing broker, National Financial Services LLC ("NFS"), along with other affiliates, to provide you with these brokerage accounts and services.

When providing brokerage services to you, FBS is required to:

- Have reasonable grounds to believe that any security, investment strategy, or account type that we specifically recommend to you is in your best interest after taking into account factors relevant to your personal circumstances, such as your age, other investments, financial situation and needs, tax status, investment objectives, investment experience, investment time horizon, liquidity needs, risk tolerance, and other financial information you have disclosed to us (your "Investment Profile") and the cost associated with our recommendation, (this is our "best interest obligation");
- Ensure that your trades are executed with diligence and competence and seek to provide best execution in light of prevailing market conditions;
- Treat you in a manner consistent with principles of fair dealing and high standards of honesty and integrity; and
- Not be obligated to provide recommendations to you, or to update recommendations made previously, and not doing so should not be viewed as a recommendation to hold an investment.

**Your FBS brokerage account ("FBS Account") is self directed. This means that you or someone you designate are solely responsible for deciding whether and how to invest in the securities, strategies, products, and services offered by FBS. You or your designee are also solely responsible for the ongoing review and monitoring of the investments held in your FBS Account, even if FBS has made a recommendation to you. It is important you understand that, unless specifically agreed to in writing, FBS will not monitor any investment recommendation made to you or the investments held in your Account. You are responsible for independently ensuring that the investments in your FBS Account remain appropriate given your Investment Profile.**

There is no minimum investment to open an FBS Account, but there are minimums to purchase some types of investments. All transaction charges will be identified to you in the confirmation of a transaction and/or in the account statement FBS sends to you on a periodic basis. Please see the FBS Account Customer Agreement ("Customer Agreement") and the FBS Brokerage Commission and Fee Schedule ("Schedule") for information regarding the transaction fees and other charges that apply to your FBS account, including trade execution, clearing, and other services provided by our affiliate, NFS, as well as the terms and conditions applicable to your FBS' Account, which can be found at [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

- **FBS Accounts and Intermediaries:** You may have an FBS Account in connection with services provided by an investment advisor affiliated with FBS including Fidelity Personal and Workplace Advisors LLC ("FPWA") or a third party, such as a registered investment advisor, retirement plan administrator, bank, or family office (collectively referred to as an "Intermediary" or "Intermediary Accounts"). **While FBS and its affiliates provide services to Intermediary Accounts, FBS generally does not provide recommendations to Intermediary Accounts and does not monitor Intermediary Accounts or the investments held therein.** Your Intermediary may offer different investment services and products from those offered by FBS. Please contact your Intermediary for more information on the services offered, conflicts of interest, and the fees you will pay.

### How We Recommend Investments

FBS provides various tools and methodologies to help you choose your investments, investment strategies, and accounts. FBS Representatives use these tools and methodologies when working with you. In addition, many of these tools are available to you

directly on our websites and mobile applications. FBS tools and methodologies use information you provide about your financial goals, investment objectives, and financial situation. When developing a recommendation that is in your best interest, we consider your Investment Profile as well as the potential risks, rewards, and costs associated with the investment, strategy or account recommendation. Please note that when making recommendations to you we only recommend from among certain products and services that we offer. Although cost is a factor we consider in making recommendations to you, it is only one of several factors. As a result, we do not necessarily recommend the lowest-cost investment option, and lower-cost alternatives might be available with similar or different risk and return characteristics. We are not obligated to provide recommendations to you, or to update recommendations previously made, and not doing so should not be viewed as a recommendation to hold any investment.

### **Retirement and Other Tax-Advantaged Accounts**

We offer a variety of retirement and other tax-advantaged accounts (including IRAs, 401(k) plan accounts, Health Savings Accounts [“HSAs”], and other similar accounts, collectively “Retirement Accounts”). While we have a best interest obligation when we provide a recommendation to a retirement account, unless we agree in writing, we are not a fiduciary as defined by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) or Internal Revenue Code, and any recommendations we provide should not be relied on as a primary basis for investment decisions made in your retirement accounts.

### **Conflicts of Interest**

Conflicts of interest arise because we offer a variety of products and services. The products and services we offer have different costs to you and different levels of compensation earned by us, our affiliates, and our Representatives. Generally, FBS and our affiliates earn more compensation when you select a product or service offered by us or one of our affiliates (i.e., a “proprietary” product or service), as compared to a product or service offered by a third party. As a result, FBS has a financial incentive to recommend certain accounts, products, and services, including those that are proprietary, over others when working with you. Most FBS Representatives receive variable compensation based on the type of product or service you select, but FBS Representatives’ compensation is not affected by whether you purchase a proprietary product or service or a similar third-party product or service offered through us.

We seek to address these conflicts in multiple ways. For example:

- We primarily use standardized methodologies and tools to provide advice so that recommendations made for your FBS account are in your best interest, based on your needs and financial circumstances.
- We train, compensate, and supervise FBS Representatives appropriately to provide you with the best client experience, which includes offering products and services that are in your best interest based on your financial situation and needs. As described in the “How We Pay Our Representatives” section below, products and services that require more time and engagement with a customer and/or that are more complex or require special training or licensing typically provide greater compensation to a Representative. Based on these neutral factors, the compensation received by a Representative in connection with certain products and services offered by us or our affiliates, including certain investment advisory programs offered through our investment advisor affiliate FPWA, is greater than the compensation Representatives receive for other products and services that we offer.
- We disclose information to you about any important conflicts of interest that are associated with a recommendation in advance of providing you with a recommendation so that you can make informed decisions.

### **How We Pay Our Representatives**

- FBS takes customer relationships very seriously and has processes in place to help ensure that the products and services you select are in your best interest and that you receive the standard of care and attention you deserve. FBS Representative compensation is designed to ensure that our Representatives are motivated and compensated appropriately to provide you with the best possible service, including products and services that are appropriately based on your needs. This section generally describes how we compensate FBS Representatives. Specific FBS Representative compensation with respect to the products and services we offer is described in the “Investment Products and Services” section below.
- Most FBS Representatives are eligible to receive some amount of variable compensation in addition to their base pay. Certain Representatives receive variable compensation that is impacted by the type of product or service you select. These compensation differentials are based on the relative time required to become proficient enough, including receiving and maintaining additional licensing, as applicable, to be able to recommend more complex products and services to you (for example, insurance products or investment advisory services offered by our affiliates FILI and FPWA, as compared to the relative time required to become proficient enough to recommend a money market fund). More complex products and services typically provide greater compensation to our Representatives, FBS, and/or our affiliates. Although we believe that it is fair to compensate our Representatives based on the time involved with the sale of more complex products, this compensation structure creates a financial incentive for Representatives to recommend these products and services over others. FBS addresses these conflicts of interest by training and supervising our Representatives to make recommendations that are in your best interest and by disclosing these conflicts so that you can consider them when making your financial decisions.
- For additional information about FBS Representative compensation, please see [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

### **Investment Products and Services Offered by FBS**

#### **General Investment Risks**

All investments involve risk of financial loss, and there is no guarantee that you will reach your investment goals. Historically, investments with a higher return potential also have a greater risk potential. Events that disrupt global economies and financial markets, such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, and recessions, can magnify an investment’s inherent risks.

The general risks of investing in specific products and services offered by FBS are described below. Detailed information regarding a specific investment's risks is also provided in other disclosure and legal documents we make available to you, including prospectuses, term sheets, offering circulars, and offering memoranda. As stated previously, you are responsible for deciding whether and how to invest in the securities, strategies, products, and services offered by FBS. You should carefully consider your investment objectives and the risks, fees, expenses, and other charges associated with an investment product or service before making an investment decision. The investments held in your Account (except for certificates of deposit ["CDs"] or a Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ["FDIC"] insured deposit account bank sweep) are not deposits in a bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency.

### **Fees and Charges**

Details regarding the fees, charges, and commissions associated with the investment products and services described below are available at [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

### **Available Securities**

This section generally describes the securities offered by FBS, the fees you will pay, how we and/or our affiliates are compensated, the associated risks and Representative compensation. If you are investing through your workplace retirement plan, the securities available to you may be limited by your plan sponsor.

### **Bonds, Municipal Securities, Treasuries, and Other Fixed Income Securities**

FBS offers fixed income securities including, among others, corporate bonds, U.S. Treasuries, agency and municipal bonds, and CDs. You can purchase fixed income securities from us in two ways: directly from the issuer (new issues) in the primary market and through broker-dealers, including affiliates of FBS, in the secondary market. FBS also offers brokered CDs issued by third-party banks.

FBS makes certain new issue fixed income securities available without a separate transaction fee. New issue CDs are also offered without a transaction fee. With respect to fixed income securities purchased or sold through the secondary market, the cost for the transaction (commonly called a "mark-up" for purchases or "mark-down" for sales) is included in the purchase or sale price. In addition to any markup or markdown, an additional transaction charge can be imposed by FBS when you place your order through an FBS Representative, depending on the type of fixed income security you purchase.

FBS or its affiliates receive compensation from the issuer for participating in new issue offerings of bonds and CDs. Information about the sources, amounts, and terms of this compensation is contained in the bond's or CD's prospectus and related documents. For secondary market transactions, FBS and/or its affiliates can receive compensation by marking up or marking down the price of the security. For information regarding trading and order routing practices, including compensation, see the "Order Routing and Principal Trading by FBS Affiliates" section below.

In general, the bond market is volatile and fixed income securities carry interest rate risk (i.e., as interest rates rise, bond prices usually fall, and vice versa). Interest rate risk is generally more pronounced for longer-term fixed income securities. Very low or negative interest rates can magnify interest rate risks. Changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, can also have unpredictable effects on markets and can result in heightened market volatility. Fixed income securities also carry inflation risk, liquidity risk, call risk, and credit and default risks for both issuers and counterparties. Tax code changes can impact the municipal bond market. Lower-quality fixed income securities involve greater risk of default or price changes due to potential changes in the credit quality of the issuer. Foreign fixed income investments involve greater risks than U.S. investments, and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, and economic risks. Fixed income securities sold or redeemed prior to maturity are subject to loss.

Certain FBS Representatives are compensated in connection with the purchase of fixed income securities in your FBS Account. Representative compensation is not affected by whether the security is purchased or sold as a new issue or in a secondary market transaction and is paid irrespective of whether our Representative recommended the transaction to you. Representative compensation is based on the type of fixed income security that you purchase, with compensation for CDs and U.S. Treasury bonds being lower than for other types of fixed income securities. As a result, these Representatives have a financial incentive to recommend certain fixed income products over others. We address this conflict by providing our Representatives with appropriate training and tools to ensure that they are making recommendations that are in your best interest, supervising our Representatives, and disclosing these conflicts so that you can consider them when making your financial decisions.

### **Exchange-Traded Funds (ETFs)**

FBS offers ETFs sponsored by an FBS affiliate and by third parties.

FBS does not charge a commission or other transaction fee for ETFs purchased online but will charge you a transaction fee if purchased through an FBS Representative. You will pay a fee on the sale of any ETF, which will be identified in a transaction confirmation sent to you.

FBS and its affiliate NFS receive compensation from BlackRock Fund Advisors, the sponsor of the iShares® ETFs, in connection with a marketing program that includes promotion of iShares® ETFs and inclusion of iShares funds in certain FBS and NFS platforms and investment programs. This marketing program creates an incentive for FBS to recommend the purchase of iShares ETFs. Additional information about the sources, amounts, and terms of this compensation is contained in the iShares ETF's prospectuses and related documents. FBS and its affiliate NFS also have commission-free marketing arrangements with several other sponsors of active and smart beta ETFs under which they are entitled to receive payments.

For the specific risks associated with an ETF, please see its prospectus or summary prospectus and read it carefully.

Certain FBS Representatives are compensated in connection with the purchase of ETFs in your FBS Account, regardless of whether the Representative recommended the transaction to you. Representatives receive no additional compensation for the sale of iShares ETFs versus other ETFs.

## **Insurance and Annuities**

FBS and its affiliates offer proprietary and nonproprietary life insurance and annuities issued by FBS-affiliated insurance companies and third-party insurance companies.

The insurance companies charge fees that are disclosed either explicitly or incorporated into the product's benefits or credits (referred to as a "premium"). The fees for these products vary depending on the type of product purchased, any available options selected, and surrender charges incurred, if any. Any explicit fees are disclosed in the respective prospectus, contract, and/or marketing materials. FBS or its affiliates receive a commission from the issuing insurance companies for sales of their insurance and annuity products.

Life insurance and annuities are subject to risks, including the claims-paying ability of the issuing insurance company, which are detailed in the prospectus, contract, and/or marketing materials.

Certain Representatives are compensated in connection with your purchase of insurance and annuity products. This compensation is not affected by the type of insurance or annuity product you purchase or whether you purchase a proprietary or third-party product, but this compensation is higher than the compensation received in connection with the sale of other less complex types of investments offered by FBS. As a result, these Representatives have a financial incentive to recommend insurance and annuity products over other types of investments. We address this conflict by providing our Representatives with appropriate training and tools to ensure that they are making recommendations that are in your best interest, supervising our Representatives, and disclosing these conflicts so that you can consider them when making your financial decisions.

## **Mutual Funds**

FBS offers proprietary and third-party mutual funds that do not have a transaction fee, as well as third-party mutual funds available with a sales load and/or a transaction fee. Neither FBS nor its Representatives provide recommendations with respect to mutual funds that have a transaction fee.

FBS does not charge a fee for the purchase or sale of no-transaction-fee or load mutual funds. FBS will impose a short-term trading fee for sales of all nonproprietary, no-transaction-fee funds made within 60 days of purchase. For transaction fee funds, FBS charges a fee for all purchases. Load funds have a sales charge imposed by the third-party fund company that varies based on the share class of the fund, which is described in each fund's prospectus. You can find more information about mutual fund fees by visiting [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

FBS and its affiliates earn the following compensation from mutual fund transactions:

- FBS or its affiliates receive a portion of the sales load paid to a third-party fund company.
- FBS affiliates earn compensation from the ongoing management fees for proprietary funds, as identified in the funds' prospectuses.
- FBS and its affiliates receive compensation from certain third-party fund companies for (i) access to, purchase or redemption of, and maintenance of their mutual funds and other investment products, and (ii) other related shareholder servicing provided by FBS or its affiliates to the funds' shareholders. This compensation consists of asset and position-based fees, fund company and fund start-up fees, infrastructure support fees, fund company minimum monthly fees, and fund low platform asset fees.
- FBS and its affiliates also receive compensation through a fixed annual fee from certain third-party fund companies that participate in an exclusive marketing, engagement, and analytics program. The only third-party fund companies eligible to participate in this program are those that have adequately compensated FBS or its affiliates for shareholder servicing and that have demonstrated consistent customer demand for their funds.

For the specific risks associated with a mutual fund, please read its prospectus or summary prospectus carefully.

Certain FBS Representatives are compensated in connection with the purchase of no-transaction-fee funds in your FBS Account, regardless of whether the Representative recommended the transaction to you. Representative compensation is not affected by whether you purchase a proprietary or third-party fund or by the amount of compensation received by FBS or its affiliates in connection with a proprietary or third-party fund.

## **Private Funds and Alternative Investments**

FBS offers certain proprietary and third-party privately offered funds and other alternative investments.

Investing in private funds and alternative investments are subject to certain eligibility and suitability requirements. The fees for purchasing these types of investments are typically higher than for mutual funds or ETFs. For details regarding a specific private fund or alternative investment, including fees and risks, please read its offering materials carefully.

FBS receives compensation from its affiliates and third parties for distributing and/or servicing alternative investments. FBS affiliates also earn compensation from the ongoing management fees for proprietary alternative investments.

Certain Representatives are compensated in connection with the purchase of alternative investments. Representative compensation is not affected by whether you purchase a proprietary or third-party alternative investment, but this compensation will be higher than the compensation received in connection with the sale of other less complex types of investments offered by FBS. As a result, Representatives have a financial incentive to recommend alternative investments over other types of investments. We address this conflict by providing our Representatives with appropriate training and tools to ensure that they are making recommendations that are in your best interest, supervising our Representatives, and disclosing these conflicts so that you can consider them when making your financial decisions.

## **Stocks and Options**

FBS offers for purchase and sale the stocks of publicly traded companies listed on domestic and international exchanges, as well as options on many of these securities.

FBS does not charge you a commission for online U.S. stock transactions but will charge you a commission if such orders are placed over the phone or through a Representative. Sell orders for equities are charged an activity assessment fee. There are also specific commissions, fees, and charges that apply to transactions in stocks listed on international exchanges. Options have a per-contract fee when traded online and a commission and per-contract fee apply if traded over the phone or through a Representative. For all options trades, other regulatory fees apply. There are additional costs associated with options strategies that call for multiple purchases and sales of options, such as spreads, straddles, and collars, as compared with a single options trade.

FBS charges a commission for stock transactions and charges commissions and per-contract fees for options transactions. For information regarding trading and order routing practices, including compensation, see the "Order Routing and Principal Trading by FBS Affiliates" section below.

Stock markets are volatile and can fluctuate significantly in response to company, industry, political, regulatory, market, infectious illness, or economic developments. Investing in stocks involves risks, including the loss of principal. Stocks listed on foreign exchanges involve greater risks than U.S. investments, including political and economic risks and the risk of currency fluctuations, all of which may be magnified in emerging markets.

Options trading entails significant risk and is not appropriate for all investors. Before you make use of options in any way, it's essential to fully understand the risks involved, and to be certain that you are prepared to accept them. Before trading options, please read *Characteristics and Risks of Standardized Options*, which can be found by visiting [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

## **Additional FBS Account Services, Features, and Types**

### **Checkwriting Services**

You can set up checkwriting within your FBS account. Checks are issued through a bank that we have entered into an arrangement with to provide checkwriting services. Checkwriting is not available for certain Retirement Accounts.

### **Credit and Debit Cards**

#### **Credit Cards**

FBS has an arrangement with a third-party service provider that allows the service provider to issue several different versions of a co-branded credit card. Most of these credit cards offer cash back rewards, among other features. If you are an FBS customer and choose to have one of these credit cards, you have the option of depositing these rewards into your FBS account. Under the terms of our arrangement with the issuer of these credit cards, FBS or its affiliates share the revenue attributable to these credit cards with the issuer.

#### **Debit Cards**

FBS has entered into an arrangement with a third-party service provider that provides FBS customers with a debit card to access the uninvested cash in their FBS Accounts. FBS pays the service provider fees in exchange for its services, and those fees are reduced in part or eliminated entirely by revenue generated in connection with certain transactions initiated by customers when using these debit cards.

## **College Savings Accounts/Plans, ABLE Plans, and Other Custodial Accounts**

FBS or its affiliates offer a variety of state-sponsored 529 college savings plans ("529 Plans"), at both the state and national level, and ABLE disability account savings plans ("ABLE Plans").

There is no annual account fee or minimum required to open a 529 Plan or ABLE Plan account managed by Fidelity. Some states offer favorable tax treatment to their residents only if they invest in their own state's plan. Before making any investment decision, you may want to consider whether your state or the designated beneficiary's home state offers its residents a plan with alternate state tax advantages or other state benefits such as financial aid, scholarship funds, and protection from creditors.

FBS or its affiliates receive program manager fees as well as portfolio management and underlying fund fees from the 529 Plans as compensation for services provided to the Plans that include, but are not limited to, administrative, management, marketing, and investment management services. The fees associated with these Plans are described in each Plan's Disclosure Document.

Investments in 529 and ABLE Plans are municipal fund securities and are subject to market fluctuation and volatility. See the Plan's Disclosure Document for additional information regarding risks.

Certain FBS Representatives are compensated for sales of 529 and ABLE Plans. This compensation is the same regardless of the Fidelity-managed 529 or ABLE product you choose to purchase, but this compensation is higher than the compensation received in connection with other types of investments offered by FBS, such as money market funds, equities, CDs. As a result, these Representatives have a financial incentive to recommend these types of Plans over other types of investments. We address this conflict by providing our Representatives with appropriate training and tools to ensure that they are making recommendations that are in your best interest, by supervising our Representatives, and by disclosing these conflicts so that you can consider them when making your financial decisions.

You can also invest on behalf of a minor through a custodial account (also known as an UGMA or UTMA account, based on the Uniform Gifts/Transfers to Minors Acts). Funds in a custodial account are irrevocable gifts and can only be used for the benefit of the minor. Securities discussed in this document can be purchased through these custody accounts, and our Representatives are compensated in connection with your purchase of such securities as with other brokerage accounts.

## **Fully Paid Lending Program**

Subject to certain eligibility and suitability requirements, you may choose to participate in our Fully Paid Lending Program (“Lending Program”). The Lending Program is available to customers holding positions in eligible U.S. equities that are difficult to borrow. You will enter into a separate agreement, commonly referred to as a Master Securities Lending Agreement, with our affiliate NFS, if you choose to participate in the Lending Program.

FBS and NFS earn revenue in connection with borrowing your securities and lending them to others in the securities lending market and/or facilitating the settlement of short sales.

Certain FBS Representatives can recommend the use of the Lending Program but are not compensated in connection with your participation in the Lending Program.

## **Health Savings Accounts**

An HSA is an account that can be used by individuals enrolled in an HSA-eligible health plan to make contributions on a tax-advantaged basis and to take current or future distributions for qualified medical expenses on a tax-advantaged basis. The Fidelity HSA is a brokerage account that can be opened directly with FBS or through an Intermediary. Any recommendations provided to you for an HSA will be limited to investment management services provided by FPWA, proprietary mutual funds and mutual funds that participate in the exclusive marketing, engagement, and analytics program as described in the “Investment Products and Services” section above. Note that HSAs offered in connection with your workplace benefits program are described in the “Workplace Savings Plan Accounts” section below.

There are no fees to open an HSA account with FBS, and our Representatives are not compensated when you open an HSA directly with FBS.

Certain of the securities discussed in this document can be purchased through an HSA, and our Representatives are compensated in connection with your purchase of such securities.

## **IRAs and Other Retirement Accounts**

We offer traditional IRAs and Roth IRAs to individual investors to make investments on a tax-advantaged basis. We also offer other retirement accounts for those who are self employed (Self-Employed 401(k)s, SIMPLE IRAs, etc.) and to small business owners.

There are no fees to open IRAs or other Retirement Accounts with FBS, and our Representatives are not compensated when you open these accounts. Certain of the securities discussed in this document can be purchased through an IRA or other Retirement Account, and our Representatives are compensated in connection with your purchase of such securities.

## **Margin**

The use of margin involves borrowing money to buy securities. If you use margin to buy eligible securities in your Account, you will pay interest on the amount you borrow. Retirement accounts are not typically eligible for margin.

Margin trading entails greater risk, including, but not limited to, risk of loss and incurrence of margin interest debt, and is not suitable for all investors. Please assess your financial circumstances and risk tolerance before trading on margin. If the market value of the securities in your margin account declines, you may be required to deposit more money or securities in order to maintain your line of credit. If you are unable to do so, we may be required to sell all or a portion of your pledged assets.

FBS Representatives are not compensated in connection with the use of margin in your FBS Account and do not make recommendations regarding the use of margin.

## **Rollovers from an Employer-Sponsored Retirement Plan**

You can open an IRA with assets that are “rolled over” from a 401(k) or other employer-sponsored retirement plan. Our affiliates provide recordkeeping and other services to employer-sponsored retirement plans (“Workplace Savings Plans”) and assets held in a Workplace Savings Plan Account can be rolled over to an FBS IRA. Similarly, assets held in a third-party retirement plan can also be rolled over to an FBS IRA.

If you are a participant in a Workplace Savings Plan and you are eligible to roll over retirement assets to an IRA, we can provide you with information and/or recommendations regarding your plan distribution options. Certain FBS Representatives are trained to discuss the financial and nonfinancial factors to consider when deciding whether to stay in your Workplace Savings Plan, roll over to another Workplace Savings Plan, or roll over to an FBS IRA. When discussing IRAs in connection with a rollover transaction, Representatives will only discuss the features of an FBS IRA. Other financial services firms may offer rollover IRAs that have different features.

If you are a participant in an employer-sponsored retirement plan that is not recordkept by an affiliate of FBS and you are eligible to roll over retirement assets to an IRA, we can provide you with information regarding the factors that are important for you to consider when deciding whether to remain in your current plan or transfer all or part of your employer-sponsored retirement plan’s assets to an FBS IRA.

If you are a participant in a Workplace Savings Plan and we recommend that you roll over your Workplace Savings Plan assets to an FBS IRA, a conflict of interest exists because the compensation we and our affiliates receive from the investments, products, and services in your FBS IRA is different from the compensation we and our affiliates receive from investments, products, and services in your Workplace Savings Plan account. The compensation differential typically results because you may be able to access different investment options in an FBS IRA than in your Workplace Savings Plan account, and those investments result in more (or less) compensation to us and our affiliates.

There are no fees to open an FBS IRA and our Representatives are not compensated when you open this account. Certain of the securities discussed in this document can be purchased through an FBS IRA and our Representatives are compensated in connection with your purchase of such securities.

## **Sweep Options**

Your FBS Account includes a “core position” that holds assets awaiting further investment or withdrawal. Depending on the type of account, the available investment options for your core position include Fidelity money market mutual funds, an FDIC-insured deposit account bank sweep, or a free credit balance. If you work with an Intermediary, your Intermediary may limit the core choice options it makes available. If you use a free credit balance, FBS’ affiliates earn interest by investing your cash overnight. For more information, please refer to the Customer Agreement at [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information). If you use a Fidelity money market fund, FBS’ affiliates earn management and other fees as described in the fund’s prospectus. If your cash is swept to an FDIC-insured deposit bank sweep account, FBS’ affiliates receive a fee from the bank receiving deposits through the bank sweep program. For more information, please refer to the FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep Program Disclosures document at [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

## **Accounts Offered by Affiliates of FBS**

### **Charitable Giving**

Fidelity Investments Charitable Gift Fund (“Fidelity Charitable”) is an independent public charity which offers the Fidelity Charitable® Giving Account®, a donor-advised fund. FBS and its affiliates provide services to Fidelity Charitable® and are compensated in connection with those services.

Certain FBS Representatives are compensated for referrals to Fidelity Charitable.

### **Investment Advisory Services**

Brokerage accounts and investment advisory services offered to you by FBS and its affiliates are separate and distinct. These offerings are governed by different laws and regulations and have separate agreements with different terms, conditions, and fees that reflect the differences between the services provided. It is important for you to understand that a self-directed FBS brokerage account differs from a discretionary investment advisory service where FPWA or another FBS affiliate is responsible for deciding which investments will be purchased or sold. FPWA also offers nondiscretionary investment advisory services that include financial planning, profiling, and, as appropriate, referrals to third-party investment advisors.

Investment advisory programs typically charge an ongoing fee for the investment, advice, and monitoring services provided which, in the case of FPWA discretionary advisory services, also include costs of brokerage execution and custody. Fees for these investment advisory services typically are based on the value of the assets for which the services are provided. Fees also vary based on the scope of services provided. Information regarding each of the investment advisory programs offered by FPWA, including the fees charged, can be found at [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information). FPWA’s investment advisory services are only provided with respect to the specific accounts or assets that are identified in the agreement(s) you enter into with FPWA. FPWA does not provide investment advisory services for other accounts or assets you have, either at FBS, an FBS affiliate, or with another financial institution.

FBS does not receive separate commissions in connection with FPWA’s discretionary investment advisory services; however, FBS is reimbursed for the brokerage and other services provided to FPWA.

Certain FBS Representatives also act as investment advisory representatives of FPWA. Your Representative will be acting as a registered representative for FBS when discussing self-directed brokerage accounts, services, and investments, and will be acting as an investment advisory representative for FPWA when discussing discretionary and nondiscretionary investment advisory services. FBS Representatives are compensated in their capacity as investment advisory representatives of FPWA when providing investment advisory services to you. This compensation varies based on the investment advisory service you select and can be greater than the compensation received in connection with the sale of other less complex types of investments offered by FBS. As a result, these Representatives have a financial incentive to recommend FPWA’s investment advisory services over other types of investments offered by FBS. We address this conflict by providing our Representatives with appropriate training and tools to ensure that they are making recommendations that are in your best interest, by supervising our Representatives, and by disclosing these conflicts so that you can consider them when making your financial decisions.

Additionally, FBS’ affiliate FIWA offers advisory services to Intermediaries and to retail investors who work with Intermediaries. Generally, you must have a relationship with an Intermediary to receive the advisory services from FIWA. If you open an FBS account with FIWA for the provision of advisory services, you will generally pay a fee for the services associated with the platform fees for the investment advisors, and brokerage, clearing, and custody services provided by FIWA’s affiliates, including FBS and NFS.

### **Workplace Services**

FBS and its affiliates can provide a range of services to your Workplace Savings Plan. These services include investment management, transfer agent, brokerage, custodial, recordkeeping, and shareholder services for some or all of the investment options available under your Workplace Savings Plan. FBS can provide you with recommendations with respect to the investments held in your Workplace Savings Plan account as permitted by your plan sponsor, either online or through an FBS Representative. Any recommendations provided to you will be limited to those investment options offered in your Plan’s investment lineup (including investment advisory services offered by FBS’ affiliate, FPWA), which are selected by the plan’s sponsor.

FBS can provide recommendations concerning a Workplace HSA. Any recommendations provided to you for a Workplace HSA will be limited to investment management services provided by FPWA, proprietary mutual funds, and mutual funds that participate in the exclusive marketing, engagement, and analytics program as described in the “Investment Products and Services” section above. Please refer to your HSA Customer Agreement and our Schedule for additional account maintenance fees that can be charged by your employer.

Our Representatives are not compensated when you participate in a workplace savings plan or open an HSA.



If you have opened an FBS Account in connection with your participation in your employer's equity compensation plan where our affiliate Fidelity Stock Plan Services, LLC, provides recordkeeping and administrative services ("Stock Plan Services"), then FBS will provide you with brokerage account services as described in your Customer Agreement at [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information). You are also subject to the terms and conditions of your employer's equity compensation plan, including any applicable prospectus, grant or enrollment agreement, or other documentation. We can also provide information regarding your employee benefits.

FBS can also provide Executive Services to certain employees and/or participants in Workplace Savings Plans and/or through Stock Plan Services. Executive Services typically include customized equity compensation analysis, assistance with retirement planning, income protection, investment strategies, and access to products and services offered by FBS.

### **Third-Party Services through Marketplace Solutions**

We have entered into certain arrangements to make the services of various third-party vendors available to our customers. These services are generally, but not exclusively, accessed via hyperlinks on our website and mobile apps. These hyperlinks allow customers to connect directly with a vendor to obtain that vendor's services. In some cases, we receive compensation from these vendors when you decide to use their services. This compensation can take a variety of forms, including, but not limited to, payments for marketing and referrals, as well as sharing in a vendor's revenue attributable to our customers' usage of the vendor's products or services.

FBS Representatives are not compensated in connection with these vendor relationships and do not make recommendations regarding the use of these vendors.

### **Additional Conflicts of Interest**

#### **Agreements and Incentives with Intermediaries**

If you work with FBS through an Intermediary, you have authorized your Intermediary to enter into an agreement with FBS that includes a schedule of applicable interest rates, commissions, and fees that will apply to your Intermediary Account. In these arrangements, FBS and the Intermediary agree to pricing for the respective Intermediary Accounts based on the nature and scope of business that Intermediary does with FBS and its affiliates, including the current and future expected amount of assets that will be custodied by the Intermediary with an FBS affiliate, the types of securities managed by the Intermediary, and the expected frequency of the Intermediary's trading. Intermediaries select from among a range of pricing schedules and/or investment products and services to make available to Intermediary Accounts. Additionally, FBS can change the pricing, investment products and services, and other benefits we provide if the nature or scope of an Intermediary's business with us, or our affiliates, changes or does not reach certain levels. The pricing arrangements with intermediaries can pose a conflict of interest for FBS and for Intermediaries and influence the nature and scope of business the Intermediaries obtain from FBS and its affiliates. For more information on the pricing that applies to your Intermediary Account, contact your Intermediary.

In addition, if you work with an Intermediary, FBS or its affiliates provide your Intermediary with a range of benefits to help it conduct its business and serve you. These benefits can include providing or paying for the costs of products and services furnished to the Intermediary or direct payment to your Intermediary to defray the costs they incur when they do business. In other instances, Fidelity makes direct payments to Intermediaries in certain arrangements including business loans, referral fees, and revenue sharing. Examples of other benefits provided include (i) paying for technology solutions for Intermediaries; (ii) obtaining discounts on our proprietary products and services; (iii) assisting Intermediaries with their marketing activities; (iv) assisting Intermediaries with transferring customer accounts to our platform and in completing documentation to enroll their clients to receive our services; (v) making direct payments to reimburse for reasonable travel expenses when reviewing our business and practices; (vi) making direct payments for performing back-office, administrative, custodial support, and clerical services for us in connection with client accounts for which we act as custodian; and (vii) making referral payments to Intermediaries, their affiliates, or third parties for referring business to FBS. These benefits provided to your Intermediary do not necessarily benefit your Intermediary Account. The benefits and arrangements vary among Intermediaries depending on the business they and their clients conduct with us and other factors. Please discuss with your Intermediary the details regarding its relationship with FBS and its affiliates.

#### **Order Routing and Principal Trading by FBS Affiliates**

When you place a purchase or sale order for individual stocks or bonds in your FBS Account, FBS typically will route the order to its affiliated clearing broker-dealer NFS, which in turn either executes the order from its own account or sends the order to various exchanges or market centers for execution. Any order executed for your FBS Account is subject to a "best execution" obligation. If NFS executes the order from its own account (a "principal trade"), it can earn compensation on the transaction. This creates an incentive for NFS to execute stock or bond trades with its own account. In deciding where to send orders received for execution, NFS considers a number of factors including the size of the order, trading characteristics of the security, favorable execution prices (for example, the opportunity for price improvement), access to reliable market data, availability of efficient automated transaction processing, and execution cost. Some market centers or broker-dealers may execute orders at prices superior to publicly quoted market prices. Although you can instruct us to send an order to a particular marketplace, NFS order-routing policies are designed to result in transaction processing that is favorable for you. FBS and/or NFS receives remuneration, compensation, or other consideration for directing customer orders to certain market centers. Such consideration can take the form of financial credits, monetary payments, rebates, volume discounts, or reciprocal business. The details of any credit, payment, rebate, or other form of compensation received in connection with the routing of a particular order will be provided upon your request. For additional information on our best execution and order entry procedures, please refer to our Fidelity Account Customer Agreement, which you can find at [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information).

FBS Representative compensation is not affected by NFS' order-routing practices or whether we execute transactions on a principal basis. For more information, including copies of any document referenced, please go to [Fidelity.com/information](https://www.fidelity.com/information) or contact your FBS Representative.



Scan for more information.



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# Brokerage Commission and Fee Schedule

## FEES AND COMPENSATION

Fidelity brokerage accounts are highly flexible, and our cost structure is flexible as well. Our use of “à la carte” pricing for many features helps to ensure that you only pay for the features you use.

### About Our Commissions and Fees

The most economical way to place trades is online, meaning either through Fidelity.com, Fidelity Active Trader Pro®, or Fidelity Mobile®. The next most economical way is Fidelity Automated Service Telephone (FAST®). This automated service is available around the clock and can be accessed from a touch-tone phone.

The fees described in this document apply to the Fidelity Account®, Non-Prototype Retirement Accounts, Health Savings Accounts (HSAs), and Fidelity Retirement Accounts (including Traditional, Roth, Rollover, SEP-IRA, SIMPLE IRAs, and Fidelity Retirement Plans (Keogh and SE 401(k)), and inherited IRAs and inherited Keogh accounts). Note that for Stock Plan Services Accounts, a different fee schedule located on NetBenefits.com may apply for Exercise-and-Sell Fees for Stock Option Plans and Sale of Company Stock. This Fidelity Brokerage Commission and Fee Schedule applies to all other transactions. The fees described in this document may change from time to time without notice. Before placing a trade, consider Fidelity's most recent Brokerage Commission and Fee Schedule, available at Fidelity.com or through a Fidelity representative.

### STOCKS/ETFs

Online **\$0.00 per trade**  
FAST® **\$12.95 per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **\$32.95 per trade**

*The remuneration that Fidelity receives and keeps as described in this section applies to transactions and activities involving securities including, but not limited to, domestic (U.S.) equities traded on national exchanges, short sales, exchange-traded funds (ETFs), and U.S.-traded foreign securities (ADRs, or American Depository Receipts, and ORDs, or Ordinaries).<sup>1</sup> For details on foreign stock trading, see the Foreign Stocks section. Large block orders requiring special handling, restricted stock orders, and certain directed orders may carry additional fees, which will be disclosed at the time of the transaction.*

*In addition to the per trade charges identified above, Fidelity's remuneration also includes a fee that is charged on all sell orders (“Additional Assessment”). The Additional Assessment, which typically ranges from \$0.01 to \$0.03 per \$1,000 of principal, is charged by Fidelity. Fidelity uses the Additional Assessment to pay certain charges imposed on Fidelity by national securities associations, clearing agencies, national securities exchanges, and other self-regulatory organizations (collectively, “SROs”). The SROs in turn pay the SEC using the money they collect from Fidelity and other broker-dealers. The Additional Assessment that Fidelity charges you is designed to offset the charges imposed on Fidelity by the SROs, which in turn are intended to cover the costs incurred by the government, including the SEC, for supervising and regulating the securities markets and securities professionals. You acknowledge, understand, and agree that Fidelity determines the amount of the Additional Assessment in its sole and exclusive discretion, and that the Additional Assessment may differ from or exceed the charges imposed on Fidelity by the SROs. These differences are caused by various factors, including, among other things, the rounding methodology used by Fidelity, the use of allocation accounts, transactions or settlement movements for which a fee by the SROs may not be assessed, and differences between the dates of changes to rates charged by the SROs. You understand, acknowledge, and agree that Fidelity has made no representation that the Additional Assessment charged to you will equal the fees assessed against Fidelity by the SROs in connection with your transactions. The Additional Assessment is in addition to the commissions we charge (i.e., the per trade charges identified above), and is included on your trade confirmation as a part of the Activity Assessment Fee. For the exact amount of the Additional Assessment charged on a particular transaction, please contact a Fidelity representative.*

*Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC (“FBS”) and/or NFS receives remuneration, compensation, or other consideration (such as financial credits or reciprocal business) for directing orders in certain securities to particular broker-dealers or market centers for execution. The payer, source, and nature of any compensation received in connection with your particular transaction will vary*

*based on the venue that a trade has been routed to for execution and will be disclosed upon written request to FBS. Please refer to Fidelity's customer agreement for additional information about order flow practices and to Fidelity's commitment to execution quality ([http://personal.fidelity.com/products/trading/Fidelity\\_Services/Service\\_Commitment.shtml](http://personal.fidelity.com/products/trading/Fidelity_Services/Service_Commitment.shtml)) for additional information about order routing. Also review FBS's annual disclosure on payment for order flow policies and order routing policies.*

*FBS has entered into a long-term, exclusive and significant arrangement with the advisor to the iShares Funds that includes but is not limited to FBS's promotion of iShares funds, as well as in some cases purchase of certain iShares funds at a reduced commission rate (“Marketing Program”). FBS receives compensation from the fund's advisor or its affiliates in connection with the Marketing Program. FBS is entitled to receive additional payments during or after termination of the Marketing Program based upon a number of criteria, including the overall success of the Marketing Program. The Marketing Program creates significant incentives for FBS to encourage customers to buy iShares funds. Additional information about the sources, amounts, and terms of compensation is described in the ETF's prospectus and related documents.*

### NEW ISSUE

Fidelity makes certain new issue products available without a separate transaction fee. Fidelity may receive compensation for participating in the offering as a selling group member or underwriter. The compensation Fidelity receives from issuers when acting as both underwriter and selling group member is reflected in the “Range of Fees from Underwriting” column. When Fidelity acts as underwriter but securities are sold through other selling group members, Fidelity receives the underwriting fees less the selling group fees.

Securities	Range of Fees from Participation in Selling Group	Range of Fees from Underwriting
IPOs	• 3% to 4.2% of the investment amount	• 5% to 7% of the investment amount
Follow-Ons	• 1.8% to 2.4% of the investment amount	• 3% to 4% of the investment amount

Please refer to the applicable pricing supplement or other offering document for the exact percentage sales concession or underwriting discount.

### OPTIONS

Online **\$0.00 per trade** + 65¢ per contract  
FAST® **\$12.95 per trade** + 65¢ per contract  
Rep-Assisted **\$32.95 per trade** + 65¢ per contract

*Buy-to-close orders placed online for options priced 0¢ to 65¢ are commission-free and are not subject to per contract option fees. For trades placed on other channels, you will not be charged a per contract fee when the contract price is 65¢ or less. Regular option rates (as shown above) apply when the contract price exceeds 65¢.*

*Maximum charge: 5% of principal (subject to a minimum charge of \$12.95 for FAST trades and \$32.95 for Rep-Assisted trades).*

*Exercises and assignments are commission-free and are not charged a per contract fee.*

*In addition to the per trade/contract fees described above, Fidelity's remuneration also includes fees it charges you (“Options Fee”) that are designed to offset the Options Regulatory Fee (“ORF”) that the Options Clearing Corporation (“OCC”) charges Fidelity through various options exchanges. The ORF applies to any transaction to buy or sell options contracts and represents the cumulative charges imposed by all the participating options exchanges. The ORF has ranged from \$0.03 to \$0.05 per contract but is subject to change at any time. You acknowledge, understand, and agree that Fidelity determines the amount of the Options Fee charged to you and its other customers in its sole and exclusive discretion, and that the Options Fee amount collected from you by Fidelity may differ from or exceed the ORF that Fidelity pays to OCC. These differences are caused by various factors, including, among other things, the rounding methodology used by Fidelity, the use of allocation accounts, transactions for which a fee may not be assessed, and differences between the dates of changes to the ORF rate. You understand, acknowledge, and agree that Fidelity has made no representation that the fees assessed to you will equal the fees assessed against Fidelity by the OCC in connection with your transactions. This Options Fee is in addition to your commission and is included on your trade confirmation as a part of the Activity Assessment Fee. For the exact amount of the Options Fee charged to you on a particular transaction, please contact a Fidelity representative.*

*Multi-Leg Option orders placed online are charged a per contract Options Fee for the total number of contracts executed in the trade. Multi-Leg Option orders placed through other channels are charged a commission and the 65¢ per contract fee.*

<sup>1</sup>A Financial Transaction Tax of 0.30% of principal per trade on purchases of French securities and 0.10% of principal per trade on purchases of Italian securities may be assessed.

An "Additional Assessment" is also charged on any order to sell options contracts. Please refer to the discussion of the "Additional Assessment" in the Stocks/ETFs section of this document for additional information.

## BONDS AND CDs

### New Issues, Primary Purchases (all other fixed-income securities except U.S. Treasury)

Fidelity makes certain new issue products available without a separate transaction fee. Fidelity may receive compensation from issuers for participating in the offering as a selling group member and/or underwriter. The compensation Fidelity receives from issuers when acting as both underwriter and selling group member is reflected in the "Range of Fees from Underwriting" column. When Fidelity acts as underwriter but securities are sold through other selling group members, Fidelity receives the underwriting fees less the selling group fees.

#### BONDS

Securities	Range of Fees from Participation in Selling Group	Range of Fees from Underwriting
Agency/GSE	N/A	• 0.05% to 1.00% of the investment amount
Corporate Notes	• 0.01% to 2.5% of the investment amount	• 0.01% to 3.0% of the investment amount
Corporate Bond	• 0.01% to 2.5% of the investment amount	• 0.05% to 3.0% of the investment amount
Municipal Bonds and Taxable Municipal Bonds	• 0.1% to 2% of the investment amount	• 0.1% to 2.5% of the investment amount
Structured Products (Registered Notes)	• 0.05% to 5.0% of the investment amount	N/A
Fixed-Rate Capital	• 2% of the investment amount	• 3% of the investment amount

Please refer to the applicable pricing supplement or other offering document for the exact percentage sales concession or underwriting discount.

#### CDs

Securities	Range of Fees from Participation in Selling Group	Range of Fees from Underwriting
CDs—CDIPs (Inflation Protected)	• 0.1% to 2% of the investment amount	• 0.1% to 2.5% of the investment amount
Structured Products (Market-linked CDs)	• 0.05% to 5% of the investment amount	N/A

### U.S. Treasury, including TIPS—Auction Purchases

Online **No charge**

Rep-Assisted **\$19.95 per trade**

#### SECONDARY MARKET TRANSACTIONS

Mark-ups for all secondary bond (fixed-income) trades are listed below.

### U.S. Treasury, including TIPS

Online **No charge**

\*Rep-Assisted **\$19.95**

### All Other Bonds

Online **\$1.00 per bond**

Rep-Assisted **\$1.00 per bond\***

\*Rep-Assisted \$19.95 minimum

Please note that a \$250 maximum applies to all trades and is reduced to a \$50 maximum for bonds maturing in one year or less.

Bond orders cannot be placed through FAST.®

The offering broker, which may be our affiliate National Financial Services ("NFS"), may separately mark up or mark down the price of the security and may realize a trading profit or loss on the transaction. If NFS is not the offering broker, Fidelity compensation is limited to the prices above.

### Foreign Fixed-Income Trading

When purchasing a foreign currency-denominated fixed-income security for settlement in USD, the following additional charges will apply:

<\$1M	0.30% of principal
\$1M–\$5M	0.20% of principal
>\$5M	negotiated rate

## MUTUAL FUNDS

This section only describes fees associated with your account. Fees charged by a fund itself (for example, expense ratios, redemption fees [if any], exchange fees [if any], sales charges [for certain load funds]) are in the fund's prospectus. Read it carefully before you invest.

### Fidelity Funds

All Methods **No transaction fee**

### FundsNetwork Funds

Through FundsNetwork.® your account provides access to over 10,000 mutual funds. At the time you purchase shares of funds, those shares will be assigned either a transaction fee (TF), a no transaction fee (NTF) or a load status. When you subsequently sell those shares, any applicable fees will be assessed based on the status assigned to the shares at the time of purchase.

Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC, or its affiliates, may receive compensation in connection with the purchase and/or the ongoing maintenance of positions in certain mutual funds in your account. FBS may also receive compensation for such things as systems development necessary to establish a fund on its systems, a fund's attendance at events for FBS's clients and/or representatives, and opportunities for the fund to promote its products and services. This compensation may take the form of sales loads and 12b-1 fees described in the prospectus, as well as program participation and maintenance fees, start-up fees, and infrastructure support paid by the fund, its investment advisor, or an affiliate.

### FundsNetwork No Transaction Fee Funds.

All Methods **No transaction fee\*** Most NTF Funds will have no load.

Certain NTF Funds will be available load waived.

### Short-term Trading Fees

Fidelity charges a short-term trading fee each time you sell or exchange shares of a FundsNetwork NTF fund held less than 60 days. This fee does not apply to Fidelity funds, money market funds, FundsNetwork Transaction Fee funds, FundsNetwork load funds, funds redeemed through the Personal Withdrawal Service, or shares purchased through dividend reinvestment. In addition, Fidelity reserves the right to exempt other funds from this fee, such as funds designed to achieve their stated objective on a short-term basis. The fee will be based on the following fee schedule:

Online **\$49.95 flat fee**

Fidelity Automated Service Telephone (FAST.®): **0.5625% of principal** (25% off representative-assisted rates), maximum \$187.50, minimum \$75

Rep-Assisted: **0.75% of principal**, maximum \$250, minimum \$100

Keep in mind that the short-term trading fee charged by Fidelity on FundsNetwork NTF funds is different and separate from a short-term redemption fee assessed by the fund itself. Not all funds have short-term redemption fees, so please review the fund's prospectus to learn more about a potential short-term redemption fee charged by a particular fund.

\*Fidelity reserves the right to change the funds available without transaction fees and reinstate the fees on any funds.

### FundsNetwork Transaction-Fee Funds

#### Purchases:

Online: **\$49.95 or \$75 per purchase**. To identify any applicable transaction fees associated with the purchase of a given fund, please refer to the "Fees and Distributions" tab on the individual fund page on Fidelity.com.

FAST.®: **0.5625% of principal per purchase**; minimum \$75, maximum \$187.50

Rep-Assisted: **0.75% of principal per purchase**; minimum \$100, maximum \$250

These fees may be waived for certain types of periodic investment accounts.

### Redemptions:

Fidelity does not charge a transaction fee on any redemption of shares of a transaction-fee fund that were purchased with no load. A fund's own redemption fees may apply.

You can buy shares in a transaction-fee fund from its principal underwriter or distributor without a Fidelity transaction fee.

### FundsNetwork Load Funds

**A fund's sales charges may apply.** Fidelity does not charge a transaction fee on a load fund. A fund's own redemption fees may apply.

## FOREIGN STOCKS

Fidelity offers you two different ways to trade foreign stocks. You can utilize either Fidelity's "International Trading" functionality or its "Foreign Ordinary Share Trading" service. Depending on the service, different commissions, taxes and fees may apply as more fully described below. You can also call a Fidelity representative for further detail.

### International Trading

*International Trading* allows customers to trade stocks from 25 countries and exchange between 16 currencies. These trades are placed using a root symbol, followed by a colon (:) and then the two-letter country code for the market the customer wants to trade in. The commission and additional charges that may apply for International Trading will vary as noted below, depending on the market and whether the trade is placed online or through a representative. Please also note that if a security trading on an exchange in one of the markets noted below is only listed for trading in a currency other than that country's local market's currency, then the commissions and fees that will be charged will be based on the currency the security is trading in instead of the local market's currency. The list of countries, currencies, taxes and fees provided below is subject to change without notice.

#### Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, and Spain

Online **19 EUR per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **€50 EUR per trade**

*Note: There may be additional fees or taxes imposed on transactions in certain securities including:* Financial Transaction Tax: **0.30% of principal per trade** on purchases of French securities and **0.10% of principal per trade** on purchases of Italian securities.

Stamp Tax **1.00% of principal per trade** on purchases of Irish securities.

#### Australia

Online **\$32 AUD per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **\$70 AUD per trade**

#### Canada

Online **\$19 CAD per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **\$70 CAD per trade**

#### Denmark

Online **160 DKK per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **420 DKK per trade**

#### Hong Kong

Online **HK\$250 HKD per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **HK\$600 HKD per trade**

*Note: Additional fees or taxes imposed on transactions in Hong Kong securities include:*

Transaction Levy **0.003% of principal** per trade

Trading Fee **0.005% of principal** per trade

Stamp Duty **0.10% of principal** per trade

#### Japan

Online **¥3,000 JPY per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **¥8,000 JPY per trade**

#### Mexico

Online **\$360 MXN per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **\$960 MXN per trade**

#### New Zealand

Online **\$35 NZD per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **\$90 NZD per trade**

#### Norway

Online **kr160 NOK per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **kr400 NOK per trade**

#### Poland

Online **90 PLN per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **235 PLN per trade**

#### S. Africa

Online **225 ZAR per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **600 ZAR per trade**

*Note: Additional fees or taxes imposed on transactions in S. African securities include:*

Securities Transfer Tax: **0.25% of principal** on purchases

#### Singapore

Online **\$35 SGD per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **\$90 SGD per trade**

*Note: Additional fees or taxes imposed on transactions in Singapore securities include:*

Clearing fee **0.04% of principal** per trade

#### Sweden

Online **kr180 SEK per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **kr480 SEK per trade**

#### Switzerland

Online **CHF25 CHF per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **CHF65 CHF per trade**

#### United Kingdom

Online **£9 GBP per trade**  
Rep-Assisted **£30 GBP per trade**

*Note: Additional fees or taxes imposed on transactions in UK securities include:* PTM Levy **£1 GBP** per trade where principal amount is >£10,000  
GBP Stamp Duty **0.50% of principal** only on purchases

*There may also be further fees, taxes, or other charges assessed when conducting transactions in foreign securities beyond those described here. Details regarding these charges are available from a Fidelity representative. These fees, taxes, and charges, if any, will be disclosed on your trade confirmation (either individually or in the aggregate) and/or may be incorporated into the execution price.*

### Foreign Currency Exchange

*In addition to the commissions, taxes, fees, and other charges noted above, a currency exchange fee (in the form of a mark-up or mark-down on the exchange rate) will be charged based on the size of the currency conversion, pursuant to the following schedule:*

<\$100K	1.0% of principal
\$100K-<\$250K	0.75% of principal
\$250K-<\$500K	0.50% of principal
\$500K-<\$1M	0.30% of principal
\$1M+	0-0.20% of principal

### Foreign Ordinary Share Trading

*Foreign Ordinary Share Trading* allows customers to trade shares in foreign corporations on the over-the-counter (OTC) market using a five-character symbol ending in "F." Trades in foreign ordinary shares can be placed online or through a Fidelity representative. In either case, the domestic commission schedule for stocks/ETFs will apply. A \$50 fee will also be charged on each transaction in any foreign ordinary stock that is not Depository Trust Company eligible. Depending on the security and the market, additional charges will apply, as described below. There may also be further fees, taxes, or other charges assessed when conducting transactions in foreign securities beyond those described here. Details regarding these charges are available from a Fidelity representative. These fees and taxes, if any, will be disclosed on the trade confirmation (either individually or in the aggregate) and/or may be incorporated into the execution price.

#### Canada

When trading in Canadian-listed stocks, orders may be routed to brokers in Canada. Dually listed Canadian stocks may be routed to a Canadian broker or U.S. market center for execution. If the order is routed to a Canadian broker, a local broker's fee of \$0.0015 CAD per share if the price of the stock is less than or equal to \$0.10 CAD, \$0.0025 CAD per share if the price of the stock is greater than \$0.10 and less than \$1 CAD, and \$0.005 per share if the price of the stock is greater than or equal to \$1 CAD, and a foreign exchange fee of up to 0.01% of the principal may also be incorporated into the execution price.

## All Other Countries

For every country other than Canada, shares will generally be traded on the over-the-counter market through a U.S. market maker, unless you direct otherwise when you place your trade through a representative. In that situation (that is, if you direct that the transaction occur other than on the over-the-counter market), an additional foreign exchange fee of up to 0.30% of principal per trade may be incorporated into the execution price.

## OTHER INVESTMENTS

### Commercial Paper \$50 per transaction

**Unit Investment Trusts (UITs) \$35 minimum per redemption;** no fee to purchase. Fidelity makes certain new issue products available without a separate transaction fee. Fidelity receives compensation for participating in the offering as a selling group member. Fees from participating in the selling group range from 1% to 4% of the public offering price. Fidelity may also receive compensation for reaching certain sales levels, which range from 0.001%–0.0025% of the monthly volume sold.

### Precious Metals

Buy	Gross Amount	% Charged on Gross Amount	Sell	Gross Amount	% Charged on Gross Amount
\$0–\$9,999		2.90%	\$0–\$49,999		2.00%
\$10,000–\$49,999		2.50%	\$50,000–\$249,999		1.00%
\$50,000–\$99,999		1.98%	\$250,000+*		0.75%
\$100,000+*		0.99%			

\*delivery charges and applicable taxes if you take delivery

Fidelity charges a quarterly storage fee of 0.125% of the total value or \$3.75, whichever is greater. Storage fees are pre-billed based on the value of the precious metals in the marketplace at the time of billing.

For more information on these other investments and the cost of a specific transaction, contact Fidelity at 800-544-6666. Minimum fee per precious metals transaction: \$44. Minimum precious metals purchase: \$2,500 (\$1,000 for IRAs). Precious metals may not be purchased in a Fidelity Retirement Plan (Keogh), and are restricted to certain types of investments in a Fidelity IRA.

## OTHER FEES AND COMPENSATION

### All Accounts

**Foreign Currency Wires up to 3% of principal;** charged when converting USD to wire funds in a foreign currency

**Foreign Dividends/Reorganizations 1% of principal;** charged when a dividend is paid or a reorganization event occurs on a foreign asset held in an account in USD

### Nonretirement Accounts

**Debit Card and ATM Fees There is no annual fee** for the Fidelity® Debit Card or the Fidelity HSA® debit card. You may be charged separate fees by other institutions, such as the owner of the ATM. Note: You cannot use the Fidelity HSA® debit card at an ATM.

For Fidelity Account® owners coded Premium, Private Client Group, Wealth Management, or with household annual trading activity of 120 or more stock, bond, or options trades, your account will automatically be reimbursed for all ATM fees charged by other institutions while using the Fidelity® Debit Card at any ATM displaying the Visa®, Plus® or Star® logos. The reimbursement will be credited to the account the same day the ATM fee is debited. In rare instances, ATM owners may not itemize fees, which may cause disruption of individual automatic rebates. Should this occur, please contact Fidelity. Please note there may be a foreign transaction fee of 1% included in the amount charged to your account.

Fidelity debit cards are issued by PNC Bank, N.A., and the debit card programs are administered by BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company. These entities are not affiliated with each other or with Fidelity. Visa is a registered trademark of Visa International Service Association, and is used by PNC Bank pursuant to a license from Visa U.S.A. Inc.

**Transfer and Ship Certificates \$100 per certificate;** applies only to customers who have certificate shares reregistered and shipped; waived for households that meet certain asset and trade minimums at Fidelity<sup>2</sup>

### HSAs

**Annual fees** For Fidelity HSAs that are opened through, or serviced by, an intermediary, or in connection with your workplace benefits, Fidelity may deduct:

- an administrative fee of up to \$12 per quarter (\$48 annually) from your Fidelity HSA, unless it is paid by your employer (may be waived for households that were established before a certain date and meet certain asset minimums at Fidelity).

## Fee and Trading Policies

Commissions will be charged per order. For commission purposes, orders executed over multiple days will be treated as separate orders. Unless noted otherwise, all fees and commissions are debited from your core account.

### Fee Waiver Eligibility

To determine your eligibility for fee waivers, we group the assets and trading activity of all of the eligible accounts shown on your periodic account statement.

Eligible accounts generally include those maintained with Fidelity Service Company, Inc., or FBS [such as 401(k), 403(b), or 457 plan assets] or held in Fidelity Investments Life Insurance Company accounts, Fidelity Portfolio Advisory Service® or Fidelity® Personalized Portfolios accounts. Assets maintained by Fidelity Personal Trust Company, FSB, are generally not included. We may include other assets at our discretion.

We will review your account periodically to confirm that your household is receiving the best fee waivers it qualifies for, and may change your fee waiver eligibility at any time based on these reviews. We update fee waiver eligibility across household accounts promptly after a daily review of trading activity, and monthly after a review of household assets. All trading activity is measured on a rolling 12-month basis.

If you believe there are eligible accounts within your household that are not being counted in our fee waiver eligibility process—for example, accounts held by immediate family members who reside with you—you may authorize Fidelity to consolidate these accounts into an aggregated relationship household and review them for eligibility. Any resulting fee waivers would extend both to you and to all immediate family members residing with you. Most customers receive only a single customer reporting statement from Fidelity and do not need to take any action. However, for more information, go to [Fidelity.com/goto/commissions](https://www.fidelity.com/goto/commissions) or call us at 800-544-6666.

### Limits on Feature Eligibility

Retirement accounts and Fidelity BrokerageLink® accounts cannot trade foreign securities or sell short, are not eligible for margin loans, and may be subject to other rules and policies. Please see the literature for these accounts for details.

### Prospectuses and Fact Sheets

Free prospectuses are available for UITs, Fidelity funds, and Fidelity FundsNetwork® funds. Fact sheets are available for certificates of deposit. To obtain any of these documents, and for other information on any fund offered through Fidelity, including charges and expenses, call 800-544-6666 or visit [Fidelity.com](https://www.fidelity.com).

<sup>2</sup>Households with \$1 million or more in assets or \$25,000 or more in assets + 120 trades a year. For details, see Fee Waiver Eligibility section above.

## Margin Fees

Understanding how margin charges are calculated is essential for any investor considering or using margin. The information below, provided in conformity with federal securities regulations, is designed to help you understand the terms, conditions, and methods associated with our margin interest charges.

For all margin borrowing—regardless of what you use it for—we charge interest at an annual rate that is based on two factors: our base rate, and your average debit balance. We set our base rate with reference to commercially recognized interest rates, industry conditions regarding margin credit, and general credit conditions. The table below shows the premiums and discounts we apply to our base rate depending on the average debit balance:

### Interest Charged

Average Debit Balance	Interest Charged Above/Below Base Rate
\$0–\$24,999.99	+1.250%
\$25,000–\$49,999.99	+0.750%
\$50,000–\$99,999.99	–0.200%
\$100,000–\$249,999.99	–0.250%
\$250,000–\$499,999.99	–0.500%
\$500,000–\$999,999.99	–2.825%
\$1,000,000+	–3.075%

In determining your debit balance and interest rate, we combine the margin balances in all your accounts except short accounts and income accounts. We then compute interest for each account based on the rate resulting from averaging the daily debit balances during the interest period. Interest is charged from the date we extend you credit.

Your rate of interest will change without notice based on changes in the base rate and in your average debit balance. When your interest rate is increased for any other reason, we will give you at least 30 days' written notice. If the base rate is stated as a range, we may apply the high end of the range.

For any month where your monthly margin charges are \$1 or more, your monthly statement will show both the dollar amount and the rate of your interest charges. If your interest rate changed during the month, separate charges will be shown for each rate. Each interest cycle begins the first business day following the 20th of each month.

## Other Charges

You may be assessed separate interest charges, at the base rate plus two percentage points, in connection with any of the following:


- Payments of the proceeds of a security sale in advance of the regular settlement date (such prepayments must be approved in advance)
- When the market price of a “when-issued” security falls below your contract price by more than the amount of your cash deposit
- When payments for securities purchased are received after the settlement date

## How Interest Is Computed

Interest on debit balances is computed by multiplying the average daily debit balance of the account by the applicable interest rate in effect and dividing by 360, times the number of days a daily debit balance was maintained during the interest period.

## Marking to Market

The credit balance in the short account will be decreased or increased in accordance with the corresponding market values of all short positions. Corresponding debits or credits will be posted to the margin account. These entries in the margin account will, of course, affect the balance on which interest is computed. Credits in your short account, other than marking to market, will not be used to offset your margin account balance for interest computation.

<b>FACTS</b>	<b>What do Fidelity Investments and the Fidelity Funds do with your personal information?</b> 	
<b>WHY?</b>	Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.	
<b>WHAT?</b>	The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Social Security number and employment information</li> <li>■ assets and income</li> <li>■ account balances and transaction history</li> </ul> When you are <i>no longer</i> our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.	
<b>HOW?</b>	All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information, the reasons Fidelity Investments and the Fidelity Funds (hereinafter referred to as "Fidelity") choose to share, and whether you can limit this sharing.	
<b>REASONS WE CAN SHARE YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION</b>	<b>DOES FIDELITY SHARE?</b>	<b>CAN YOU LIMIT THIS SHARING?</b>
<b>For our everyday business purposes—</b> such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
<b>For our marketing purposes—</b> to offer our products and services to you	Yes	No
<b>For joint marketing with other financial companies</b>	No	We don't share
<b>For our affiliates' everyday business purposes—</b> information about your transactions and experiences	Yes	No
<b>For our affiliates' everyday business purposes—</b> information about your creditworthiness	No	We don't share
<b>For nonaffiliates to market to you</b>	No	We don't share
<b>QUESTIONS?</b>	Call 800-544-6666. If we serve you through an investment professional, please contact them directly. Specific Internet addresses, mailing addresses, and telephone numbers are listed on your statements and other correspondence.	



<b>WHO WE ARE</b>	
<b>Who is providing this notice?</b>	Companies owned by Fidelity Investments using the Fidelity name to provide financial services to customers, and the Fidelity Funds. A list of companies is located at the end of this notice.
<b>WHAT WE DO</b>	
<b>How does Fidelity protect my personal information?</b>	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.
<b>How does Fidelity collect my personal information?</b>	<p>We collect your personal information, for example, when you</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ open an account or direct us to buy/sell your securities</li> <li>■ provide account information or give us your contact information</li> <li>■ tell us about your investment portfolio</li> </ul> <p>We also collect your personal information from others, such as credit bureaus, affiliates, or other companies.</p>
<b>Why can't I limit all sharing?</b>	<p>Federal law gives you the right to limit only</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes—information about your creditworthiness</li> <li>■ affiliates from using certain information to market to you</li> <li>■ sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you</li> </ul> <p>State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.</p>
<b>DEFINITIONS</b>	
<b>Affiliates</b>	<p>Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Fidelity Investments affiliates include companies with the Fidelity name (excluding the Fidelity Funds), as listed below, and other financial companies such as National Financial Services LLC, Strategic Advisers LLC, and FIAM LLC.</li> </ul>
<b>Nonaffiliates</b>	<p>Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Fidelity does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.</li> </ul>
<b>Joint marketing</b>	<p>A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Fidelity doesn't jointly market.</li> </ul>
<b>OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION</b>	
<p>If you transact business through Fidelity Investments life insurance companies, we may validate and obtain information about you from an insurance support organization. The insurance support organization may further share your information with other insurers, as permitted by law. We may share medical information about you to learn if you qualify for coverage, to process claims, to prevent fraud, or otherwise at your direction, as permitted by law. You are entitled to receive, upon written request, a record of any disclosures of your medical record information. Please refer to your statements and other correspondence for mailing addresses.</p> <p>If you establish an account in connection with your employer, your employer may request and receive certain information relevant to the administration of employee accounts.</p> <p>If you interact with Fidelity Investments directly as an individual investor (including joint account holders), we may exchange certain information about you with Fidelity Investments financial services affiliates, such as our brokerage and insurance companies, for their use in marketing products and services as allowable by law. Information collected from investment professionals' customers is not shared with Fidelity Investments affiliates for marketing purposes, except with your consent and as allowed by law.</p> <p>The Fidelity Funds have entered into a number of arrangements with Fidelity Investments companies to provide for investment management, distribution, and servicing of the Funds. The Fidelity Funds do not share personal information about you with other entities for any reason, except for everyday business purposes in order to service your account. For additional information, please visit <a href="http://Fidelity.com">Fidelity.com</a>.</p>	
<b>WHO IS PROVIDING THIS NOTICE?</b>	
<p>Fidelity Investments companies: Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC; Fidelity Distributors Company LLC; Fidelity Investments Institutional Operations Company, LLC; Fidelity Management Trust Company; Fidelity Personal Trust Company, FSB; Fidelity Personal and Workplace Advisors LLC; Fidelity Investments Life Insurance Company; Empire Fidelity Investments Life Insurance Company; Fidelity Insurance Agency, Inc.; National Financial Services LLC; Strategic Advisers LLC; Fidelity Institutional Wealth Adviser LLC; FIAM LLC; Fidelity Health Insurance Services, LLC.</p> <p>The FIAM privately offered funds, which include funds advised by FIAM LLC and under general partner/managing member FIAM Institutional Funds Manager, LLC.</p> <p>The Fidelity Funds, which include funds advised by Strategic Advisers LLC.</p>	

## NOTICE OF BUSINESS CONTINUITY

Fidelity is committed to providing continuous customer service and support; however, we recognize that there are potential risks that could disrupt our ability to serve you. We are confident that we have taken the necessary steps that will allow us to reduce or eliminate the impact of a business disruption.

Fidelity recognizes the responsibility we have to our customers. We have implemented a business continuity management program with a strong governance model and commitment from senior management. Our continuity program's primary objectives are to meet the needs of our customers, maintain the wellbeing and safety of our employees, and meet our regulatory obligations. The planning process is risk based and involves the understanding and prioritization of critical operations across the firm, the anticipation of probable threats, and the proactive development of strategies to mitigate the impact of those events.

Our continuity planning teams work closely with local governments and officials in the event of an outage impacting our operations. Additionally, Fidelity has identified three large scale scenarios that require particular focus: pandemics, events impacting stock and bond market operations, and cyber events. Detailed response plans have been developed and cross-discipline teams have been trained to address both day-to-day disruptions as well as these specific events.

Each Fidelity department has developed the capabilities to recover both operations and systems. All continuity plans are designed to account for disruptions of various lengths and scopes, and to ensure that critical functions are recovered to meet their business objectives. Critical business groups operate from multiple sites. Dedicated teams within our technology organizations ensure that critical applications and data have sufficient redundancy and availability to minimize the impact of an event. Key components of Fidelity's continuity and technology recovery planning include:

- Alternate physical locations and preparedness
- Alternative means to communicate with our customers
- Back-up telecommunications and systems
- Employee safety programs

Plans are tested regularly to ensure they are effective should an actual event occur. Fidelity's Business Continuity Plans are reviewed no less than annually to ensure the appropriate updates are made to account for operations, technology, and regulatory changes. Material changes will be reflected in an updated "Notice of Business Continuity Plan." You may obtain a copy of this notice at any time by contacting a Fidelity Representative.

# Guide to Brokerage and Investment Advisory Services at Fidelity Investments

This brochure highlights important differences between the brokerage and investment advisory services that may be provided to you as part of your relationship with Fidelity Investments ("Fidelity", "we", or "us"). Depending on your individual goals and investment objectives, our representatives may assist you with brokerage services, investment advisory services, or both.

**It is important for you to understand that Fidelity's brokerage services and investment advisory services are separate and distinct.** Our brokerage products and services are subject to different sets of laws and regulations from our investment advisory products and services, and our obligations and duties to you are different for each. Although you may have a relationship with a dedicated Fidelity representative who serves as your primary point of contact for the services you receive from Fidelity, when you receive multiple services from us, each service will be governed by the terms of the applicable agreement, as well as the laws and regulations applicable to that type of service.

## Fidelity's Brokerage Services

Our brokerage products and services are provided to you through Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC ("FBS"), a broker-dealer that is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and that is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), and Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

When providing brokerage products and services, as described in your Fidelity Account® Customer Agreement or other applicable customer agreement, and/or for services in connection with certain workplace savings plans as described in an agreement with your employer or other applicable document, we will accept orders and execute transactions in your Fidelity brokerage account based on your instructions. You, or your authorized representative, are responsible for all investment decisions in your Fidelity brokerage account. As a broker, we also offer you other services incidental to our brokerage services which can take the form of education, research, access to tools available on Fidelity.com, and guidance or advice designed to assist you in making decisions regarding the various products available to you. No separate fees are charged for these other services incidental to our brokerage services. Some of our brokerage representatives also hold insurance licenses that allow them to sell life insurance and annuities issued by our affiliated life insurance companies and certain unaffiliated life insurance companies.

When providing brokerage services directly to you, FBS is required to:

- Execute your trades with diligence and competence and seek to provide best execution in light of prevailing market conditions;
- Have reasonable grounds for believing that any security, investment strategy or account type that we specifically recommend to you is in your best interest after taking into account certain factors, including the costs of what we have recommended given your investment objectives, risk tolerance, financial and tax status, and other financial information you have disclosed to us; and
- Treat you in a manner consistent with principles of fair dealing and high standards of honesty and integrity.

## How you are charged for Fidelity's Brokerage Services

Your costs for brokerage services are typically based on a transaction charge, often called a commission, for each trade you make in your account. Other costs and charges will also apply to your account, and these costs and charges are outlined in your Fidelity Account Customer Agreement or through other notification. Life insurance and annuity product sales will result in a commission payment to us from the affiliated and non-affiliated insurance companies for the insurance products we sell.

## Fidelity's Investment Advisory Services

Our investment advisory services are provided through Fidelity Personal and Workplace Advisors, LLC ("FPWA"), an investment adviser registered with the SEC under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (the "Advisers Act"). For workplace savings accounts, advisory services are provided jointly between FPWA and Strategic Advisers LLC ("Strategic Advisers"), another affiliated SEC-registered investment adviser. Generally, the advisory services we offer include nondiscretionary financial planning, and/or discretionary investment management, or a referral to an unaffiliated investment advisory firm.

**We will provide investment advisory services pursuant to a written agreement ("Client Agreement") with you (or in the case of workplace savings accounts, with your sponsor) that describes our investment advisory relationship and our obligations under the Client Agreement.** You also will receive a disclosure document required by Form ADV, Part 2A ("Program Fundamentals"), describing the specific investment advisory service we will be providing to you. These documents explain the types of services we provide, the applicable advisory fees, and any potential conflicts between our interests and yours. You will also receive additional disclosure documents as required by Form ADV, Part 2B which provide details regarding the business background of the personnel responsible for delivering investment advice to you.

Please note that our investment advisory services are limited strictly to those services for which you or your plan sponsor has entered into a Client Agreement with FPWA and, with respect to workplace savings plans, Strategic Advisers. The fact that we provide discretionary investment management of some of your accounts, or that we provide financial planning with respect to certain of your goals, does not mean that we are under any obligation to provide investment advisory services for other accounts or assets you may have, either at Fidelity or with another financial institution. Where we provide financial planning services as an investment adviser, you are responsible for determining whether, and how, to implement any financial planning recommendations presented, including asset allocation suggestions, and for paying applicable fees. Financial planning through FPWA does not constitute an offer to sell, a solicitation of any offer to buy, or a recommendation of any security by Fidelity Investments or any third party. We will act as a broker-dealer or an investment adviser with respect to any implementation depending on the products or services you select, and such products or services may be subject to separate charges, fees, and expenses.

When providing services as an investment adviser, we owe you a fiduciary duty under the Advisers Act with respect to the specific investment advisory service provided. Our fiduciary duty includes the obligation to:

- Ensure that investment advisory services are suited to your specific investment objectives, needs, and circumstances;
- Make full and fair disclosure of all material facts about our services and our relationship;
- Place your interests before our own when providing the investment advisory service to you;
- Disclose conflicts of interest, including compensation received by us or our affiliates in connection with the investment advisory program;
- Obtain your consent before engaging in transactions with you for our own, an affiliate's, or another client's account; and
- Not give an unfair advantage to one advisory client to the disadvantage of another.

## How you are charged for Fidelity's Investment Advisory Services

Fees for investment advisory services are described in the applicable Program Fundamentals and Client Agreement. Typically, with respect to discretionary investment management services, your fee for such services will be a percentage of the assets held in an account over which we have investment discretion. As an example, the discretionary investment management fee typically covers both the investment management services and the trading costs associated with the account (note that other costs are not included as detailed in your Client Agreement, Program Fundamentals and/or other notification). This fee is expressed as an annual percentage, but is charged to your account on a quarterly basis in arrears. With respect to nondiscretionary financial planning services, our advisory fees may instead be in the form of a fixed annual payment amount or may be included as part of your annual discretionary investment management fee.

## Additional information applicable to Retirement Accounts

Unless otherwise agreed to by a Fidelity Investments company in writing, information, including analytics, provided to you with regard to your workplace savings account(s) or individual retirement account(s) (together, your "Retirement Accounts"), is educational in nature and should not be relied on as a primary basis for your decisions regarding investing in, purchasing or selling securities or other property for your Retirement Account(s). In applying any asset allocation suggestion to your individual situation, be sure to consider other assets, income and investments (e.g., home equity, savings accounts or other retirement accounts) in addition to your Retirement Account(s).

## How Fidelity representatives are compensated

As compensation for the services they provide, our representatives receive base pay and may also be eligible to receive variable compensation. Fidelity representatives may have a financial incentive to recommend your participation in an investment advisory service where this compensation is greater than what the representative would receive if you purchased certain other products or enrolled in other services offered by Fidelity. More information about our representatives' compensation is available upon request, or can be found online at [www.fidelity.com/repcompensation](http://www.fidelity.com/repcompensation) and in the Program Fundamentals associated with each advisory service.

## Additional information

Fidelity representatives' use of any specific title or designation does not imply that they are providing you with any specific service, such as financial planning or other investment advisory services. Whether you are a brokerage or investment advisory client is dictated by the actual services that are agreed upon and provided to you.

If at any time you would like clarification on the nature of services provided to you, please speak with a Fidelity representative, or visit our website at [Fidelity.com](http://Fidelity.com). We also urge you to carefully read the account agreements and disclosures that we provide to you for our brokerage and advisory services, copies of which can be found at [www.fidelity.com/customer-service/forms-applications/overview](http://www.fidelity.com/customer-service/forms-applications/overview) or can be obtained from your Fidelity representative.

Advisory services are provided for a fee through Fidelity Personal and Workplace Advisors LLC, and, with respect to workplace savings accounts, Strategic Advisers LLC. Both are registered investment advisers and Fidelity Investments companies.

Brokerage services are provided by Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC. Custody and other services are provided by National Financial Services LLC. Both are Fidelity Investments companies and members of NYSE and SIPC.

Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC, Member NYSE and SIPC, 900 Salem Street, Smithfield, RI 02917

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# FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep Program Disclosure

For Fidelity Individual Retirement Accounts (IRAs) and Fidelity Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)

## Summary

This document provides important information about the FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep Program offered in connection with certain Fidelity IRAs (including Traditional, Rollover, and SEP-IRAs), Fidelity Roth IRAs, and Fidelity SIMPLE-IRAs (each an Individual Retirement Account, or IRA) and/or the Fidelity Health Savings Account (HSA) (each an "Account"). If you have questions about an IRA, you can call a Fidelity Representative at 800-544-6666. For questions about an HSA, please call 800-544-3716.

## How the Program Works

IRAs and HSAs utilize a core account. In accordance with your instructions and pursuant to these disclosures, the uninvested balances in your core account may be held in a position called the FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep (the "Sweep"). Cash contributed to or received in your Account is held in the core account (the "Cash Balance"). On the next business day (not including bank holidays or days on which the New York Stock Exchange is closed, such as Good Friday) after receipt, Cash Balances are automatically "swept into" an FDIC-insured interest-bearing account (the "Program Deposit Account") at one or more participating banks (each a "Program Bank"). A hierarchical list of Program Banks (the "Program Bank List") will be assigned to your Account and the first bank on your Program Bank List will be designated as your "Primary Core Bank." Cash Balances up to the Maximum Deposit Limit (as further defined below) will be swept into your Primary Core Bank. The additional Program Banks, if any, on your Program Bank List will be available to accept excess Cash Balances in the event that you reach the Maximum Deposit Limit at your Primary Core Bank, provided, however, that if you have Program Deposits at each available Program Bank on your Program Bank List in an amount equal to the Maximum Deposit Limit, any remaining Cash Balances will be swept into your Primary Core Bank. Once your Cash Balance has been swept into a Program Deposit Account, it becomes eligible for FDIC insurance and is referred to as your "Program Deposit." Beginning with your Primary Core Bank, your Program Deposit is also automatically "swept out of" a Program Deposit Account as necessary to satisfy debits in your Account. In this document, the sweep process between your Account and the Program Deposit Account is referred to as the "Program."

The Program is available to most IRA and HSA accounts. The Program is not available to inherited IRAs, IRAs, and HSAs that utilize Fidelity's Portfolio Advisory Services, or any IRA or HSA where the account owner has established a relationship with an independent third-party investment adviser that utilizes Fidelity or its affiliates for clearing and custody services and technology support. There are also limitations on the Program if your IRA was established by your employer in accordance with the terms of your workplace savings plan.

During the account-opening process, as indicated on the account application, account owners may be defaulted into the Sweep and/or given the option to affirmatively elect to utilize the Sweep.

Except as otherwise described in the Fidelity Brokerage Retirement Account Customer Agreement, existing IRA account owners may generally switch the core option between the Sweep and a Fidelity money market mutual fund without restriction. Except as otherwise described in the Fidelity Health Savings Account Customer Agreement, existing HSA account owners may generally switch the core option between the Sweep and a Fidelity money market mutual fund without restriction. Existing account owners seeking more information or wishing to make a change can do so by calling a Fidelity Representative.

You will be informed of the Program Bank List assigned to your Account. If you open a new Account, you will receive this information in connection with the account-opening process. If you have an existing Account that utilizes an alternative core position and you elect to switch to the Sweep, you will receive a notice confirming your election. For more information about the method used to generate your Account's Program Bank List, please refer to the "Details" section of this document.

Program Deposit Accounts are established on behalf of you and other Fidelity customers who participate in the Program. Although Fidelity will sweep your Cash Balance into a Program Deposit Account with a Program Bank, **you cannot make withdrawals from the Program Deposit Account, even if you contact the Program Bank. Your Cash Balance is only available through your Account.** Please call a Fidelity Representative with any questions on accessing your Cash Balance.

You will be notified in advance, whenever possible, of a change that affects your Account. However, in extraordinary circumstances including, but not limited to, situations where a Program Bank is unable or unwilling to take additional Program Deposits, a Program Bank's participation in the Program is terminated, or a Program Bank's ongoing viability may be in question, you direct Fidelity, without providing advance notice to you, to make an intraday change to your Program Bank List that will affect the Program Bank assigned to your Account on a given day, to limit the amount of your Cash Balance that is swept into a Program Deposit Account, or to move your Cash Balance to another Program Bank if Fidelity determines that such action is necessary to protect your funds or in the event that a Program Bank is not able or willing to take additional deposits. Please consult the "Details" section for further important information, as such action may affect Fidelity's compensation and your eligibility for FDIC insurance.

## Interest Rates

Each of the following constitutes a "Set Point":

- The third business day immediately following: (i) any scheduled meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee ("FOMC"), or (ii) the date of any published FOMC policy statement not resulting from a scheduled meeting of the FOMC;
- The first business day of each month; and
- The fifteenth day of each month, or in the event the fifteenth day is not a business day, the next business day immediately following the fifteenth day of each month.

The interest rate paid on your Program Deposit will be set and effective on each Set Point. On each Set Point, the current rates and annual percentage yields (APYs) for Program Deposits will be available at [Fidelity.com/IRACoreRates](https://www.fidelity.com/IRACoreRates) for IRA rates or [Fidelity.com/HSACoreRates](https://www.fidelity.com/HSACoreRates) for HSA rates or by calling a Fidelity Representative. The foregoing notwithstanding, there is no requirement that the interest rate change on a given Set Point (i.e., interest rates may remain constant over the course of multiple Set Points). Your continued use of your Account and/or the Program after publication of the rates as described above will constitute your affirmative consent to the rate. The interest rate may change between Set Points only if the change results in a higher interest rate being paid to all customers who maintain the same type of Account (e.g., all IRAs), in which case revised rates will be published as described above.

A calendar of scheduled FOMC meetings can be found at the website of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve [<https://www.federalreserve.gov/monetarypolicy/fomccalendars.htm>].

Interest rates may vary depending on the type of Account (IRA or HSA). Program Banks may participate in the Program in connection with both IRAs and HSAs. Account owners maintaining both an IRA and an HSA may have Program Deposits at the same Program Bank as a result of utilizing the Program in connection with both Accounts and may be paid different interest rates on the Accounts by the same bank.

Fidelity offers similar programs to account owners who maintain other types of accounts ("Other Accounts"). While the same Program Bank may participate in the Program as well as the program for these Other Accounts, the interest rate paid by a Program Bank in connection with the Program may be different from that paid by the same Program Bank in connection with the program offered to account owners who maintain Other Accounts with Fidelity.

The rate of interest may change at any time and will vary over time as provided herein. Over any given period, the interest rates on your Program Deposits may be lower than the rate of return on similar non-FDIC-insured investments or deposit accounts offered outside of the Program, including deposit accounts held directly with a Program Bank.

To compare current rates of return between the Sweep and non-FDIC-insured options available at Fidelity, please visit [Fidelity.com/IRACoreRates](https://www.fidelity.com/IRACoreRates) for IRA rates or [Fidelity.com/HSACoreRates](https://www.fidelity.com/HSACoreRates) for HSA rates or call a Fidelity Representative.

Interest accrues daily, is compounded monthly, and will be reflected on your Account statement as of the last business day of each month. Additional information regarding the calculation and payment of interest on your Program Deposit can be found in the "Details" section or by calling a Fidelity Representative.

## FDIC Insurance Coverage/SIPC Protection

Your Program Deposit, together with any non-Program deposits you may have at the same Program Bank, which include deposits arising in connection with similar programs offered to account owners who maintain Other

Accounts with Fidelity, as well as savings and checking accounts, money market deposit accounts, and CDs issued directly to you by the Program Bank, are insured by the FDIC, an independent agency of the U.S. government, up to a standard maximum amount in accordance with the rules of the FDIC. The applicable FDIC insurance limit depends on the ownership capacity in which you hold the Program Deposit, and the relevant limit will be applied to all deposits (including Program Deposits and non-Program deposits) held in the same ownership capacity by you at the same Program Bank. Deposits held in different ownership capacities, as provided in FDIC rules, are insured separately. Single ownership accounts are insured up to \$250,000, and each co-owner's share of joint accounts is insured up to \$250,000. For retirement accounts such as IRAs, the limit is typically \$250,000. HSAs, unless they possess special features, are considered to be held in the same right and capacity as other single ownership accounts of a depositor, and are combined with such other single ownership accounts, for the purpose of applying the \$250,000 maximum limit. Special rules apply to insurance of trust deposits. **If you have both a Program Deposit and non-Program deposits at the same Program Bank held in the same right and legal capacity as your Program Deposit, you must aggregate all such deposits with your Program Deposit for purposes of determining FDIC coverage. If your total funds on deposit at a Program Bank exceed the applicable FDIC insurance limit, the FDIC will not insure your funds in excess of the limit.**

For more information, please refer to the section of this document entitled "Details", visit [fdic.gov](http://fdic.gov) or call 877-ASK-FDIC (877-275-3342).

**Fidelity is not responsible for monitoring the amount of your Program Deposit in any Program Bank to determine whether it exceeds the limit of available FDIC insurance. You are responsible for monitoring the total amount of your assets on deposit with each Program Bank (including amounts in other accounts at the Program Bank held in the same right and legal capacity) in order to determine the extent of deposit insurance coverage available to you on those deposits, including your Program Deposit.**

Any securities held in your Account (as opposed to the Program Deposit) are investment products and as such (i) are not insured by the FDIC, (ii) carry no bank or government guarantees, and (iii) have associated risks. By investing in securities, you can lose your money, including the principal amount you invested.

Securities held at Fidelity (as well as funds held at Fidelity and not at a Program Bank) are covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC). SIPC currently protects these funds and securities up to \$500,000, including \$250,000 for claims for cash. SIPC coverage does not cover fluctuations in the market value of your investments. Your Cash Balance is only eligible for FDIC insurance once it becomes a Program Deposit held by a Program Bank. Your Cash Balance while held by Fidelity and in transit to or from a Program Bank is not FDIC-insured but is covered by SIPC. For more information regarding FDIC insurance, please consult [fdic.gov](http://fdic.gov). For more information regarding SIPC coverage, or to request the SIPC brochure, please consult [sipc.org](http://sipc.org) or call 202-371-8300.

## Relationship Between Fidelity and Others

Fidelity receives a fee from each Program Bank in connection with the operation of the Program. This fee is typically based on the average aggregate daily Program Deposits associated with IRAs and/or HSAs on deposit with the Program Bank. The fee paid to Fidelity may vary from Program Bank to Program Bank and will generally increase as the amount on deposit with the Program Bank increases. The fee paid to Fidelity by the same Program Bank in connection with the Program may be different for IRAs and HSAs. The fee paid to Fidelity by such Program Bank may also be different from that paid by the same Program Bank in connection with similar programs offered to account owners who maintain Other Accounts with Fidelity. The fee paid to Fidelity by each Program Bank may vary over time, but will never exceed a maximum annualized rate equivalent to 4% of the total of all IRA and HSA Program Deposits held at that Program Bank. For the provision of certain services in connection with the Program, including technology and accounting services and assistance in compliance with regulatory requirements, the Program Administrator will receive an annual fee from Fidelity equivalent to 0.010% of the aggregate daily balance of all Program Deposits up to a fixed cap. In addition, the Program Administrator will assist Fidelity with identifying new Program Banks to participate in the Program. For such assistance, the Program Administrator will receive a fee from Fidelity that will range from 0.010% to 0.020% of such Program Bank's Deposit Limit. Fidelity may be a customer of the Program Administrator or a Program Bank and may have other financial interactions with the Program Administrator or a Program Bank. Additionally, the Program Administrator may also be a Program Bank, in which case, Fidelity will receive the fee described above. Finally, Fidelity may in the future designate one of its affiliates as the Program Administrator or a Program Bank or both.



## Details

"Fidelity," "us," and "we" include Fidelity Brokerage Services LLC (FBS), National Financial Services LLC (NFS) and our affiliates as the context may require. "You" and "account owner" refer to the owner indicated on the account application.

### Overview

Under the Program, the Cash Balance in your Account is automatically swept into and out of an interest-bearing Program Deposit Account at one or more Program Banks with which Fidelity has contracted. The Program is part of Fidelity's IRA or HSA product offering. As described more fully below, you make the decision to utilize the Program when you open your Account with Fidelity or, if you are an existing account owner, when you elect to switch to the Sweep from a Fidelity money market mutual fund. Fidelity does not have, and will not exercise, any authority or control over your IRA or HSA either (i) with respect to the deposit of the Cash Balance in your account in the Program Deposit Account or (ii) otherwise with respect to the Program. By maintaining your Account with Fidelity, you acknowledge and agree that you make the decision to participate in the Program and that neither Fidelity nor any of its affiliates is acting as a fiduciary on behalf of your IRA or HSA with respect to any aspect of the Program. You have the ability to move your Cash Balance from the Program without penalty at any time.

The Sweep should not be viewed as a long-term investment option. If you are interested in a long-term investment option for your Cash Balances, please consider alternatives other than the Sweep that may be better suited for such a purpose.

### How the Program Works

#### *Deposits*

The Cash Balance in your Account will be automatically swept on the next business day after receipt (not including bank holidays or days on which the New York Stock Exchange is closed, such as Good Friday) into one or more Program Deposit Accounts established by Fidelity on behalf of you and other Fidelity customers who participate in the Program at the Program Banks. Starting with your Account's Primary Core Bank, Fidelity will sweep Cash Balances to the Program Deposit Account at such Bank until the total amount of your Program Deposit at that Program Bank is equal to the Maximum Deposit Limit. If, after this process is completed, there is a remaining Cash Balance in your Account, Fidelity will sweep those funds into the next available Program Bank on your Account's Program Bank List (as more fully described below) until the total amount of your Program Deposit at that Program Bank is equal to the Maximum Deposit Limit. This process will repeat itself until either (i) there is no remaining Cash Balance in your Account or (ii) a Cash Balance remains in your Account and you have Program Deposits at each available Program Bank on your Account's Program Bank List in an amount equal to the Maximum Deposit Limit, in which case the remaining Cash Balances will be swept into your Account's Primary Core Bank. **Please note that if, as a result of this process, you have Program Deposits in excess of the Maximum Deposit Limit at your Account's Primary Core Bank, it is very likely that some of those funds will not be covered by FDIC insurance.**

#### *Maximum Deposit Limit*

The Maximum Deposit Limit for IRAs will at all times be equal to 98% of the then-applicable standard maximum deposit insurance amount for an individual retirement account. The Maximum Deposit Limit for HSAs will at all times be equal to 98% of the then-applicable standard maximum deposit insurance amount for a nonretirement single ownership deposit account. For example, if the standard maximum deposit insurance amount is \$250,000, then the Maximum Deposit Limit is \$245,000.

#### *Withdrawals*

If funds are needed to cover a debit in your Account at the end of a business day (such as to cover a security purchase you made in the Account), the funds will be automatically swept out of the Program Deposit Account(s) back into your Account. Funds are swept out of the Program Banks in the same order that they are swept in, starting with the Primary Core Bank (up to the amount of your Program Deposit) and then moving to the next available Program Bank on your Account's Program Bank List (as more fully described below) until either the debit is satisfied or the total amount of your Program Deposits have been swept back into your Account. Program Deposits remaining at the Program Bank(s) will not be reallocated as part of this process. As a result, you may have less than

the Maximum Deposit Limit in Program Deposits at your Account's Primary Core Bank, but still have Program Deposits equal to the Maximum Deposit Limit at other Program Banks on your Account's Program Bank List.

### *Interest Posting*

Each month, your Account statement reflects the interest accrued on Program Deposits at each Program Bank separately. Interest accrues daily, compounds monthly, and posts to the Program Deposit Account on the last business day of each month. After being posted to the Program Deposit Account, interest payments are swept into your Account where they could create a Cash Balance. In the event that there is a Cash Balance, it will be swept into one or more Program Banks in accordance with the deposit methodology described above.

### *Changes to FDIC Insurance Limits*

If the standard maximum deposit insurance amount for an individual retirement account or a nonretirement single ownership deposit account increases or decreases, Fidelity will determine a new Maximum Deposit Limit for IRAs and/or HSAs, as applicable, as of the effective date of the change.

If the standard maximum deposit insurance amount increases and you have Program Deposits at your Account's Primary Core Bank in excess of the new Maximum Deposit Limit, then Fidelity will sweep these funds into the next available Program Bank on your Program Bank List (as more fully described below) until the total amount of your Program Deposits at that Program Bank are equal to the Maximum Deposit Limit. This process will repeat itself until either (i) you no longer have Program Deposits at your Account's Primary Core Bank in excess of the new Maximum Deposit Limit or (ii) you have Program Deposits at each available Program Bank on your Account's Program Bank List in an amount equal to the Maximum Deposit Limit, in which case any excess Program Deposits will remain at your Account's Primary Core Bank. If the standard maximum deposit insurance amount decreases, Fidelity will redistribute all your Program Deposits across all the available Program Banks in your Account's Program Bank List in accordance with the deposit methodology described above. **Please note that if you have Program Deposits in excess of the Maximum Deposit Limit at your Account's Primary Core Bank, it is very likely that some of those funds will not be covered by FDIC insurance.**

### *Evidence of Ownership*

No evidence of ownership of the Program Deposit Account, such as a passbook or certificate, will be issued to you. Instead, the Program Deposit Account will be evidenced by (i) a book entry on the account records of each Program Bank showing an omnibus Program Deposit Account as being held in the name of NFS for the benefit of you and other Fidelity customers that participate in the Program, and (ii) records of your Program Deposit from time to time in the Program Deposit Account maintained by NFS as your IRA or HSA service provider.

## Program Banks

Fidelity maintains a list of Program Banks for IRAs (the "IRA Master Program Bank List") and a different list of Program Banks for HSAs (the "HSA Master Program Bank List"), but each Master List operates in the same manner. These Master Lists may also differ from the Master List(s) used with Other Accounts. From time to time, a Program Bank may be added to or removed from either the IRA or HSA Master Program Bank List. New Program Banks will be added to the end of the Master List and existing Program Banks that are removed from the Program will be deleted from the Master List. The Master Program Bank List will not be reordered as a result of either the addition or removal of a Program Bank. If more than one Program Bank is added at any given time, the banks will be added to the end of the Master List in alphabetical order. Removing a Program Bank from either the IRA or HSA Master Program Bank List means that Fidelity has terminated its relationship with such Program Bank and the Program Bank no longer participates in the Program. If a Program Bank is removed from either the IRA or HSA Master Program Bank List, Fidelity will transfer your Program Deposit from that Program Bank into another Program Bank or Program Banks in accordance with the deposit methodology discussed above as if you had opted out of such Program Bank (as more fully described below).

Each Program Bank may accept deposits up to an aggregate deposit limit (the "Deposit Limit"), which generally caps the total amount on deposit at the Program Bank in connection with the Program as well as similar programs offered by Fidelity in connection with Other Accounts. The Deposit Limit is set by contract between Fidelity and the Program Bank.

### ***Program Bank Status***

A status is assigned to each Program Bank. This status, which may change daily, reflects the Program Bank's ability to accept Program Deposits. As a general rule, a Program Bank's ability to accept Program Deposits is unrestricted except when one of the following applies:

**Unavailable**—A Program Bank that is unable to accept additional Program Deposits because it has reached its Deposit Limit. Characterizing a Program Bank as Unavailable will not affect existing Program Deposits at the Program Bank, but new deposits will be prohibited, except in situations where: (i) the Unavailable Program Bank is the only Program Bank on the Master Program Bank List or (ii) the Unavailable Program Bank is the Primary Core Bank and every other Program Bank in the Program Bank List assigned to an Account is unavailable to take deposits because they are also Unavailable, have been Opted Out (as further defined below), or are Pending Activation (as further defined below).

**Overflow**—A Program Bank that is unable to serve as a Primary Core Bank because the total amount on deposit at the Program Bank in connection with the Program as well as in connection with similar programs offered in connection with Other Accounts is within \$50,000,000 of such Program Bank's Deposit Limit. Assigning a Program Bank an Overflow status will not affect existing Program Deposits at the Program Bank, but the Program Bank will be ineligible to serve as a Primary Core Bank except in situations where the Overflow Program Bank is the only Program Bank on the IRA or HSA Master Program Bank List.

**Pending Activation**—A Program Bank that has been added to the IRA or HSA Master Program Bank List, but is not yet available to receive Program Deposits.

**Opted Out**—The Account owner has elected not to utilize this Program Bank. While the Program Bank will remain on the Account's Program Bank List, the Program Bank is not available to receive Program Deposits. This status applies only to the Account at issue and has no impact on the Program Bank's ability to accept Program Deposits in connection with the broader Program. To opt out of a Program Bank, please call a Fidelity Representative.

### ***Program Bank List***

Program Bank Lists for IRAs and HSAs are generated each day based on either the IRA Master Program Bank List or the HSA Master Program Bank List. As a result, the Program Bank Lists for IRAs and HSAs generated on one day of the week may be different from the lists created for IRAs or HSAs on another day. Because the IRA and HSA Master Program Bank Lists may be different, the Program Bank Lists for IRAs and HSAs generated on the same day may also differ. The process utilized to generate a Program Bank List is more fully described below.

Your Account will be assigned a Program Bank List. The hierarchy of the Program Banks on your Account's Program Bank List reflects the order in which these Program Banks will be utilized in connection with your Account. The first bank on your Account's Program Bank List will be designated as your Account's Primary Core Bank.

### ***New Accounts***

During the account-opening process, as indicated on the account application, account owners may be defaulted into the Sweep and/or given the option to affirmatively elect to utilize the Sweep. Fidelity reserves the right to suspend Program availability for new IRA accounts if overall Program Deposits approach total Program Deposit capacity and Fidelity determines that the administration and operation of the Program could be jeopardized by continuing to accept new IRA customers into the Program. Total Program Deposit capacity is the sum of each participating Program Bank's Deposit Limit. If this contingency occurs and you have either been defaulted into the Sweep or elected to utilize the Sweep during IRA account opening, Fidelity will instead default your core position to the available Fidelity Money Market Fund. Existing IRA Customers already utilizing the Program will be unaffected by this default core selection override. Fidelity will notify you of such a change in core options at the time you open your account, if practicable. Otherwise, notice will be provided after account establishment.

The Program Bank List assigned to your Account will be determined based on the day your Account is established, and all accounts established that day will be assigned the same Program Bank List. The Program Bank List is generated on a rotating basis, based on the hierarchy of Program Banks set forth on the IRA or HSA Master Program Bank List. At the outset of the Program, the initial Program Bank List reflects a hierarchy of Program Banks identical to that on the applicable IRA or HSA Master Program Bank List. From that point forward, on each successive day, every Program Bank is moved up one position in the hierarchy and the Program Bank that was previously the first bank in the hierarchy is moved to the end, subject to Program Banks being added to

and removed from the IRA or HSA Master Program Bank List as described above. This progression continues until a Program Bank List hierarchy beginning with the last Program Bank on the Master List has been utilized, at which time the rotation starts over again beginning with a Program Bank List having a hierarchy of Program Banks identical to the hierarchy of Program Banks on the IRA or HSA Master Program Bank List.

The aforementioned notwithstanding, any time a Program Bank List is generated with a Primary Core Bank that has either an overflow or unavailable status, that Program Bank List will be discarded and a new Program Bank List will be generated using the methodology described above. This process will be repeated as necessary until a Program Bank List is generated for that day that has an unrestricted Program Bank listed first in the hierarchy.

Additionally, if at any time, either the IRA or HSA Master Program Bank List contains only a single Program Bank, then the process described above will not be utilized. As long as the Master Program Bank List contains only a single Program Bank, the same Program Bank List will be assigned to all Accounts. Because that Program Bank List will consist of only a single Program Bank, that Program Bank will also be the Primary Core Bank. **Please note that if this occurred and, as a result, you have Program Deposits in excess of the Maximum Deposit Limit at your Primary Core Bank, it is very likely that some of those funds will not be covered by FDIC insurance.**

The following table illustrates how new Accounts will be assigned a Program Bank List based on the methodology described above. For example, an Account opened on day 1 will receive the Program Bank List starting with "Bank A," whereas an account opened on day 3 will receive the Program Bank List starting with "Bank D." The latter is caused by the fact that "Bank B" is Unavailable, and therefore cannot serve as the Primary Core Bank. Therefore, Program Bank List 2 is discarded and Program Bank List 3 is used instead on day 2.

Example:

	Day 1		Day 2	Day 3	Day 4
Master Program Bank List	Program Bank List 1	Program Bank List 2	Program Bank List 3	Program Bank List 4	Program Bank List 1
Bank A	<b>Bank A</b>	<b>Bank B*</b>	<b>Bank C</b>	<b>Bank D</b>	<b>Bank A</b>
Bank B*	Bank B*	Bank C	Bank D	Bank A	Bank B*
Bank C	Bank C	Bank D	Bank A	Bank B*	Bank C
Bank D	Bank D	Bank A	Bank B*	Bank C	Bank D

\*Unavailable

You will receive a New Account Profile that includes the Program Bank List assigned to your Account. You will generally not be able to modify the Program Bank List assigned to your Account or select a different Program Bank List during the account-opening process. However, once your Account is established, except as otherwise described in the Fidelity Brokerage Retirement Account Customer Agreement or the Fidelity Health Savings Account Customer Agreement, you will have the ability to modify the Program Bank List assigned to your Account by opting out of one or more of the Program Banks. You may also select a different Program Bank List if one is available. To discuss this possibility, contact a Fidelity Representative.

### **Switching an Existing Account to the Sweep**

Except as otherwise described in the Fidelity Brokerage Retirement Account Customer Agreement, existing IRA account owners may generally switch the core option between the Sweep and a Fidelity money market mutual fund without restriction. Except as otherwise described in the Fidelity Health Savings Account Customer Agreement, existing HSA account owners may generally switch the core option between a Sweep and a Fidelity money market mutual fund without restriction. Existing account owners seeking more information or wishing to make a change can do so by calling a Fidelity Representative.

Except as otherwise described in the Fidelity Brokerage Retirement Account Customer Agreement or the Fidelity Health Savings Account Customer Agreement, if you elect to change your existing core account option to utilize the Sweep, you may select either the default Program Bank List assigned to new accounts established on that day or you may select another Program Bank List if one is available.

You will also receive a Revised Account Profile that includes the Program Bank List assigned to your Account. At the time you elect to change the option for your core account to the Sweep, you will not be able to modify the Program Bank List assigned to your account or select a different Program Bank List. However, once the change in your core account is effective, except as otherwise described in the Fidelity Brokerage Retirement Account Customer

Agreement or the Fidelity Health Savings Account Customer Agreement, you will have the ability to modify the Program Bank List assigned to your Account by opting out of one or more of the Program Banks. You may also select a different Program Bank List if one is available. To discuss this possibility, contact a Fidelity Representative.

### ***Existing Accounts Utilizing the Sweep***

The Program Bank List assigned to your Account is available on Fidelity.com. To access the Program Bank List, you must log in to your Account, navigate to the "Positions" page, and then click on the "FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep" link. If you have questions about a particular Program Bank's status, or need further information about the Program Bank List assigned to your Account, please contact a Fidelity Representative.

## **Changes to Program Bank Lists**

### ***Customer-Initiated Changes***

Once your Account has been established, except as otherwise described in the Fidelity Brokerage Retirement Account Customer Agreement or the Fidelity Health Savings Account Customer Agreement, you can modify the Program Bank List assigned to your Account by calling Fidelity and "opting out" of one or more Program Banks on the Program Bank List, provided, however, that you have at least one Program Bank in your Program Bank List in order to utilize the Program. By opting out of a Program Bank, you make the Program Bank inactive and ineligible or unavailable to receive Program Deposits from your Account. A Program Bank you have opted out of will still appear on the Program Bank List assigned to your Account with a designation that indicates its status. Your decision to opt out is revocable. You can call Fidelity at any time and opt back into a Program Bank, provided that the Program Bank is still participating in the Program.

You can call Fidelity at any time to request a different Program Bank List, if one is available. If you elect to utilize a different Program Bank List, and you previously opted out of one or more Program Banks, those opt out elections will carry over to your Account's new Program Bank List, provided, however, that because you may not opt out of the Primary Core Bank, if the Primary Core Bank on this new Program Bank List is one that you previously opted out of and you wish to maintain that election, you must utilize a different Program Bank List with a different Primary Core Bank.

If you opt out of one or more Program Banks and you currently have Program Deposits with these Program Banks, those Program Deposits will be treated as if they were a Cash Balance in your Account and reallocated to the remaining active Program Banks on your Account's Program Bank List in accordance with the Deposit methodology described above. Likewise, if you elect to use a different Program Bank List, all your Program Deposits will be treated as if they were a Cash Balance in your Account and reallocated to the Program Banks on this new Program Bank List in accordance with the Deposit methodology described above.

### ***Programmatic Changes***

From time to time, a Program Bank may be added to or removed from a Program Bank List. New Program Banks will be added to the end of a Program Bank List and existing Program Banks being removed will be deleted from a Program Bank List. If more than one Program Bank is added at any given time, the Banks will be added to the end of a Program Bank List in alphabetical order. A Program Bank List will not be reordered as a result of either the addition or removal of a Program Bank. If a Program Bank has been removed from a Program Bank List, that Program Bank will no longer be available to receive Program Deposits. If you have a Program Deposit with the removed Program Bank, Fidelity will transfer your Program Deposit from that Program Bank into the remaining Program Banks on your Account's Program Bank List as if you had opted out of that Program Bank. In the event that the Program Bank that is removed from the Program Bank List is your Primary Core Bank, then the next available Program Bank on your Account's Program Bank List will be designated the Primary Core Bank.

Every Account must be assigned a Program Bank List with at least one available Program Bank. If the removal of a Program Bank combined with your election to opt out of one or more Program Banks results in your Account's Program Bank List having no available Program Banks, then you direct Fidelity to (i) void your opt-out election, (ii) assign as your Account's Primary Core Bank the Program Bank on your Account's Program Bank List immediately following the Program Bank that was removed, and (iii) transfer your Program Deposit from the removed Program Bank into your Account's Primary Core Bank as if you had opted out of the removed Program Bank.

### ***Bank Status Changes***

In certain circumstances, a Program Bank that has been added to your Account will appear on your Program Bank List with a designation that indicates its status as "pending activation." A pending Program Bank will not be

available to receive Program Deposits until the pending designation is removed (generally thirty [30] days from the date the Program Bank is added to your Account's Program Bank List). However, you may elect to opt out of a pending Program Bank at any time in accordance with the process described above.

Once the status of a Program Bank changes such that it is no longer *pending*, any cash balances in the Account's Primary Core Bank in excess of the Maximum Deposit Limit will be automatically swept into the newly available Program Bank in accordance with the deposit methodology discussed above.

Likewise, if the status of a Program Bank changes such that it is no longer Unavailable or Opted Out, any cash balances in the Account's Primary Core Bank in excess of the Maximum Deposit Limit will be automatically swept into the newly unrestricted Program Bank in accordance with the deposit methodology discussed above.

You will be notified in advance, whenever possible, of a change that affects your Account. However, in extraordinary circumstances including, but not limited to, situations where a Program Bank is unable or unwilling to take additional Program Deposits, a Program Bank's participation in the Program is terminated, or a Program Bank's ongoing viability may be in question, you direct Fidelity, without providing advance notice to you, to make an intraday change to the Program Bank List that will affect the Program Banks assigned to receive Program Deposits, to limit the amount of your Cash Balance that is swept into a Program Deposit Account, or to move your Cash Balance to another Program Bank if Fidelity determines that such action is necessary to protect your funds or in the event that a Program Bank is not able or willing to take additional deposits. In the absence of an available Program Bank, you direct Fidelity to place any or all the Cash Balance in your Account into the available core position, specifically a Fidelity money market mutual fund or other available core position. Such an alternative core position may not be eligible for FDIC insurance, but may be eligible for SIPC protection. Where advance notice is not possible, you will be notified as soon as is reasonably practicable. Fidelity cannot guarantee any rate of return, including a return that is equal to or greater than your current return and you may receive a lower effective rate of return on the new core position. Fidelity may also receive different and potentially greater compensation in connection with the alternative core position than was the case with your original Program Bank. Your continued use of your Account after receiving notice of a change that affects your Account will constitute your affirmative consent to Fidelity's action. Fidelity may add an affiliated bank to the list of Program Banks in the future, including making an affiliated bank the sole available Program Bank under the Program.

**By signing the Account Application or instructing Fidelity to change your existing core position to the Sweep, you represent that you have received and read this Disclosure Statement. You further understand and consent to Fidelity changing your core position to a Fidelity money market mutual fund or another investment vehicle, should the need occur. You agree to hold Fidelity harmless for any actions that might result from such a change to your core position, including any lower or different rate of return that may be paid by the new core position.** You also direct Fidelity to liquidate your Cash Balances and terminate your participation in the Program in the event that you (i) establish a relationship with an independent third-party investment adviser who utilizes Fidelity and its affiliates for clearing and custody services and technology support, (ii) you wish to transfer or to otherwise use Fidelity's Portfolio Advisory Services, or (iii) you are deceased and your heir is establishing an inherited IRA with the proceeds from your IRA. You further acknowledge and agree to allow Fidelity to share personal information about you, including such things as your name, Social Security number or tax identification number, address, or date of birth, with certain entities that provide services to Fidelity in connection with the Program. These service providers, which include the Program Banks, will use such information solely to satisfy their own statutory or regulatory obligations, or obligations that attach to Fidelity.

#### ***Access to Your Cash Balance***

You may only access your Cash Balance through your Account. You cannot access or withdraw your Program Deposit by contacting a Program Bank directly. Your Program Deposit may also be subject to legal process such as a levy or a garnishment delivered to Fidelity.

Your Program Deposit constitutes a direct obligation of the Bank to you and is not an obligation of Fidelity. Fidelity does not guarantee in any way the financial condition of the Program Banks. Under federal banking regulations, a Program Bank may exercise its right to require seven days' prior notice before permitting Program Deposits to be swept out of the Program Deposit Account. Your interest in a Program Deposit Account is not transferable.

#### ***Deposit Accounts***

Fidelity is taking certain steps, including those outlined in this section, to help Program Banks manage the reserves that the Federal Reserve Board requires them to maintain against certain types of deposit accounts. These steps are in accordance with established banking laws, regulations, and practices.

Each Program Bank uses one of the following two deposit account structures, either: (1) a master account with two linked legally separate sub-accounts: (a) an interest-bearing transaction sub-account, which may be a Negotiable Order of Withdrawal ("NOW" account) or a Demand Deposit Account ("DDA" account), referred to herein as a "Transaction" account, and (b) an interest-bearing savings deposit account, commonly referred to as a Money Market Deposit Account ("MMDA" account); or (2) legally separate linked Transaction and MMDA accounts. Regardless of whether the Bank utilizes structure (1) or (2) noted above, the accounts will be referred to throughout this document as, respectively, the "Transaction sub-account" and the "MMDA sub-account" and collectively the "sub-accounts," and Program Deposits at the Program Bank will be held in the sub-accounts. Interest will accrue on the combined balance of both sub-accounts at the same rate. The Program Administrator will allocate your Program Deposit (and those of each other Fidelity customer that participates in the Program) between the Transaction sub-account and the MMDA sub-account on a daily basis. You will not have an individual Transaction sub-account or MMDA sub-account at the Program Bank but, rather, your Program Deposit will be aggregated with the Program Deposits of other Fidelity customers that participate in the Program. For ease of reference, however, the portion of your Program Deposit that is allocated to the Transaction sub-account is referred to as "your" Transaction sub-account and the portion of your Program Deposit that is allocated to the MMDA sub-account is referred to as "your" MMDA sub-account. The aggregated sub-accounts at a Program Bank are referred to as the "omnibus Transaction sub-account" and the "omnibus MMDA sub-account." This will allow tracking and limitation of the number of withdrawals from your MMDA sub-account and, to the extent that Fidelity elects to limit such transfers from the omnibus MMDA sub-accounts that occur during any given statement cycle, will help ensure that the total number of either type of such withdrawals does not exceed the number permitted by law.

Under applicable Federal Reserve Board regulations, your Transaction sub-account is considered to be like a "transaction account" from which an unlimited number of transfers of funds (i.e., withdrawals) may be made. While there is no limit on the number of withdrawals that may be made from your Transaction sub-account, the only withdrawals that are permitted from your Transaction sub-account under the Program are (i) transfers to your MMDA sub-account (to the extent funds in your Transaction sub-account exceed any target balances that the Program Administrator and/or Program Bank may have established for that sub-account), and (ii) transfers from the Transaction sub-account to satisfy debits in your Account.

Conversely, under Federal Reserve Board regulations, your MMDA sub-account is considered to be like a "savings account" from which generally no more than six transfers of funds may be made per statement cycle. The only type of withdrawal that is permitted directly from your MMDA sub-account under the Program is a transfer to your Transaction sub-account (to fund transfers from your Transaction sub-account to satisfy debits in your Account or to maintain any target balance that the Program Administrator and/or the Program Bank may have established for your Transaction sub-account) and/or transfers of the remaining balance of your MMDA sub-account to the omnibus Transaction sub-account at a Program Bank during any given monthly statement cycle as discussed below.

Your Program Deposit will always be credited to your Transaction sub-account. However, to maximize the amount of funds that may be held in your MMDA sub-account, the Program Administrator and/or the Program Bank may from time to time establish a target balance for your Transaction sub-account. This target balance may be changed at any time and from time to time. To the extent funds in your Transaction sub-account exceed any such target balance, the excess will be transferred to your MMDA sub-account unless the maximum number of transfers from your MMDA sub-account or the omnibus MMDA sub-account at a Program Bank for that statement cycle have already occurred.

The target balance in your Transaction sub-account may be initially set by the Program Administrator at 100%, which would result in all funds being placed and retained in your Transaction sub-account until the Program Administrator changes the target balance, resulting in use of your MMDA sub-account, as described herein, at a later time.

Sweeps of the Program Deposit to satisfy debits in your Account will be made from your Transaction sub-account. If the amount to be swept exceeds the available balance in your Transaction sub-account, funds from your MMDA sub-account will be transferred to your Transaction sub-account (up to the full balance of available funds in your MMDA sub-account) to cover the shortfall (and to replenish any target balance that the Program Administrator and/or the Program Bank may have established for your Transaction sub-account). No more than six of these transfers from your MMDA sub-account to your Transaction sub-account are permitted per monthly statement cycle. If a sixth transfer is needed, it will be for the full balance of available funds in your MMDA sub-account (but not including accrued interest). In addition, Fidelity may elect to limit the number of transfers from the

omnibus MMDA sub-account to the omnibus Transaction sub-account at a Program Bank to six per monthly statement cycle. If this limitation is imposed and a sixth such transfer is needed, it will be for the full balance of available funds in the omnibus MMDA sub-account at that Program Bank, which would result in all funds in your MMDA sub-account at that Program Bank being transferred to your Transaction sub-account and remaining there for the rest of that monthly statement cycle. In either case, at the beginning of the next monthly statement cycle, funds in your Transaction sub-account that exceed any target balance that the Program Administrator and/or Program Bank may have established for your Transaction sub-account will be transferred back to your MMDA sub-account.

Transfers between your Transaction and MMDA sub-accounts of the Program Deposit Account are managed automatically. **This process does not impact the interest rate earned on your Program Deposit and it does not affect the number of withdrawals you can make from your Account.**

### *Statements and Confirmations*

The statement for your Account will (i) indicate your balance in your core account as well as your Program Deposit balance at each Program Bank as of the last business day of each monthly statement period, (ii) detail sweeps to and from your core account during the statement period, and (iii) reflect interest accrued on Program Deposits at each Program Bank separately. This information is provided in lieu of separate confirmations for each sweep into and from a Program Deposit Account. Transfers between your MMDA and Transaction sub-accounts will not be reflected in your Account statements. Because you are responsible for monitoring the total amount of your deposits at a Program Bank (including any Program Deposit held at such Program Bank and all deposits you may make at a Program Bank outside the Program) in order to determine the extent of FDIC insurance coverage available, you should carefully consider whether any change to a Program Bank utilized for your Account has an impact on your deposit insurance coverage.

## Interest Rates

Each Program Bank that holds your Program Deposits will pay you the same rate of interest on funds in your Transaction sub-account and your MMDA sub-account.

Interest rates may vary depending on the type of Account (IRA or HSA). Program Banks may participate in the Program in connection with both IRAs and HSAs. Account owners maintaining both an IRA and an HSA may have Program Deposits at the same Program Bank as a result of utilizing the Program in connection with both Accounts and may be paid different interest rates by the same bank on each Account. The interest rate paid by a Program Bank may also be different from that paid by the same Program Bank in connection with similar programs offered to account owners who maintain Other Accounts with Fidelity.

### *IRAs*

The interest rate paid on your Program Deposit will be set and effective on each Set Point. On each Set Point, the current rates and annual percentage yields (APYs) for Program Deposits will be available at [Fidelity.com /IRACoreRates](https://www.fidelity.com/IRACoreRates) or by calling a Fidelity Representative. The foregoing notwithstanding, there is no requirement that the interest rate change on a given Set Point (i.e., interest rates may remain constant over the course of multiple Set Points). Your continued use of your Account and/or the Program after publication of the rates as described above will constitute your affirmative consent to the rate. The interest rate may change between Set Points only if the change results in a higher interest rate being paid to all customers who maintain the same type of Account (e.g., all IRAs), in which case revised rates will be published as described above.

### *HSAs*

The interest rate paid on your Program Deposit will be set and effective on each Set Point. On each Set Point, the current rates and annual percentage yields (APYs) for Program Deposits will be available at [Fidelity.com /HSACoreRates](https://www.fidelity.com/HSACoreRates) or by calling a Fidelity Representative. The foregoing notwithstanding, there is no requirement that the interest rate change on a given Set Point (i.e., interest rates may remain constant over the course of multiple Set Points). Your continued use of your Account and/or the Program after publication of the rates as described above will constitute your affirmative consent to the rate. The interest rate may change between Set Points only if the change results in a higher interest rate being paid to all customers who maintain the same type of Account (e.g., all HSAs), in which case revised rates will be published as described above.



A calendar of scheduled FOMC meetings can be found at the website of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve [<https://www.federalreserve.gov/monetarypolicy/fomccalendars.htm>].

Over any given period, the interest rates on your Program Deposits may be lower than the rate of return on similar non-FDIC-insured investments or deposit accounts offered outside of the Program, including deposit accounts held directly with a Program Bank.

Interest on your Program Deposit is accrued daily, compounded monthly, and reflected on your account statement. Interest on your Program Deposit begins to accrue on the business day those funds are received by the Program Bank, which in most instances will typically be the first business day (excluding bank holidays or days on which the New York Stock Exchange is closed, such as Good Friday) after the day those funds are posted to your Account.

To compare current rates of return between the Sweep and non-FDIC-insured options available at Fidelity, please visit [Fidelity.com/IRACoreRates](https://www.fidelity.com/IRACoreRates) for IRA rates or [Fidelity.com/HSACoreRates](https://www.fidelity.com/HSACoreRates) for HSA rates or call a Fidelity Representative.

You understand that by continuing to maintain your Account and/or continuing to utilize the Program without objecting to any change in terms and conditions, contained in this document, including a change to these interest rate tables, you are agreeing to be legally bound by such new terms and conditions. If required by applicable law, we will provide you with prior notice of changes to these terms and conditions.

## FDIC Insurance Coverage/SIPC Protection

Your Program Deposit, together with any non-Program deposits you may have at the same Program Bank, which include deposits arising in connection with similar programs offered to account owners who maintain Other Accounts with Fidelity, as well as savings and checking accounts, money market deposit accounts, and CDs issued directly to you by the Program Bank, are insured by the FDIC, an independent agency of the U.S. government, up to a standard maximum amount in accordance with the rules of the FDIC. The applicable FDIC insurance limit depends on the ownership capacity in which you hold the Program Deposit, and the relevant limit will be applied to all deposits (including Program Deposits and non-Program deposits) held in the same ownership capacity by you at the same Program Bank. Deposits held in different ownership capacities, as provided in FDIC rules, are insured separately. Single ownership accounts are insured up to \$250,000 and each co-owner's share of joint accounts is insured up to \$250,000. For retirement accounts such as IRAs, the limit is typically \$250,000. HSAs, unless they possess special features, are considered to be held in the same right and capacity as other single ownership accounts of a depositor, and are combined with such other single ownership accounts, for the purpose of applying the \$250,000 maximum limit. Special rules apply to insurance of trust deposits. **If you have both a Program Deposit and non-Program deposits at the same Program Bank held in the same right and legal capacity as your Program Deposit, you must aggregate all such deposits with your Program Deposit for purposes of determining FDIC coverage. If your total funds on deposit at a Program Bank exceed the applicable FDIC insurance limit, the FDIC will not insure your funds in excess of the limit.**

For more information, please visit [fdic.gov](https://www.fdic.gov) or call 877-ASK-FDIC (877-275-3342).

Program Deposits (principal and accrued interest) at each Program Bank are eligible for FDIC insurance up to the applicable limits. **Fidelity is not responsible for monitoring the amount of your Program Deposit in any Program Bank to determine whether it exceeds the limit of available FDIC insurance. You are responsible for monitoring the total amount of your assets on deposit with each Program Bank (including amounts in other accounts at that Program Bank held in the same right and legal capacity) in order to determine the extent of deposit insurance coverage available to you on those deposits, including your Program Deposit.**

If you expect to have total deposits at any Program Bank (including your Program Deposit and non-Program deposits) that exceed FDIC insurance coverage limits, you should carefully consider whether you should arrange for other investment options for amounts in excess of such coverage, in order to reduce your investment risk. Fidelity will not be responsible for any insured or uninsured portion of your Program Deposit. In the event that federal deposit insurance payments should become necessary, payments of FDIC-insured principal plus unpaid and accrued interest will be made to you by the FDIC. There is no specific time period during which the FDIC must make insurance payments available to you and you may experience a significant delay in accessing your Program Deposits in the event that it becomes necessary for the FDIC to make such payments. You may be required to provide certain documentation to the FDIC and Fidelity before insurance payments are made.

Any securities held in your Account (as opposed to the Program Deposit) are investment products and as such (i) are not insured by the FDIC, (ii) carry no Bank or government guarantees, and (iii) have associated risks. By investing in securities you can lose your money, including the principal amount you invested. Securities held at Fidelity (as well as funds held at Fidelity and not at a Program Bank) are covered by the SIPC. SIPC currently protects these funds and securities up to \$500,000, including \$250,000 for claims for cash. SIPC coverage does not cover fluctuations in the market value of your investments. Your Cash Balance is only eligible for FDIC insurance once it becomes a Program Deposit held by a Program Bank. Your Cash Balance while held by Fidelity and in transit to or from a Program Bank is not FDIC-insured but is covered by SIPC. For more information regarding FDIC insurance, please consult [fdic.gov](http://fdic.gov). For more information regarding SIPC coverage, or to request the SIPC brochure, please consult [sipc.org](http://sipc.org) or call 202-371-8300.

If your Cash Balance is invested in a core position other than the Sweep, such as a Fidelity money market mutual fund or other available investment vehicle, your core position will not be eligible for FDIC insurance, but may be protected by SIPC in accordance with applicable legal requirements and limitations.

## Relationship Between Fidelity and Others

Under the Program, Fidelity serves as your broker, maintains your IRA or HSA Account, and provides certain services to you in connection therewith. Fidelity Management Trust Company (FMTC) or Fidelity Personal Trust Company, FSB ("FPTC") (as the case may be depending on the type of Account) serves as the IRA or HSA Custodian of your Account. NFS, in turn, acts as agent on behalf of FMTC or FPTC (as the case may be depending on the type of Account) in establishing an interest-bearing omnibus Program Deposit Account at a Program Bank, sweeping the Cash Balance in your Account to and from the Program Deposit Account. The Program Administrator provides certain recordkeeping, technology, and consulting services to Fidelity and the Program Banks with respect to the allocation of funds between your Transaction and MMDA sub-accounts as referenced in the "Deposit Accounts" section of this Disclosure Statement.

Fidelity may be a customer of the Program Administrator or a Program Bank and may have other financial interactions with the Program Administrator or a Program Bank. Additionally, the Program Administrator may also be a Program Bank. Finally, Fidelity may in the future designate one of its affiliates as the Program Administrator or a Program Bank or both. Fees paid to Fidelity and the Program Administrator in connection with administering the Program are described below in the section entitled "Benefits to Fidelity and Others."

### *Benefits to Fidelity and Others*

Fidelity receives a fee from each Program Bank in connection with the Program that is typically based on the average aggregate daily Program Deposits held by each Program Bank. The fee paid to Fidelity will vary from Program Bank to Program Bank and will generally increase as the aggregate amount on deposit with the Program Bank increases. The fee paid to Fidelity by the same Program Bank in connection with this Program may be different for IRAs and HSAs. The fee paid to Fidelity by such Program Bank may also be different from that paid by the same Program Bank in connection with similar programs offered to account owners who maintain Other Accounts with Fidelity.

The fee paid to Fidelity by each Program Bank may vary over time and may range up to an annualized rate equivalent to 4% of all IRA and HSA Program Deposits at that Program Bank. Fidelity may from time to time reduce or waive all or a portion of the fee the Program Bank is otherwise obligated to pay. You will receive notification of any increase in the fee above 4%.

The fee paid to Fidelity by each Program Bank, which is a function of the "Rate" (as described below) and the interest rate (as described above), is established by Fidelity in accordance with Fidelity's agreement with each Program Bank. The fee is calculated by multiplying the Program Deposits (or, in some cases, all or a portion of the Program Deposits held in each of the MMDA and Transaction sub-accounts) at a Program Bank by that Bank's "Rate" and then subtracting total interest paid by the Program Bank to accounts with Program Deposits at that Program Bank. The "Interest Rates" section above describes how the interest rate is determined. The total interest paid by the Program Bank will depend in part on the number of accounts with Program Deposits at that Program Bank as well as the level of Program Deposit balances at the Program Bank. The Rate is determined by Fidelity's contract with each Program Bank, and will vary depending on the identity of the Program Bank, but will generally be tied to the Federal Funds Effective Rate (FFE) or Federal Funds Target Rate (FFT). Depending on the Program Bank, the Rate may be tiered based on the level of Program Deposits and may span a spectrum of up to 0.75% above or below FFE or FFT.

For the provision of certain services in connection with the Program, including technology and accounting services and assistance in compliance with regulatory requirements, the Program Administrator will receive an annual fee from Fidelity equivalent to 0.010% of the aggregate daily balance of all Program Deposits up to a fixed cap. In addition, the Program Administrator will assist Fidelity with identifying new Program Banks to participate in the Program. For such assistance, the Program Administrator will receive a fee from Fidelity that will range from 0.010% to 0.020% of such Program Bank's Deposit Limit. These fees may be negotiated periodically. If the Program Administrator is also a Program Bank, the fee paid to Fidelity by the Program Bank and the service fee Fidelity pays the Program Administrator are separate and distinct and unrelated to one another.

The Program Banks use Program Deposits to fund current and new lending and for investment activities. The Program Banks earn net income from the difference between the interest they pay on Program Deposits and the fees paid to Fidelity and the income they earn on loans, investments, and other assets. As noted above, the Program Banks may pay rates of interest on Program Deposits that are lower than prevailing market interest rates or rates on deposit accounts opened directly with such Program Bank.



Fidelity Brokerage Services, Member NYSE, SIPC  
900 Salem Street, Smithfield, RI 02917

## Fidelity Individual Retirement Account (IRA) Program Bank List

Customers may obtain the benefits of FDIC insurance eligibility\* in a Fidelity IRA through the FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep Program and the Program Banks listed below. Once you open and fund your IRA,<sup>1</sup> the available Cash Balance will be held on your behalf at one or more of the Program Banks assigned to your account.<sup>2</sup> Once at a bank, your Cash Balance will be eligible for FDIC insurance coverage up to the applicable limits.<sup>3</sup>

If you utilize the FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep as your core position, Fidelity will assign a Program Bank List to your account in accordance with the methodology described in the FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep Program Disclosure based upon the Master Program Bank List noted below. The banks on the list will be eligible to receive your Cash Balances. After your account is established, you will receive a New Account Profile confirming your account details, including the Program Bank List assigned to your account. If you open your account online, you will receive information about the Program Bank List that will be assigned to your account before you complete the account opening process. If the FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep Program is no longer available, then Fidelity will disregard your election and establish Fidelity Government Money Market Fund as your core position. After your account is open, you may contact us to change to another Program Bank List, if one is available. You may also select a different core position, Fidelity Government Money Market Fund (a money market fund) or Fidelity® Government Cash Reserves, at any time.

### IRA Master Program Bank List<sup>4</sup>

1. Fifth Third Bank	14. Pacific Western Bank
2. Truist Bank (formerly SunTrust Bank)	15. HSBC Bank USA
3. Union Bank, N.A.	16. Sterling National Bank
4. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	17. UMB Bank, N.A.
5. Citibank, N.A.	18. Fulton Bank, N.A.
6. Associated Bank, N.A.	19. Discover Bank
7. CIBC Bank USA (formerly The PrivateBank and Trust Company)	20. First Horizon Bank (formerly First Tennessee Bank, N.A.)
8. The Bank of New York Mellon	21. Goldman Sachs Bank USA
9. US Bank, N.A.	22. JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A.
10. Huntington National Bank	23. Santander Bank, N.A.
11. People's United Bank	24. Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A.
12. Bank of Oklahoma	25. Morgan Stanley Private Bank, N.A.
13. Citizens Bank, N.A.	

Information is current as of 05/08/2020

In certain unusual circumstances, the Master Program Bank List shown above may not be current, but up-to-date information is always available online at [Fidelity.com/IRACoreBanks](https://www.fidelity.com/IRACoreBanks), or by calling a Fidelity Representative at 800-544-6666.

Fidelity will manage the movement of money between Fidelity and the Program Banks assigned to your account; this will occur automatically whenever you make deposits, execute transactions, or withdraw money from your IRA. To learn more, please review the FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep Program Disclosures. You may call a Fidelity Representative at 800-544-6666 if you have any questions regarding the Program Banks.

*You are responsible for monitoring the total amount of your assets on deposit with a Program Bank (including amounts in other accounts at that bank held in the same right and legal capacity) in order to determine the extent of FDIC deposit insurance coverage available to you on those deposits, including your Cash Balance held at the Program Bank.*

***You could lose money by investing in a money market fund. Although the fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Fidelity Investments and its affiliates, the fund's sponsor, have no legal obligation to provide financial support to money market funds and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the fund at any time.***

Fidelity's government and U.S. Treasury money market funds will not impose a fee upon the sale of your shares, nor temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the fund's weekly liquid assets fall below 30% of its total assets because of market conditions or other factors.

\*Visit [FDIC.gov](https://www.fdic.gov) for more details regarding FDIC insurance coverage.

<sup>1</sup>The FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep core position is available with Traditional, Roth, Rollover, SEP, and SIMPLE IRAs. The core position for all Inherited IRAs can be either Fidelity Government Money Market Fund or Fidelity Government Cash Reserves.

<sup>2</sup>You may access your Cash Balance only through your Fidelity IRA. You cannot access or withdraw the Cash Balance by directly contacting the Program Bank.

<sup>3</sup>The Cash Balance in the FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep is swept to an FDIC-insured interest-bearing account at a Program Bank. The deposit at the Program Bank is not covered by SIPC. The deposit is eligible for FDIC insurance subject to FDIC insurance coverage limits. All assets of the account holder at the depository institution will generally be counted toward the aggregate limit. For more information about FDIC insurance coverage, please visit the FDIC website at [FDIC.gov](https://www.fdic.gov) or call 877-ASK-FDIC. As referenced in the *FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep Program Disclosures*, customers are responsible for monitoring their total assets at a Program Bank to determine the extent of available FDIC insurance. All FDIC insurance coverage is in accordance with FDIC rules.

<sup>4</sup>This is the current list of Program Banks to which Fidelity may elect to sweep your Cash Balance. In the event that your total assets at a Program Bank (including assets that you hold with the bank outside the FDIC-Insured Deposit Sweep Program) exceed the FDIC insurance limits, you may contact Fidelity to change to a different Program Bank List if one is available. Fidelity maintains the right to change the Program Bank List that is assigned to your account at any time. If a change is made to the Program Bank List assigned to your account, Fidelity will notify you in writing of that change through your statement or a confirmation notice. Although Fidelity cannot guarantee the financial health or stability of the Program Banks, it has made diligent efforts to select banks that are financially sound, have a good business reputation, and are in good standing with the FDIC and other bank regulatory bodies.



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